

# Raspberry Pi 5 64 Bit Benchmarks and Stress Tests

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## Summary

As indicated below, some of the benchmarks provided higher average Pi5/Pi4 performance gains than the official claim of two to three times, where individual programs or test functions were between 10 and 18 times faster. This was due to the improved CPU caching arrangements and advanced SIMD hardware and compilation facilities. Examples of compiled SIMD vector instructions are included.

The latest 5 amps power supply and active cooler were not available initially, when tests were run with no cooling fan. Then, stress tests lead to CPU temperature increasing up to 91.7°C, but the Pi 5 continued running at a lower speed with controlled CPU MHz and voltage variations, still much faster than a fan cooled Pi 4.

On the downside, my rather extreme stress tests produced a number of system crashes and disk drive reading errors. I believe that the results show that this was not associated with high temperatures but inadequate USB power was to blame. Although stress tests ran successfully using the 5 amps power supply, USB power demands of disk and solid state drives appear to be rather excessive. In this case, the system could be easily crashed by overloading. So these drives should probably only be connected via a powered hub.

Surprisingly, execution of a new stress test, with integer calculations, generated more heat than the floating point variety. The hottest occurred when handling data from L2 cache with higher power demands. Faster L1 cache based data transfers produced somewhat lower temperatures.

**Benchmarks** - Besides detailed results, Pi5/Pi4 performance comparisons are provided using older gcc8 compiled versions, also the latter with new varieties from gcc12, included in the new 64 bit Operating System software.

**Single Core CPU Tests** - comprising varieties of Whetstone, Dhrystone, Linpack 100 and Livermore Loops Classic Benchmarks. Pi 5 gains were between 2.14 and 4.65 times from 182 measurements.

**Single Core Memory Benchmarks** - measuring performance using data from caches and RAM. More than 250 Pi5/Pi4 comparisons are provided from five benchmarks, indicating a Pi 5 average gain of 3.1 times maximum 13.3 times. Pi 5 new compilation average gain was 2.6 times and maximum 10 times. High gains were due to improved caching and SIMD vector processing operations.

**MultiThreading Benchmarks** - These 8 benchmarks execute the same calculations using 1, 2, 4 and 8 threads. From 150 plus comparisons Pi5/Pi4 average/maximum gains were 3.4/18.2 times, with 1.2/5.6 times for Pi 5 gcc12/gcc8 compilations. The reasons for the high gains were improved caching and SIMD as above.

**Miscellaneous** - average Pi5/Pi4 performance gains for a series of tests were Java Whetstones 2.47 times, JavaDraw 1.98 times and OpenGL 4.0 times for 6 tests at 4 screen resolutions.

**Input/Output Benchmarks** - These measure performance of large files, small files and random access with numerous performance measurements of Gbps LAN, WiFi, large files with 64 bit OS, main SD and USB 3 FAT and Ext disk drives and 11 main and USB boot drives. Also are booting times, main and USB volts and amps power usage. First test result indicated that Pi 5 was typically 50% faster than Pi 4 handling large files on a high speed USB 3 flash drive.

**Drive Stress Test** - This writes four large files with data comprising numerous binary data patterns, reads them randomly for a specified time, then repetitively reads each different data block for a time. Eleven 15 minute tests were successfully run on the Pi 5 comprising LAN, WiFi, OS SD, 3 USB 3 flash drives and 5 disk drive partitions, plus 2 network tests from a Pi 400.

**Disk Drive Errors and System Crashes** - (Power supply issues) - Two out of three tests using 2 disk drives caused crashes one with both on a USB 3 hub, due to exceeding 900 mA USB 3 port specification. Next crash was with one drive via hub, one direct USB and a CPU stress test leading to measured main power supply exceeding the 3 amps specification. This lead to reading the wrong file and data comparison failures. Two disks on different USB 3 ports ran successfully.

**CPU Stress Tests** - Initial 3 floating point and 3 integer tests were run without fan cooling, each for 15 minutes, using 1, 2 and 4 threads, whilst recording performance, CPU MHz, volts and temperatures. All suffered from MHz throttling at temperatures up to 90°C, with measured performance deterioration less than 50%, still faster than a fan cooled Pi 4. I acquired a 4 amps power supply and repeated the test that crashed at 3 amps, this time with no failures.

**INTiHOT New Integer Stress** - This read only test produced the hottest and fastest effects, through executing continuous SIMD AND instructions. On the Pi 5, fastest, via L1 cache sized data, obtained 240 GB/second or Terabit speed of 1.92 Tbps. Via L2 cache, maximum speed was 168 GB/second with higher power consumption and Temperature. The Pi 5 was around 4.6 times faster than a Pi 4 using 1 or 2 threads, and much greater at 4 threads where the Pi 4 was unbelievably slow.

**System Stress Tests** - These were run for 30 minutes using the 4 amps power supply and included INTiHOT, disk drive and OpenGL stress tests. Initial tests ran successfully at near maximum speed with the fan but reached a CPU temperature of 91.7°C with a 40% reduction in CPU and graphics performance without the fan. The next ones included floating point and network stress tests. The no fan test ran successfully with the usual high temperature and degraded performance but, with the fan, crashed with disk drive errors again. Then a low USB voltage was recorded.

**Other Tests and Comparisons** - Tests were carried out involving Firefox, Bluetooth sound and YouTube videos. Next is Pi-5 The Vector Processor, with examples and comparing performance with 1978 to 1991 supercomputers, then Comparisons with PCs from 1991 to 2021. Results for the latter indicate that the Raspberry Pi 5 can be assumed to be 194 times faster than the Cray 1 supercomputer.

**New 5 Amps Power Supply and Active Cooler** - Graphs of temperature increases with time are provided for initial CPU only stress tests, followed by others using the new items, now all much less than the CPU MHz throttling level. Hottest was not the floating point test but the one using integer calculations with L2 cache based data. Next was a repeat of the Heavy System Stress Tests. This ran successfully twice. It was then repeated with the 4 amps power supply and failed as before but at a much lower CPU temperature, then ran without any issues at a second attempt. The strange measured power volts and amps probably indicate a marginal condition, compared to the 5 amps measurements.

**Solid State Hard Drive** - Following an earlier disastrous attempt, I repeated the last system stress test powered with 4 and 5 amps supplies on the Pi 5, providing similar performance. Then I ran the drive benchmarks where average large file write/reading speeds were around 360/400 MB/second, faster than the old hard drive. A surprise was tha the measured USB current was the relatively high 640 mA.

Introduction below or [Go To Start](#)

## Introduction

This report provides results from a wide range of benchmarks and stress tests run on the Raspberry Pi 5 during the Alpha Testing stage. and includes comparisons with the Pi 4. It follows the format of many other reports from 2014 to 2023 available from [This ResearchGate Index](#). The latter includes access to historic results, opening the opportunity to compare Pi 5 performance with computers from as far back as the pre-1960 iron age.

The new Raspberry Pi 5 features a 2.4GHz quad-core 64-bit Arm Cortex-A76 CPU, with near 64 KB L1 and 512 KB L2 caches per core, and a 2MB shared L3 cache, also a host of other enhanced features. Compared to the Raspberry Pi 4, it was claimed to have between two and three times the CPU and GPU performance, with roughly twice the memory and I/O bandwidth. Part of the reason for this is that the Pi 4 runs at 1.5 GHz with a 32 KB L1 cache and 1024 KB shared L2 cache.

The first benchmarks measure performance of a single CPU core, covering integer and floating point performance plus data transfer speeds at all memory cache and RAM levels. Then there are multi-core benchmarks of the same variety and more, plus others for Java and graphics. The stress testing programs measure performance, CPU MHz and temperatures with and without fan cooling, initially for each program then during systems tests, including all CPU cores, disk and network drives and graphics. Then there are other measurements as identified in the contents table, including comparisons with PCs and supercomputers.

All the programs save the results in log files, full details from some are included in the report. These include the following information of the system under test.

Raspberry Pi 4 Old OS

```
Architecture:      aarch64
Byte Order:        Little Endian
CPU(s):            4
On-line CPU(s) list: 0-3
Thread(s) per core: 1
Core(s) per socket: 4
Socket(s):         1
Vendor ID:         ARM
Model:             3
Model name:        Cortex-A72
Stepping:          r0p3
CPU max MHz:       1500.0000
CPU min MHz:       600.0000
BogoMIPS:          108.00
Flags:             fp asimd evtstrm crc32 cpuid
Linux raspberrypi 4.19.118-v8+ #1311 SMP PREEMPT
Mon Apr 27 14:32:38 BST 2020 aarch64 GNU/Linux
```

Raspberry Pi 5

```
Architecture:      aarch64
CPU op-mode(s):    32-bit, 64-bit
Byte Order:        Little Endian
CPU(s):            4
On-line CPU(s) list: 0-3
Vendor ID:         ARM
Model name:        Cortex-A76
Model:             1
Thread(s) per core: 1
Core(s) per cluster: 4
Socket(s):         -
Cluster(s):        1
Stepping:          r4p1
CPU(s) scaling MHz: 100%
CPU max MHz:       2400.0000
CPU min MHz:       1000.0000
BogoMIPS:          108.00
Flags:             fp asimd evtstrm aes pmull sha1
                  sha2 crc32 atomics fphp asimdhp
                  cpuid asimdrdm lrcpc dcpop asimddp
Linux raspberrypi 6.1.32-v8+ #1 SMP PREEMPT
Sat Aug 5 07:03:33 BST 2023 aarch64 GNU/Linux
```

The last count indicated that 31 different benchmarking and stress testing programs were run, producing hundreds of results included here. The devil is in the details.

Whetstone Benchmark below or [Go To Start](#)

## Whetstone Benchmark - whetstonePi64g8 and g12 Vector Versions - Whetv64SPg8 and g12, whetvDP64g8 and g12

This has a number of simple programming loops, with the overall MWIPS rating dependent on floating point calculations. with no accessing of data in L2 cache or RAM.

Results are provided for the original scalar single precision (SP) version, along with those for single and double precision (DP) varieties of the vector version, originally written for use on the first Cray 1 supercomputer delivered to the UK. For more information see [Pi 5 The Vector Processor](#) later. Examination of the time used by the different tests shows that this can be dominated by those executing such as COS and EXP functions.

Pi 5/Pi 4 comparisons are provided for the gcc 8 scalar versions, indicating performance gains between 2.44 to 2.59 times for the three (MFLOPS) floating point tests and 2.79 on overall MWIPS. Performance of the Pi 5 gcc 12 compilations were essentially identical to those from gcc 8.

Pi 5/Pi 4 vector SP and DP gcc 8 performance gains were similar between 2.34 to 3.10 times for MFLOPS and around 2.3 for MWIPS. Pi 5 SP Vector/Scalar gains are also provided, giving 5.40 to 7.86 times for MFLOPS but only 1.88 times for overall MWIPS, deflated by the COS/EXP tests. Maximum SP scalar speed was 1.36 GFLOPS with vectors at 8.08 SP and 4.0 DP.

Pi 4 GCC 8  
Whetstone Single Precision C Benchmark 64 Bit gcc 8R, Fri May 22 10:48:53 2020

Loop content	Result	MFLOPS	MOPS	Seconds
N1 floating point	-1.12475013732910156	524.251		0.076
N2 floating point	-1.12274742126464844	534.904		0.524
N3 if then else	1.00000000000000000		2978.570	0.073
N4 fixed point	12.00000000000000000		2493.078	0.264
N5 sin,cos etc.	0.49911010265350342		57.643	3.012
N6 floating point	0.99999982118606567	397.676		2.831
N7 assignments	3.00000000000000000		996.647	0.387
N8 exp,sqrt etc.	0.75110864639282227		27.327	2.841
MWIPS		2085.311		10.008

Pi 5 GCC 8  
Whetstone Single Precision C Benchmark 64 Bit gcc 8R, Thu Aug 10 15:44:50 2023

Loop content	Result	MFLOPS	MOPS	Seconds	G8 Pi5/4
N1 floating point	-1.12475013732910156	1279.196		0.087	2.44
N2 floating point	-1.12274742126464844	1364.748		0.573	2.55
N3 if then else	1.00000000000000000		7190.834	0.084	2.41
N4 fixed point	12.00000000000000000		5995.954	0.306	2.41
N5 sin,cos etc.	0.49911010265350342		154.725	3.131	2.68
N6 floating point	0.99999982118606567	1027.998		3.055	3.59
N7 assignments	3.00000000000000000		2398.668	0.449	2.41
N8 exp,sqrt etc.	0.75110864639282227		93.596	2.314	3.43
MWIPS		5822.922		9.998	2.79

Pi 5 GCC 12  
Whetstone Single Precision C Benchmark 64 Bit gcc 12, Thu Sep 28 11:46:43 2023

Loop content	Result	MFLOPS	MOPS	Seconds
N1 floating point	-1.12475013732910156	1279.140		0.088
N2 floating point	-1.12274742126464844	1364.558		0.575
N3 if then else	1.00000000000000000		3594.939	0.168
N4 fixed point	12.00000000000000000		5994.963	0.307
N5 sin,cos etc.	0.49911010265350342		157.996	3.075
N6 floating point	0.99999982118606567	1027.940		3.064
N7 assignments	3.00000000000000000		2398.054	0.450
N8 exp,sqrt etc.	0.75110864639282227		95.590	2.273
MWIPS		5839.767		10.000

##### Vector Whetstone Vecton Length 258 #####

Pi 4 GCC 8 SP  
Whetstone Vector Benchmark 64 Bit Single Precision, Wed Aug 30 10:41:57 2023

Loop content	Result	MFLOPS	MOPS	Seconds
N1 floating point	-1.13316142559051514	2338.496		0.391
N2 floating point	-1.13312149047851562	1651.957		3.877
N3 if then else	1.00000000000000000		4427.445	1.114
N4 fixed point	12.00000000000000000		1733.458	8.659
N5 sin,cos etc.	0.49998238682746887		74.913	52.923
N6 floating point	0.99999982118606567	2573.346		9.988
N7 assignments	3.00000000000000000		18596.381	0.474
N8 exp,sqrt etc.	0.75002217292785645		78.503	22.581
MWIPS		4764.843		100.007

Continued below

Continued from above - Note different single and double precision numeric results.

Pi 5 GCC 8 SP

Whetstone Vector Benchmark 64 Bit Single Precision, Sat Oct 7 10:15:16 2023

Loop content	Result	MFLOPS	MOPS	Seconds	G8 Pi5/4
N1 floating point	-1.13316142559051514	7111.676		0.290	3.04
N2 floating point	-1.13312149047851562	3857.446		3.746	2.34
N3 if then else	1.00000000000000000		10141.446	1.097	2.29
N4 fixed point	12.00000000000000000		2396.242	14.135	1.38
N5 sin,cos etc.	0.49998238682746887		177.032	50.534	2.36
N6 floating point	0.99999982118606567	7986.011		7.263	3.10
N7 assignments	3.00000000000000000		42584.598	0.467	2.29
N8 exp,sqrt etc.	0.75002217292785645		178.102	22.459	2.27
MWIPS		10753.538		99.990	2.26

Pi 5 GCC 12 SP

Whetstone Vector Benchmark gcc 12 64 Bit Single Precision, Sat Oct 7 10:46:30 2023

Loop content	Result	MFLOPS	MOPS	Seconds	Vector/ Pi 5 Scalar	
					GCC12/8	G12 Pi5
N1 floating point	-1.13316142559051514	7393.282		0.286	1.04	5.78
N2 floating point	-1.13312149047851562	7364.751		2.009	1.91	5.40
N3 if then else	1.00000000000000000		14169.053	0.804	1.40	3.94
N4 fixed point	12.00000000000000000		2398.742	14.457	1.00	0.40
N5 sin,cos etc.	0.49998238682746887		177.260	51.673	1.00	1.12
N6 floating point	0.99999982118606567	8078.622		7.351	1.91	7.86
N7 assignments	3.00000000000000000		26419.105	0.770	0.62	11.02
N8 exp,sqrt etc.	0.75002217292785645		178.359	22.961	1.00	1.87
MWIPS		10974.928		100.311	1.02	1.88

Pi 4 GCC 8 DP

Whetstone Vector Benchmark 64 Bit Double Precision, Wed Aug 30 10:48:05 2023

Loop content	Result	MFLOPS	MOPS	Seconds
N1 floating point	-1.13314558088707962	1146.624		0.709
N2 floating point	-1.13310306766606850	1094.230		5.203
N3 if then else	1.00000000000000000		4405.221	0.995
N4 fixed point	12.00000000000000000		1730.427	7.711
N5 sin,cos etc.	0.49998080312723675		73.193	48.149
N6 floating point	0.9999988868927014	1294.129		17.655
N7 assignments	3.00000000000000000		9967.123	0.785
N8 exp,sqrt etc.	0.75002006515491115		83.614	18.845
MWIPS		4233.571		100.052

Pi 5 GCC 8 DP

Whetstone Vector Benchmark 64 Bit Double Precision, Sat Oct 7 10:18:59 2023

Loop content	Result	MFLOPS	MOPS	Seconds	G8 Pi5/4
N1 floating point	-1.13314558088707962	3499.307		0.535	3.05
N2 floating point	-1.13310306766606850	2793.370		4.688	2.55
N3 if then else	1.00000000000000000		10158.471	0.993	2.31
N4 fixed point	12.00000000000000000		2396.163	12.809	1.38
N5 sin,cos etc.	0.49998080312723675		171.834	47.176	2.35
N6 floating point	0.9999988868927014	3994.760		13.156	3.09
N7 assignments	3.00000000000000000		21713.754	0.829	2.18
N8 exp,sqrt etc.	0.75002006515491115		184.857	19.607	2.21
MWIPS		9763.593		99.793	2.31

Pi 5 GCC 12 DP

Whetstone Vector Benchmark gcc 12 64 Bit Double Precision, Sat Oct 7 10:50:40 2023

Loop content	Result	MFLOPS	MOPS	Seconds
N1 floating point	-1.13314558088707962	3602.841		0.523
N2 floating point	-1.13310306766606739	3619.564		3.647
N3 if then else	1.00000000000000000		14167.623	0.718
N4 fixed point	12.00000000000000000		2398.696	12.898
N5 sin,cos etc.	0.49998080312723675		172.068	47.491
N6 floating point	0.9999988868927014	3997.801		13.252
N7 assignments	3.00000000000000000		13172.392	1.378
N8 exp,sqrt etc.	0.75002006515491115		182.557	20.014
MWIPS		9829.517		99.920

## Dhrystone Benchmark - dhrystonePi64g8 and g12

This is the most popular ARM integer benchmark, often subject to over optimisation, rated in VAX MIPS aka DMIPS.

Pi 5 GCC 8 gain over Pi 4 was 2.37 times. There was a slight gain using GCC 12, where DMIPS/MHz ratio reached 8.57.

```
Pi 4 GCC 8
Dhrystone Benchmark 2.1 64 Bit gcc8, Mon May 25 22:16:05 2020

Nanoseconds one Dhrystone run:      72.83
Dhrystones per Second:              13729822
VAX MIPS rating =                    7814.36

Numeric results were correct

Pi 5 GCC 8
Dhrystone Benchmark 2.1 64 Bit gcc8, Thu Aug 10 15:49:13 2023

Nanoseconds one Dhrystone run:      30.69
Dhrystones per Second:              32578833
VAX MIPS rating =                    18542.31   Pi 5/Pi 4 Gain 2.37

Numeric results were correct

Pi 5 GCC 12
Dhrystone Benchmark 2.1 64 Bit gcc12, Thu Sep 28 11:44:33 2023

Nanoseconds one Dhrystone run:      27.68
Dhrystones per Second:              36120831
VAX MIPS rating =                    20558.24   GCC 12/8 Gain 1.11

Numeric results were correct
```

Linpack 100 Benchmark below or [Go To Start](#)

## Linpack 100 Benchmark MFLOPS - linpackPi64g8 and g12, linpackPi64gSP, linpackPi64NEONig8

This original Linpack benchmark executes double precision arithmetic. I introduced two single precision versions, one using NEON functions to include vector processing. Performance of this benchmark can vary, with its dependence on data placement in L2 cache.

Unlike when the Pi 5 was introduced, later compilers produced code as fast as the NEON version. Now with GCC 12, The NEON variety was slower and the others produced a small gain over GCC 8 compiations. Comparisons for the latter indicated Pi 5 gains were between 3.16 and 3.54 times over the three versions. Maximum Pi 5 speeds were 6.60 GFLOPS SP and 3.93 GFLOPS DP.

```
Pi 4 GCC 8
Linpack Double Precision Unrolled Benchmark n @ 100
Optimisation 64 Bit gcc 8, Mon May 25 22:05:47 2020

Speed      1111.51 MFLOPS

Numeric results were as expected

Linpack Single Precision Unrolled Benchmark n @ 100
Optimisation 64 Bit gcc 8, Mon May 25 22:09:12 2020

Speed      1930.27 MFLOPS

Numeric results were as expected

Linpack Single Precision Benchmark n @ 100
  NEON Intrinsics 64 bit gcc 8, Mon May 25 22:11:15 2020

Speed      2030.95 MFLOPS

Numeric results were as expected

-----
Pi 5 GCC 8                                     Pi5/Pi4
Linpack Double Precision Unrolled Benchmark n @ 100
Optimisation 64 Bit gcc 8, Thu Aug 10 16:12:47 2023

Speed      3933.38 MFLOPS                                     3.54

Numeric results were as expected

Linpack Single Precision Unrolled Benchmark n @ 100
Optimisation 64 Bit gcc 8, Thu Aug 10 16:04:18 2023

Speed      6106.68 MFLOPS                                     3.16

Numeric results were as expected

Linpack Single Precision Benchmark n @ 100
  NEON Intrinsics 64 bit gcc 8, Thu Aug 10 16:13:52 2023

Speed      6603.58 MFLOPS                                     3.25

Numeric results were as expected

-----
Pi 5 GCC 12                                   GCC 12/5
Linpack Double Precision Unrolled Benchmark n @ 100
Optimisation 64 Bit gcc 12, Thu Sep 28 15:58:07 2023

Speed      4136.39 MFLOPS                                     1.05

Numeric results were as expected

Linpack Single Precision Unrolled Benchmark n @ 100
Optimisation 64 Bit gcc 12, Thu Sep 28 16:04:19 2023

Speed      6472.77 MFLOPS                                     1.06

Numeric results were as expected

Linpack Single Precision Benchmark n @ 100
  NEON Intrinsics 64 bit gcc 12, Thu Sep 28 15:49:56 2023

Speed      5665.39 MFLOPS                                     0.86

Numeric results were as expected
But 4 needed changing in program, via #define GCC12ARM64N,
to avoid unnecessary error reports.
```

Livermore Loops Benchmark below or [Go To Start](#)

Livermore Loops Benchmark MFLOPS - liverloopsPi64g8 and g12

This benchmark measures performance of 24 double precision kernels, initially used to select the latest supercomputer. The official average is geometric mean, where Cray 1 supercomputer was rated as 11.9 MFLOPS. Following are MFLOPS for the individual kernels, followed by overall scores. Although each kernel is executed for a relatively long time, performance of some can be inconsistent.

Pi 5 GCC 8 maximum speed was 9.87 DP GFLOPS, with gains over the Pi 4 between 2.14 and 4.65 over the 24 loops.

Maximum performance via GCC 12 was 10.57 DP GFLOPS, with those for all of the loops similar to GCC 8 scores.

```
Pi 4 GCC 8
Livermore Loops Benchmark 64 Bit gcc 8 via C/C++ Mon May 25 10:39:10 2020

MFLOPS for 24 loops
2108.4 936.3 959.9 965.1 382.5 808.6 2312.9 2488.4 2065.7 668.7 500.3 980.7
180.7 404.8 815.0 643.8 726.8 1189.6 449.8 397.2 1716.0 366.9 817.7 312.7

Overall Ratings
Maximum Average Geomean Harmean Minimum
2616.7 959.8 766.7 613.0 169.7

Numeric results were as expected

Pi 5 GCC 8
Livermore Loops Benchmark 64 Bit gcc 8 via C/C++ Thu Aug 10 16:14:33 2023

MFLOPS for 24 loops
7423.6 2147.9 2356.6 2472.9 911.5 1871.0 9872.3 5317.7 5162.9 2125.8 1173.2 2672.0
709.1 1108.7 2966.6 1598.5 1761.3 5526.8 1190.0 956.0 5425.1 1489.5 2147.9 858.2

Overall Ratings
Maximum Average Geomean Harmean Minimum
9872.3 2873.9 2208.3 1763.4 646.6

Numeric results were as expected

-----
GCC 8 Pi5/Pi4 Performance Ratios
For 24 loops
3.52 2.29 2.46 2.56 2.38 2.31 4.27 2.14 2.50 3.18 2.34 2.72
3.92 2.74 3.64 2.48 2.42 4.65 2.65 2.41 3.16 4.06 2.63 2.74
Min 2.14 Max 4.65

Overall Ratings
Maximum Average Geomean Harmean Minimum
3.77 2.99 2.88 2.88 3.81

-----
Pi 5 GCC 12
Livermore Loops Benchmark 64 Bit gcc 12 via C/C++ Thu Sep 28 16:38:37 2023

MFLOPS for 24 loops
7833.8 2404.6 2377.2 2346.8 913.0 1857.1 10577 5350.6 5109.2 2117.4 1186.0 2351.4
760.0 1121.2 3103.4 1597.7 1776.1 5455.9 1197.2 2490.5 5657.5 1855.7 2139.8 780.4

Overall Ratings
Maximum Average Geomean Harmean Minimum
10576.9 2964.4 2308.1 1870.7 733.9

Numeric results were as expected via #define GCC12ARMPI
```

Fast Fourier Transforms Benchmarks below or [Go To Start](#)

## Fast Fourier Transforms Benchmarks - fft1Pi64g, fft3cPi64g8 and g12

This is a real application provided by my collaborator at Compuserve Forum. There are two benchmarks. The first one is the original C program. The second is an optimised version, originally using my x86 assembly code, but translated back into C code, making use of the partitioning and (my) arrangement to optimise for burst reading from RAM. Three measurements use both single and double precision data, calculating FFT sizes between 1K and 1024K, with data from caches and RAM. Note that steps in performance levels occur at data size changes between caches, then to RAM.

Comparisons of averages of the three runs are provided. Those for FFT1 demonstrate the clear and different advantage of the Pi 5 over the Pi 4, depending on the source of the data, with that from L3 cache providing gains of up to 13.34 times and up to 4.71 times involving the larger L2 cache. Most other gains are in the two to four times range. With the faster CPU speed limited FFT3c, gains were mainly mbetween 2 and 3 times. GCC 12 over GCC 8 comparisons indicate a slight advantage of the former using data from caches, but the role reversed, dealing with RAM data transfers.

Pi 4 GCC 8

Pi 4 RPi FFT gcc 8 64 Bit Benchmark 1 Mon May 25 10:54:42 2020

Size	milliseconds					
K	Single Precision			Double Precision		
1	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05
2	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.15	0.14	0.14
4	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.39	0.38	0.44
8	0.73	0.80	0.70	0.97	1.04	0.97
16	1.98	1.87	1.79	2.66	2.52	2.83
32	4.92	4.92	5.29	5.67	4.92	4.89
64	8.80	8.69	8.67	32.21	32.23	33.31
128	49.82	49.79	50.17	161.36	159.61	159.39
256	295.55	280.43	303.20	411.97	415.90	340.34
512	506.01	601.29	572.36	781.10	779.05	782.21
1024	1375.42	1377.64	1375.77	1898.28	1876.88	1896.22

1024 Square Check Maximum Noise Average Noise

SP 9.999520e-01 3.346482e-06 4.565234e-11

DP 1.000000e+00 1.133294e-23 1.428110e-28

End at Mon May 25 10:55:00 2020

Pi 4 RPi FFT gcc 8 64 Bit Benchmark 3c.0 Mon May 25 10:56:49 2020

Size	milliseconds					
K	Single Precision			Double Precision		
1	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.03
2	0.09	0.07	0.07	0.10	0.10	0.10
4	0.23	0.20	0.20	0.23	0.26	0.23
8	0.50	0.44	0.46	0.52	0.50	0.50
16	1.21	1.19	1.05	1.23	1.17	1.19
32	2.36	2.23	2.18	3.33	3.32	3.29
64	6.16	5.70	5.31	10.20	10.20	10.18
128	16.39	15.69	15.69	24.35	24.45	24.48
256	38.70	37.46	37.40	54.57	54.65	54.59
512	83.83	80.96	81.40	119.71	118.70	119.27
1024	182.08	176.05	176.97	268.43	259.16	259.30

1024 Square Check Maximum Noise Average Noise

SP 9.999520e-01 3.346482e-06 4.565234e-11

DP 1.000000e+00 1.133294e-23 1.428110e-28

End at Mon May 25 10:56:52 2020

Pi 5 GCC 8

Pi 5 RPi FFT gcc 8 64 Bit Benchmark 1 Fri Aug 11 16:47:11 2023

Size	milliseconds						Average Pi5/Pi4	
K	Single Precision			Double Precision			SP	DP
1	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	2.20	2.51
2	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	1.98	3.81
4	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	2.64	4.71
8	0.19	0.20	0.19	0.29	0.29	0.29	3.88	3.48
16	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.65	0.67	0.78	3.35	3.82
32	1.30	1.27	1.29	1.55	1.50	1.80	3.92	3.18
64	3.18	3.00	2.99	4.16	3.90	3.91	2.85	8.17
128	7.76	7.30	7.28	14.27	14.44	13.71	6.70	11.33
256	23.23	21.27	21.40	99.92	94.38	94.97	13.34	4.04
512	157.82	152.33	173.93	329.15	321.16	323.41	3.47	2.41
1024	608.66	606.77	600.94	1069.84	1048.00	1049.41	2.27	1.79

1024 Square Check Maximum Noise Average Noise

SP 9.999520e-01 3.346482e-06 4.565234e-11

DP 1.000000e+00 1.133294e-23 1.428110e-28

End at Fri Aug 11 16:47:19 2023

Continued below

Pi 5 RPi FFT gcc 8 64 Bit Benchmark 3c.0 Fri Aug 11 16:48:27 2023

Size K	milliseconds						Average Pi5/Pi4	
	Single Precision			Double Precision			SP	DP
1	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	1.88	1.96
2	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	1.93	2.61
4	0.10	0.08	0.08	0.09	0.09	0.09	2.37	2.74
8	0.21	0.18	0.18	0.23	0.21	0.21	2.43	2.37
16	0.45	0.41	0.41	0.53	0.48	0.49	2.70	2.40
32	1.16	0.90	0.93	1.22	1.07	1.06	2.27	2.97
64	2.39	2.04	2.39	2.98	2.76	2.69	2.52	3.63
128	5.26	4.82	4.86	9.92	9.90	9.86	3.20	2.47
256	14.58	13.92	13.89	29.15	27.71	26.90	2.68	1.96
512	42.03	39.73	39.84	72.71	72.32	71.70	2.02	1.65
1024	101.56	99.35	98.31	176.62	171.45	175.48	1.79	1.50

1024 Square Check Maximum Noise Average Noise

SP 9.999520e-01 3.346482e-06 4.565234e-11

DP 1.000000e+00 1.133294e-23 1.428110e-28

End at Fri Aug 11 16:48:29 2023

Pi 5 GCC 12

RPi FFT gcc 12 64 Bit Benchmark 1 Thu Sep 28 19:10:33 2023

Size K	milliseconds						Average GCC 12/8	
	Single Precision			Double Precision			SP	DP
1	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	1.15	1.02
2	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.92	1.05
4	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	1.09	1.05
8	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.80	0.26	0.25	1.09	0.65
16	0.55	0.62	0.61	0.78	0.62	0.68	0.95	1.01
32	1.19	1.19	1.18	3.14	1.66	2.23	1.08	0.69
64	2.90	2.87	3.12	4.14	3.83	4.62	1.03	0.95
128	8.01	7.72	8.41	19.04	16.31	19.17	0.93	0.78
256	28.65	29.22	30.38	142.81	143.44	144.91	0.75	0.67
512	256.41	209.11	215.07	400.84	410.99	448.06	0.71	0.77
1024	798.30	749.85	753.61	1073.95	1075.09	1051.38	0.79	0.99

1024 Square Check Maximum Noise Average Noise

SP 9.999520e-01 3.346482e-06 4.565234e-11

DP 1.000000e+00 1.133294e-23 1.428110e-28

End at Thu Sep 28 19:10:41 2023

RPi FFT gcc 12 64 Bit Benchmark 3c.0 Thu Sep 28 19:13:51 2023

Size K	milliseconds						Average GCC 12/8	
	Single Precision			Double Precision			SP	DP
1	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	1.20	1.06
2	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	1.04	1.06
4	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	1.06	1.06
8	0.19	0.18	0.18	0.20	0.19	0.19	1.06	1.10
16	0.41	0.39	0.39	0.46	0.43	0.43	1.07	1.12
32	0.88	0.85	0.86	1.01	0.96	0.96	1.15	1.14
64	1.98	1.91	1.91	2.57	2.48	2.47	1.17	1.12
128	5.65	4.68	4.63	10.10	10.04	10.06	1.00	0.98
256	14.59	14.50	14.59	36.02	35.29	34.84	0.97	0.79
512	55.50	54.91	55.79	100.99	102.62	99.96	0.73	0.71
1024	143.39	142.49	143.22	231.27	228.44	229.17	0.70	0.76

1024 Square Check Maximum Noise Average Noise

SP 9.999520e-01 3.346482e-06 4.565234e-11

DP 1.000000e+00 1.133294e-23 1.428110e-28

End at Thu Sep 28 19:13:53 2023

BusSpeed Benchmark below or [Go To Start](#)

BusSpeed Benchmark - busspeedPi64g8 and g12

This is a read only benchmark with data from caches and RAM. The program reads one word with 32 word increments for the next one, skipping following data word by decreasing increments. finally reading all data. This shows where data is read in bursts, enabling estimates being made of bus speeds, as 16 times the speed of appropriate measurements at Inc16.

The most important ratios are from Read All, others demonstrating when all data is not being read sequentially and the Pi 5 appears to be significantly faster than the Pi 4. The main results indicate Pi 5 gains of just over twice reading data from L1 and L2 caches, but can be more than four times from L3 and more than three times from RAM. Maximum bus speed, using one CPU core, is estimated as around 14 GB/second from Inc16 also shown under Read All. See MP results for higher estimates.

Pi 5 performance produced from GCC 8 and GCC 12 compilations was essentially the same.

Pi 4 GCC 8									
BusSpeed 64 Bit gcc 8 Mon May 25 22:13:11 2020									
Reading Speed 4 Byte Words in MBytes/Second									
Memory	Inc32	Inc16	Inc8	Inc4	Inc2	Read			
KBytes	Words	Words	Words	Words	Words	All	Cache	Pi 5	
16	4898	5109	5626	5860	5879	9238	L1	L1	
32	1109	1389	2485	3804	5026	8435			
64	804	1030	2025	3285	4871	8312	L2 Shared		
128	737	951	1877	3130	4908	8556		L2	
256	732	953	1897	3147	4941	8617			
512	701	939	1766	2902	4601	8150			
1024	323	494	986	1807	3060	5553	RAM	L3 Shared	
4096	242	259	486	964	1932	3856		RAM	
16384	236	268	493	971	1939	3878			
65536	242	271	494	973	1942	3884			
End of test Mon May 25 22:13:21 2020									

Pi 5 GCC 8							P5/P4 Comparison						
BusSpeed 64 Bit gcc 8 Fri Aug 11 16:46:13 2023													
Reading Speed 4 Byte Words in MBytes/Second													
Memory	Inc32	Inc16	Inc8	Inc4	Inc2	Read	Inc32	Inc16	Inc8	Inc4	Inc2	Read	
KBytes	Words	Words	Words	Words	Words	All	Words	Words	Words	Words	Words	All	
MP-bus													
16	8300	8413	15451	17849	18151	18721	1.69	1.65	2.75	3.05	3.09	2.03	
32	9159	9235	15509	17911	18132	18721	8.26	6.65	6.24	4.71	3.61	2.22	
64	7460	7644	13739	17008	17665	18593	9.28	7.42	6.78	5.18	3.63	2.24	
128	2375	4452	7168	11555	13968	18203	3.22	4.68	3.82	3.69	2.85	2.13	
256	2375	4425	7225	11540	13964	18243	3.24	4.64	3.81	3.67	2.83	2.12	
512	1784	2980	5758	10362	13685	18203	2.54	3.17	3.26	3.57	2.97	2.23	
1024	1225	2325	4639	9336	13467	18281	3.79	4.71	4.70	5.17	4.40	3.29	
4096	656	1375	2700	5120	9599	15984	2.71	5.31	5.56	5.31	4.97	4.15	
16384	579	864	1741	3502	7020	14015	2.45	3.22	3.53	3.61	3.62	3.61	
65536	604	796	1595	3195	6351	12699	2.50	2.94	3.23	3.28	3.27	3.27	
End of test Fri Aug 11 16:46:22 2023													

Pi 5 GCC 12							Pi 5 GCC 12/8 Comparison						
BusSpeed 64 Bit gcc 12 Thu Sep 28 19:02:33 2023													
Reading Speed 4 Byte Words in MBytes/Second													
Memory	Inc32	Inc16	Inc8	Inc4	Inc2	Read	Inc32	Inc16	Inc8	Inc4	Inc2	Read	
KBytes	Words	Words	Words	Words	Words	All	Words	Words	Words	Words	Words	All	
16	8493	8509	16377	17918	18170	18733	1.02	1.01	1.06	1.00	1.00	1.00	
32	9127	9295	16478	18023	18212	18740	1.00	1.01	1.06	1.01	1.00	1.00	
64	7530	7604	14030	17241	17877	18603	1.01	0.99	1.02	1.01	1.01	1.00	
128	2375	4189	7212	11566	13961	18230	1.00	0.94	1.01	1.00	1.00	1.00	
256	2358	4275	7265	11595	13985	18274	0.99	0.97	1.01	1.00	1.00	1.00	
512	1557	2879	5524	10229	13877	18231	0.87	0.97	0.96	0.99	1.01	1.00	
1024	1225	2339	4606	9318	13902	18271	1.00	1.01	0.99	1.00	1.03	1.00	
4096	780	1387	2672	5115	9407	16053	1.19	1.01	0.99	1.00	0.98	1.00	
16384	652	880	1763	3479	7034	13979	1.13	1.02	1.01	0.99	1.00	1.00	
65536	624	801	1605	3178	6416	12800	1.03	1.01	1.01	0.99	1.01	1.01	

MemSpeed Benchmark MB/Second - memspeedPi64g8 and g12

The benchmark includes CPU speed dependent calculations using data from caches and RAM, via single and double precision floating point and integer functions. The instruction sequences used are shown in the results column titles.

When compiled with GCC 6, earlier results identified unusual slow operation dealing with 32 bit floating point and integer calculations. This looks as though the effect is to read data from RAM instead of caches, and why Pi 5 performance gains were mainly less than two times. With double precision floating point, average Pi 5 gains were around four times for the first two sets of calculations, including more that 10 times with L3 cache involvement.

The GCC 12 compilation appears to have corrected the above misoperations, providing gains of more than eight times over GCC 8. These calculations also show slight improvements in double precision calculations. Maximum calculated speeds are provided, indicating 15.3 single core GFLOPS SP and 6.86 DP, the relationship expected using SIMD calculations. The tests also confirmed this with the near 6.4 GFLOPS/GHz SP and near half that DP. This performance was obtained using data from L1 and L2 caches with almost that from L3 cache.

Pi 4 GCC 8

Memory Reading Speed Test 64 Bit gcc 8 by Roy Longbottom

Start of test Mon May 25 22:23:53 2020

Memory KBytes Used	x[m]=x[m]+s*y[m] Int+			x[m]=x[m]+y[m]			x[m]=y[m]		
	Dble	Sngl	Int32	Dble	Sngl	Int32	Dble	Sngl	Int32
	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S
8	15531	3999	3957	15576	4387	4358	11629	9313	9314
16	15717	3992	3922	15770	4355	4377	11799	9444	9446
32	12020	3818	3814	12043	4179	4198	11549	9496	9497
64	12228	3816	3887	12220	4166	4195	8935	8506	8506
128	12265	3869	3941	12157	4182	4206	8080	8193	8196
256	12230	3873	3932	12073	4199	4216	8129	8224	8223
512	9731	3832	3902	9709	4150	4171	8029	7845	7865
1024	3772	3682	3769	3467	3887	3920	5478	5543	5378
2048	1896	3463	3496	1886	3616	3612	2937	2945	2923
4096	1924	3520	3528	1933	3651	3394	2752	2796	2785
8192	1996	3523	3555	1988	3643	3630	2668	2661	2663

End of test Mon May 25 22:24:10 2020

Pi 5 GCC 8

Memory Reading Speed Test 64 Bit gcc 8 by Roy Longbottom

Start of test Fri Aug 11 16:34:06 2023

Memory KBytes Used	x[m]=x[m]+s*y[m] Int+			x[m]=x[m]+y[m]			x[m]=y[m]		
	Dble	Sngl	Int32	Dble	Sngl	Int32	Dble	Sngl	Int32
	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S
8	50862	6851	6746	50686	7193	7490	37629	18595	25168
16	51032	6820	6717	51024	7164	7468	38002	18888	24946
32	49985	6814	6676	50568	7150	7446	37609	18972	25259
64	50868	6857	6656	50864	7168	7411	37799	19114	25426
128	32618	6797	6670	32666	7142	7278	35466	19143	25439
256	32540	6788	6640	32744	7183	7278	34821	19144	25360
512	26949	6786	6668	30112	7155	7246	33493	14598	16816
1024	25094	6719	6645	19272	6821	7206	21805	17292	22671
2048	20586	6365	6586	19261	6887	7172	4740	4662	13673
4096	5004	6680	6710	4963	6776	6249	7938	8990	8797
8192	3229	5589	4662	3205	6496	6573	6654	6719	4613

End of test Fri Aug 11 16:34:22 2023

P5/P4 Comparison

Memory KBytes Used	x[m]=x[m]+s*y[m] Int+			x[m]=x[m]+y[m]			x[m]=y[m]		
	Dble	Sngl	Int32	Dble	Sngl	Int32	Dble	Sngl	Int32
	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S
8	3.27	1.71	1.70	3.25	1.64	1.72	3.24	2.00	2.70
16	3.25	1.71	1.71	3.24	1.65	1.71	3.22	2.00	2.64
32	4.16	1.78	1.75	4.20	1.71	1.77	3.26	2.00	2.66
64	4.16	1.80	1.71	4.16	1.72	1.77	4.23	2.25	2.99
128	2.66	1.76	1.69	2.69	1.71	1.73	4.39	2.34	3.10
256	2.66	1.75	1.69	2.71	1.71	1.73	4.28	2.33	3.08
512	2.77	1.77	1.71	3.10	1.72	1.74	4.17	1.86	2.14
1024	6.65	1.82	1.76	5.56	1.75	1.84	3.98	3.12	4.22
2048	10.86	1.84	1.88	10.21	1.90	1.99	1.61	1.58	4.68
4096	2.60	1.90	1.90	2.57	1.86	1.84	2.88	3.22	3.16
8192	1.62	1.59	1.31	1.61	1.78	1.81	2.49	2.52	1.73

Continued below

Pi 5 GCC 12

Memory Reading Speed Test 64 Bit gcc 12 by Roy Longbottom

Start of test Thu Sep 28 18:54:28 2023

Memory KBytes Used	x[m]=x[m]+s*y[m] Int+			x[m]=x[m]+y[m]			x[m]=y[m]		
	Dble	Sngl	Int32	Dble	Sngl	Int32	Dble	Sngl	Int32
	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S
8	54902	61264	65610	55241	65554	63848	37768	25475	25486
16	54803	60539	64671	55169	64700	64750	38078	24891	24891
32	51859	60967	64278	52558	65247	65275	37520	25234	25234
64	52597	61169	65523	52485	65514	65523	37945	25408	25402
128	33580	60278	63742	33647	63692	62897	37218	25370	25457
256	33724	60317	63873	33711	63840	63865	35555	25371	25375
512	33522	59194	63298	33502	63259	63175	35909	25459	25451
1024	32078	57946	60718	31576	60680	59199	26110	22319	23059
2048	29249	55376	57648	29028	57558	57290	16245	18242	19514
4096	4508	11981	11906	4864	11894	9313	10254	10529	10668
8192	3175	6507	6150	3178	6441	6499	6678	6904	6364
Max MFLOPS	6862	15316							

End of test Thu Sep 28 18:54:43 2023

Pi 5 GCC 12/8

Memory KBytes Used	x[m]=x[m]+s*y[m] Int+			x[m]=x[m]+y[m]			x[m]=y[m]		
	Dble	Sngl	Int32	Dble	Sngl	Int32	Dble	Sngl	Int32
	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S	MB/S
8	1.08	8.94	9.73	1.09	9.11	8.52	1.00	1.37	1.01
16	1.07	8.88	9.63	1.08	9.03	8.67	1.00	1.32	1.00
32	1.04	8.95	9.63	1.04	9.13	8.77	1.00	1.33	1.00
64	1.03	8.92	9.84	1.03	9.14	8.84	1.00	1.33	1.00
128	1.03	8.87	9.56	1.03	8.92	8.64	1.05	1.33	1.00
256	1.04	8.89	9.62	1.03	8.89	8.78	1.02	1.33	1.00
512	1.24	8.72	9.49	1.11	8.84	8.72	1.07	1.74	1.51
1024	1.28	8.62	9.14	1.64	8.90	8.22	1.20	1.29	1.02
2048	1.42	8.70	8.75	1.51	8.36	7.99	3.43	3.91	1.43
4096	0.90	1.79	1.77	0.98	1.76	1.49	1.29	1.17	1.21
8192	0.98	1.16	1.32	0.99	0.99	0.99	1.00	1.03	1.38

NeonSpeed Benchmark below or [Go To Start](#)

NeonSpeed Benchmark MB/Second - NeonSpeedPi64g8 and g12

This carries out some of the same calculations as MemSpeed. All results are for 32 bit floating point and integer calculations. Norm functions were as generated by the compiler and NEON through using intrinsic functions.

The initial GCC 8 test functions produced the same irregular results as MemSpeed first "Normal Float and Int" calculations that appear to only read RAM based data. Performance from NEON code indicated that the Pi 5 was typically 2.5 times faster than the Pi 4, using cache based data, and 1.5 times from RAM. Exceptions were gains of up to 7.9 times using L3 cache and nearly 4.8 from lower level caches.

The GCC 12 compiler produced acceptable "Normal" performance on the Pi 5, reflected by gains of up to more than ten times over GCC 8 results. This compiler is also shown to provide faster operation than that from NEON functions. Many of the latter show 20% improvements but some were slower. Maximum floating point speed demonstrated was nearly 17 GFLOPS.

Pi 4 GCC 8						
NEON Speed 64 Bit gcc 8 Mon May 25 22:21:51 2020						
Vector Reading Speed in MBytes/Second						
Memory	Float	v=v+s*v	Int	v=v+v+s	Neon	v=v+v
KBytes	Norm	Neon	Norm	Neon	Float	Int
16	3629	14987	3925	13643	14457	16642
32	3475	10933	3821	9970	11029	11055
64	3447	11749	3845	11098	11802	12079
128	3332	11392	3912	10813	11430	11513
256	3325	11565	3926	10981	11598	11699
512	3313	10553	3917	10269	10755	10740
1024	3239	3331	3737	3291	3302	3321
4096	2987	1888	3331	1777	1881	1878
16384	3150	1821	3347	1814	1812	1834
65536	2747	1954	3132	2017	1904	2021
Max						
MFLOPS	3747					

End of test Mon May 25 22:22:11 2020

Pi 5 GCC 8

NEON Speed 64 Bit gcc 8 Fri Aug 11 16:44:52 2023

P5/P4 Comparison

Vector Reading Speed in MBytes/Second												
Memory	Float	v=v+s*v	Int	v=v+v+s	Neon	v=v+v	Float	v=v+s*v	Int	v=v+v+s	Neon	v=v+v
KBytes	Norm	Neon	Norm	Neon	Float	Int	Norm	Neon	Norm	Neon	Float	Int
16	6745	46851	6968	44490	46849	46847	1.86	3.13	1.78	3.26	3.24	2.81
32	6727	47104	6947	44618	47061	47056	1.94	4.31	1.82	4.48	4.27	4.26
64	6703	46642	6962	44166	47040	46955	1.94	3.97	1.81	3.98	3.99	3.89
128	6587	27383	6840	27199	27404	27398	1.98	2.40	1.75	2.52	2.40	2.38
256	6579	27491	6857	27299	27509	27509	1.98	2.38	1.75	2.49	2.37	2.35
512	6571	27433	6862	26599	24237	26163	1.98	2.60	1.75	2.59	2.25	2.44
1024	6531	26340	6756	25226	24597	24527	2.02	7.91	1.81	7.67	7.45	7.39
4096	6414	9410	6505	9986	9474	8835	2.15	4.98	1.95	5.62	5.04	4.70
16384	5690	2850	5501	2830	2865	2488	1.81	1.57	1.64	1.56	1.58	1.36
65536	4837	2534	4736	2458	2401	2450	1.76	1.30	1.51	1.22	1.26	1.21
Max												
MFLOPS	11776											

End of test Fri Aug 11 16:45:12 2023

Pi 5 GCC 12

NEON Speed 64 Bit gcc 12 Thu Sep 28 18:57:35

Pi 5 GCC 12/8

Vector Reading Speed in MBytes/Second												
Memory	Float	v=v+s*v	Int	v=v+v+s	Neon	v=v+v	Float	v=v+s*v	Int	v=v+v+s	Neon	v=v+v
KBytes	Norm	Neon	Norm	Neon	Float	Int	Norm	Neon	Norm	Neon	Float	Int
16	67042	45164	67037	45358	54228	54166	9.94	0.96	9.62	1.02	1.16	1.16
32	67631	45190	67621	45415	53833	53675	10.05	0.96	9.73	1.02	1.14	1.14
64	67812	44856	67491	45171	52338	51321	10.12	0.96	9.69	1.02	1.11	1.09
128	62779	33147	64360	33074	33619	33458	9.53	1.21	9.41	1.22	1.23	1.22
256	64352	33405	64803	33187	33699	33719	9.78	1.22	9.45	1.22	1.23	1.23
512	61159	33171	61798	32263	33178	28319	9.31	1.21	9.01	1.21	1.37	1.08
1024	58937	32149	57732	31639	32219	32108	9.02	1.22	8.55	1.25	1.31	1.31
4096	9215	2639	7168	3800	3823	3776	1.44	0.28	1.10	0.38	0.40	0.43
16384	5546	2830	5592	2772	2753	2503	0.97	0.99	1.02	0.98	0.96	1.01
65536	4633	2445	4196	1922	2196	2294	0.96	0.96	0.89	0.78	0.91	0.94
Max												
MFLOPS	16953											

MultiThreading Benchmarks

Most of the multithreading benchmarks execute the same calculations using 1, 2, 4 and 8 threads. One of them, MP-MFLOPS, is available in two different versions, using standard compiled "C" code for single and double precision arithmetic. A further version uses NEON intrinsic functions. Another variety uses OpenMP procedures for automatic parallelism.

MP-Whetstone Benchmark - MP-WHETSPi64g8 and g12

Multiple threads each run the eight test functions at the same time, but with some dedicated variables. Measured speed is based on the last thread to finish. Performance was generally proportional to the number of cores used. Overall seconds indicates MP efficiency, with around 5 seconds for 1, 2 and 4 threads, doubling with 8.

The Pi 5 CPU temperature reached 80.7°C within the 26 second testing time. Pi5/Pi4 4 thread performance ratios were between 2.22 and 3.43.

Performance of all GCC 8 compilations were essentially the same as those from GCC 12.

Pi 4 GCC 8  
MP-Whetstone Benchmark 64 Bit gcc 8 Mon May 25 10:18:21 2020

	MWIPS	MFLOPS			Cos MOPS	Exp MOPS	Fixpt MOPS	If MOPS	Equal MOPS
		1	2	3					
1T	2146.7	530.1	530.1	397.2	60.5	27.3	7451.7	2240.2	998.1
2T	4290.4	1056.0	1055.3	794.0	120.9	54.7	14859.4	4488.5	1995.2
4T	8583.9	2115.8	2113.4	1590.5	241.8	109.3	29265.9	8940.7	3984.5
8T	8806.6	2676.0	2140.1	1627.3	244.8	113.0	37995.0	11565.4	4097.5

Overall Seconds    5.00 1T,    5.01 2T,    5.02 4T,    10.10 8T

All calculations produced consistent numeric results

Pi 5 GCC 8  
MP-Whetstone Benchmark 64 Bit gcc 8 Mon Aug 14 10:09:58 2023

	MWIPS	MFLOPS			Cos MOPS	Exp MOPS	Fixpt MOPS	If MOPS	Equal MOPS
		1	2	3					
1T	6138.4	1278.2	1278.2	1020.4	174.1	94.8	17273.2	7033.6	2394.9
2T	12198.6	2542.8	2549.5	2029.7	344.4	188.4	35246.9	14307.3	4794.1
4T	24008.3	5013.1	4683.8	4045.3	674.5	374.4	69938.6	28558.3	9381.9
8T	24768.0	5170.6	5867.3	4080.9	693.9	385.9	74272.7	30002.8	9478.1

Overall Seconds    5.00 1T,    5.04 2T,    5.22 4T,    10.37 8T

All calculations produced consistent numeric results

P5/P4 Comparison

1T	2.86	2.41	2.41	2.57	2.88	3.47	2.32	3.14	2.40
2T	2.84	2.41	2.42	2.56	2.85	3.44	2.37	3.19	2.40
4T	2.80	2.37	2.22	2.54	2.79	3.43	2.39	3.19	2.35
8T	2.81	1.93	2.74	2.51	2.83	3.42	1.95	2.59	2.31

Pi 5 GCC 12  
MP-Whetstone Benchmark 64 Bit gcc 12 Thu Sep 28 21:58:24 2023

	MWIPS	MFLOPS			Cos MOPS	Exp MOPS	Fixpt MOPS	If MOPS	Equal MOPS
		1	2	3					
1T	6180.4	1279.0	1273.5	1028.0	173.8	96.7	17586.5	7187.4	2396.5
2T	12353.4	2550.4	2556.9	2049.9	347.7	193.3	35875.6	14220.6	4796.8
4T	24647.0	5100.9	5078.2	4106.7	695.5	385.9	63256.4	28609.7	9549.0
8T	25053.6	5121.0	5293.6	4174.6	706.8	386.4	78259.8	31001.5	9658.4

Overall Seconds    5.00 1T,    5.01 2T,    5.06 4T,    10.10 8T

Pi 5 GCC 12/8

1T	1.01	1.00	1.00	1.01	1.00	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.00
2T	1.01	1.00	1.00	1.01	1.01	1.03	1.02	0.99	1.00
4T	1.03	1.02	1.08	1.02	1.03	1.03	0.90	1.00	1.02
8T	1.01	0.99	0.90	1.02	1.02	1.00	1.05	1.03	1.02

**MP-Dhrystone Benchmark - MP-DHRYPi64g8 and g12**

This executes multiple copies of the same program, but with some shared data, leading to unacceptable multithreaded performance. Results are in VAX MIPS aka DMIPS.

Using the GCC 8 version, the Pi 5 performance was 2.27 times faster than the Pi 4, achieving 7.67 DMIPS/MHz. The GCC 12 compilation was slightly faster than the former, running on the Pi 5.

Pi 4 GCC 8  
MP-Dhrystone Benchmark 64 Bit gcc 8 Tue May 26 11:41:49 2020

Using 1, 2, 4 and 8 Threads

Threads	1	2	4	8
Seconds	0.55	1.08	2.15	4.3
Dhrystones per Second	1.5E+07	1.5E+07	1.5E+07	1.5E+07
VAX MIPS rating	8271	8419	8478	8465

Internal pass count correct all threads

End of test Tue May 26 11:41:57 2020

Pi 5 GCC 8  
MP-Dhrystone Benchmark 64 Bit gcc 8 Mon Aug 14 10:16:15 2023

Using 1, 2, 4 and 8 Threads

Threads	1	2	4	8	
Seconds	0.62	1.88	4.18	8.45	Pi5/Pi4
Dhrystones per Second	3.2E+07	2.1E+07	1.9E+07	1.9E+07	
VAX MIPS rating	18415	12137	10899	10771	2.27

Internal pass count correct all threads

End of test Mon Aug 14 10:16:31 2023

Pi 5 GCC 12  
MP-Dhrystone Benchmark 64 Bit gcc 12 Thu Sep 28 22:03:10 2023

Using 1, 2, 4 and 8 Threads

Threads	1	2	4	8	
Seconds	0.57	1.95	4.31	8.70	Pi 5 GCC 12/8
Dhrystones per Second	35046385	20477300	18570390	18398880	
VAX MIPS rating	19947	11655	10569	10472	1.08

Internal pass count correct all threads

End of test Thu Sep 28 22:03:26 2023

MP SP NEON Linpack Benchmark next or [Go To Start](#)

## MP SP NEON Linpack Benchmark - linpackMPNeonPi64g8 and g12

This was produced to show that the original Linpack benchmark was completely unsuitable for benchmarking multiple CPUs or cores, and this is reflected in the results. The program uses NEON intrinsic functions, with increasing data sizes. Single core performance ratios are provided below for the three different memory array sizes that use N x N x 4 bytes or 40 KB, 1 MB and 4 MB. The three Pi 5/Pi 4 performance ratios were 2.94, 5.24, and 4.13 times. Maximum single core speed was 6.85 GFLOPS.

Two out of three of the new GCC 12 compilations produced slower performance on the Pi 5 and completely different numeric sumchecks.

```
Pi 4 GCC 8
Linpack Single Precision MultiThreaded Benchmark
NEON Intrinsics 64 Bit gcc 8, Tue May 26 11:43:46 2020
```

MFLOPS 0 to 4 Threads, N 100, 500, 1000

Threads	None	1	2	4
N 100	2167.70	91.82	89.65	89.96
N 500	1438.27	644.85	635.89	635.33
N 1000	394.99	376.97	383.92	384.19

NR=norm resid RE=resid MA=machep X0=x[0]-1 XN=x[n-1]-1

N	100	500	1000
NR	1.97	5.40	13.51
RE	4.69621336e-05	6.44138840e-04	3.22485110e-03
MA	1.19209290e-07	1.19209290e-07	1.19209290e-07
X0	-1.31130219e-05	5.79357147e-05	-3.08930874e-04
XN	-1.30534172e-05	3.51667404e-05	1.90019608e-04

Thread

0 - 4 Same Results Same Results Same Results

```
Pi 5 GCC 8
Linpack Single Precision MultiThreaded Benchmark
NEON Intrinsics 64 Bit gcc 8, Mon Aug 14 10:22:53 2023
```

MFLOPS 0 to 4 Threads, N 100, 500, 1000

Threads	None	1	2	4	Pi5/Pi4
N 100	6375.62	154.59	151.48	150.82	2.94
N 500	7536.07	2250.75	2263.15	2222.61	5.24
N 1000	1631.94	1452.80	1401.29	1298.10	4.13

NR=norm resid RE=resid MA=machep X0=x[0]-1 XN=x[n-1]-1

N	100	500	1000
NR	1.97	5.40	13.51
RE	4.69621336e-05	6.44138840e-04	3.22485110e-03
MA	1.19209290e-07	1.19209290e-07	1.19209290e-07
X0	-1.31130219e-05	5.79357147e-05	-3.08930874e-04
XN	-1.30534172e-05	3.51667404e-05	1.90019608e-04

Thread

0 - 4 Same Results Same Results Same Results

```
Pi 5 GCC 12
Linpack Single Precision MultiThreaded Benchmark
NEON Intrinsics 64 Bit gcc 12, Thu Sep 28 22:05:37 2023
```

MFLOPS 0 to 4 Threads, N 100, 500, 1000

Threads	None	1	2	4	Pi 5 GCC 12/8
N 100	5461.61	169.27	176.25	174.14	0.86
N 500	6853.70	2538.16	2554.26	2562.31	0.91
N 1000	1741.83	1486.68	1493.84	1501.34	1.07

NR=norm resid RE=resid MA=machep X0=x[0]-1 XN=x[n-1]-1

N	100	500	1000
NR	2.17	5.42	9.50
RE	5.16722466e-05	6.46698638e-04	2.26586126e-03
MA	1.19209290e-07	1.19209290e-07	1.19209290e-07
X0	-2.38418579e-07	-5.54323196e-05	-1.26898289e-04
XN	-5.06639481e-06	-4.70876694e-06	1.41978264e-04

Thread

0 - 4 Same Results Same Results Same Results

## MP BusSpeed (read only) Benchmark - MP-BusSpd2Pi64g8 and g12

For further details see the single core [BusSpeed Benchmark](#) that obtains the same order of GCC 8 results as the single thread of this MP version. For the latter, each thread exercises a dedicated segment of the data, circulated on a round robin basis, reading all data every pass.

Considering the most important GCC 8 Rdall tests, Pi5/Pi4 performance gains mainly approached three times for cache based data but multithreaded application showed gains up to 9.47 times. Highest gains of up to 18.17 times were in other areas. The high gains are due to improved caching on a read only basis.

The early Pi 4 GCC 12/8 comparisons indicated similar performance but increased progressively as more data was being read, reaching up to more than five times on RdAll. Here, single thread data transfer speeds reached nearly 68 GB/second and 4 thread up to 150 GB/second. This lead to me writing a new program [New INTitHOT Integer Stress Test](#), where it is shown that GCC 12 produced highly efficient SIMD vector instructions.

Pi 4 GCC 8  
MP-BusSpd 64 Bit gcc 8 Tue May 26 11:51:30 2020

MB/Second Reading Data, 1, 2, 4 and 8 Threads

	KB	Inc32	Inc16	Inc8	Inc4	Inc2	RdAll
12.3		5168	5542	5641	4205	4095	4230
2T	8968	10728	10161	8110	8058	8368	
4T	7874	13255	15586	13641	15485	16533	
8T	8186	13386	15239	13469	14431	16372	
122.9		598	927	1876	2792	3746	4059
2T	514	719	1538	4846	7596	8083	
4T	486	933	2060	4126	8175	13690	
8T	483	937	2059	4160	8166	13817	
12288		224	257	488	964	1933	3579
2T	219	427	889	1832	3493	5371	
4T	280	353	562	859	2168	3286	
8T	229	230	527	1075	1880	4480	

No Errors Found

End of test Tue May 26 11:51:43 2020

Pi 5 GCC 8  
MP-BusSpd 64 Bit gcc 8 Mon Aug 14 10:37:37 2023

Pi 5/4 GCC 8

MB/Second Reading Data, 1, 2, 4 and 8 Threads

	KB	Inc32	Inc16	Inc8	Inc4	Inc2	RdAll	Inc32	Inc16	Inc8	Inc4	Inc2	RdAll
12.3		9289	9450	15464	12578	12443	12073	1.80	1.71	2.74	2.99	3.04	2.85
2T	11465	15018	23403	20058	22357	22997	1.28	1.40	2.30	2.47	2.77	2.75	
4T	8757	11343	21200	26582	32854	42575	1.11	0.86	1.36	1.95	2.12	2.58	
8T	9036	8602	11448	17821	26795	30949	1.10	0.64	0.75	1.32	1.86	1.89	
122.9		2358	4293	7257	11306	11657	11609	3.94	4.63	3.87	4.05	3.11	2.86
2T	4466	7819	13844	21220	23109	23119	8.69	10.87	9.00	4.38	3.04	2.86	
4T	8831	14835	20781	42375	45809	44669	18.17	15.90	10.09	10.27	5.60	3.26	
8T	7011	11818	19792	34990	39720	43742	14.52	12.61	9.61	8.41	4.86	3.17	
12288		654	884	1585	3502	7243	10088	2.92	3.44	3.25	3.63	3.75	2.82
2T	726	743	1303	3454	7723	18286	3.32	1.74	1.47	1.89	2.21	3.40	
4T	735	1551	1405	5166	10906	31106	2.63	4.39	2.50	6.01	5.03	9.47	
8T	771	933	1486	3197	9182	18377	3.37	4.06	2.82	2.97	4.88	4.10	

No Errors Found

End of test Mon Aug 14 10:37:49 2023

Pi 5 GCC 12  
MP-BusSpd 64 Bit gcc 12 Thu Sep 28 22:11:28 2023

Pi 5 GCC 12/8

MB/Second Reading Data, 1, 2, 4 and 8 Threads

	KB	Inc32	Inc16	Inc8	Inc4	Inc2	RdAll	Inc32	Inc16	Inc8	Inc4	Inc2	RdAll
12.3		9444	9504	16195	17543	27434	67773	1.02	1.01	1.05	1.39	2.20	5.61
2T	10884	14542	23738	28964	38304	92983	0.95	0.97	1.01	1.44	1.71	4.04	
4T	10566	11790	21233	28439	44074	91129	1.21	1.04	1.00	1.07	1.34	2.14	
8T	8657	10289	12122	19920	30038	45788	0.96	1.20	1.06	1.12	1.12	1.48	
122.9		2380	4359	7261	11627	20970	44300	1.01	1.02	1.00	1.03	1.80	3.82
2T	4586	7699	13845	22597	40901	73723	1.03	0.98	1.00	1.06	1.77	3.19	
4T	5469	10629	24698	38945	69318	150304	0.62	0.72	1.19	0.92	1.51	3.36	
8T	6902	11176	19387	36720	64760	144651	0.98	0.95	0.98	1.05	1.63	3.31	
12288		632	806	1838	3628	7366	13161	0.97	0.91	1.16	1.04	1.02	1.30
2T	961	711	1520	3527	5546	13012	1.32	0.96	1.17	1.02	0.72	0.71	
4T	670	1566	3062	5403	13675	19563	0.91	1.01	2.18	1.05	1.25	0.63	
8T	726	1117	2322	4747	9371	17111	0.94	1.20	1.56	1.48	1.02	0.93	

MP RandMem Benchmark below or [Go To Start](#)

## MP RandMem Benchmark - MP-RandMemPi64g8 and g12

The benchmark uses the same complex indexing for serial and random access, with separate read only and read/write tests. The performance patterns were as expected. Random access is dependent on the impact of burst reading and writing, producing those slow speeds. Read only performance increased, as expected, relative to the thread count, with that for read/write remaining constant at particular data size, probably due to write back to shared data space.

Again the new PI 5 caching arrangement produced high performance gains over the Pi 4, via GCC 8 compilations. In this case they were between 4 and 18 times. Others were between 2 and 3 times for cached based data and half that from RAM.

Performance from the GCC 12 version was little different to that from GCC 8.

Pi 4 GCC 8  
MP-RandMem 64 Bit gcc 8 Tue May 26 11:53:37 2020

	MB/Second	Using 1,	2,	4	and 8 Threads
	KB	SerRD	SerRW	RndRD	RndRW
12.3	1T	5945	7898	5948	7895
	2T	11913	7937	11905	7929
	4T	23601	7875	23385	7867
	8T	23139	7777	23016	7770
122.9	1T	5785	7090	2026	1977
	2T	10941	7074	1654	1968
	4T	10364	7052	1854	1970
	8T	10256	7031	1844	1973
12288	1T	3861	1244	180	169
	2T	3793	1242	220	171
	4T	3941	1100	343	170
	8T	4065	1247	351	171
No Errors Found					
End of test Tue May 26 11:54:20 2020					

Pi 4 GCC 8  
MP-RandMem 64 Bit gcc 8 Mon Aug 14 10:45:21 2023

Pi 5/4 GCC 8

	MB/Second	Using 1,	2,	4	and 8 Threads				
	KB	SerRD	SerRW	RndRD	RndRW	SerRD	SerRW	RndRD	RndRW
12.3	1T	18593	18938	17858	17066	3.13	2.40	3.00	2.16
	2T	32655	18759	32998	16990	2.74	2.36	2.77	2.14
	4T	47087	18905	45181	17027	2.00	2.40	1.93	2.16
	8T	34725	18602	33955	17087	1.50	2.39	1.48	2.20
122.9	1T	15501	16259	10950	9853	2.68	2.29	5.40	4.98
	2T	29970	16392	21177	9921	2.74	2.32	12.80	5.04
	4T	51762	16408	33068	9781	4.99	2.33	17.84	4.96
	8T	46575	15741	27979	9235	4.54	2.24	15.17	4.68
12288	1T	12227	1729	538	328	3.17	1.39	2.99	1.94
	2T	16713	1724	617	311	4.41	1.39	2.80	1.82
	4T	16771	1825	722	312	4.26	1.66	2.10	1.84
	8T	13124	1739	622	319	3.23	1.39	1.77	1.87
No Errors Found									
End of test Mon Aug 14 10:46:01 2023									

Pi 5 gcc 12  
MP-RandMem 64 Bit gcc 12 Thu Sep 28 22:15:02 2023

Pi 5 GCC 12/8

	MB/Second	Using 1,	2,	4	and 8 Threads				
	KB	SerRD	SerRW	RndRD	RndRW	SerRD	SerRW	RndRD	RndRW
12.3	1T	18667	19102	18108	17246	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
	2T	34841	19037	33292	16912	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0
	4T	47204	18694	46771	17137	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
	8T	35115	18676	34015	17230	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
122.9	1T	15826	16395	10993	9928	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
	2T	30566	16400	21397	9940	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
	4T	56413	16361	38355	9921	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.0
	8T	54596	16372	37617	9889	1.2	1.0	1.3	1.1
12288	1T	13622	1902	539	343	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0
	2T	20937	1830	603	345	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.1
	4T	26993	1892	682	343	1.6	1.0	0.9	1.1
	8T	18621	1797	650	347	1.4	1.0	1.0	1.1
No Errors Found									
End of test Thu Sep 28 22:15:42 2023									

MP-MFLOPS Benchmarks below or [Go To Start](#)

## MP-MFLOPS Pi64g8 and g12, MP-MFLOPS Pi64DPg8 and g12

MP-MFLOPS measures floating point speed on data from caches and RAM. The first calculations are as used in Memory Speed Benchmark, with a multiply and an add per data word read. The second uses 32 operations per input data word of the form  $x[i] = (x[i]+a)*b - (x[i]+c)*d + (x[i]+e)*f$  -- more. Tests cover 1, 2, 4 and 8 threads, each carrying out the same calculations but accessing different segments of the data. Here are two varieties, single precision and double precision, both attempting to show near maximum MP floating point processing speeds.

At a given precision, result sumchecks should be identical when using the same run time parameters. Here, gcc 12 compiled programs were run using parameters that produce longer running times, with different sumchecks to those from earlier versions.

These are all short tests running at full MHz with low increases in temperatures. All at 12.8 and 128 KB demonstrate some near doubling performance with twice as many threads. Maximum GCC 12 Pi 5 SP 4 thread performance was 84.9 GFLOPS with DP at 42.5 GFLOPS and slightly less via GCC 8. See next page for comments on comparisons.

Pi 4 GCC 8 MP-MFLOPS 64 Bit gcc 8 Tue May 26 12:01:44 2020

	2 Ops/Word			32 Ops/Word			Maximum GFLOPS	MFLOPS per MHz
	KB	12.8	128	12.8	128	12800		
		MFLOPS						
1T	3212	3162	416	6741	6720	6393	6.7	4.5
2T	6343	5109	565	13381	13376	9914	13.4	8.9
4T	11644	5077	584	25506	26028	9883	26.0	17.4
8T	7804	7953	579	20537	24446	8651		
Results x 100000, 0 indicates ERRORS								
1T	76406	97075	99969	66015	95363	99951		
2T	76406	97075	99969	66015	95363	99951		
4T	76406	97075	99969	66015	95363	99951		
8T	76406	97075	99969	66015	95363	99951		

End of test Tue May 26 12:01:46 2020

Pi 5 GCC 8 MP-MFLOPS 64 Bit gcc 8 Mon Aug 14 11:16:36 2023

	2 Ops/Word			32 Ops/Word			Maximum GFLOPS	MFLOPS per MHz
	KB	12.8	128	12.8	128	12800		
		MFLOPS						
1T	9309	8856	540	20396	19543	11710	19.5	8.1
2T	17114	18565	683	35842	40506	11937	40.5	16.9
4T	29453	34610	826	75120	77896	12646	77.9	32.5
8T	28688	31506	959	59804	57700	15374		
Results x 100000, 0 indicates ERRORS								
1T	76406	97075	99969	66015	95363	99951		
2T	76406	97075	99969	66015	95363	99951		
4T	76406	97075	99969	66015	95363	99951		
8T	76406	97075	99969	66015	95363	99951		

End of test Mon Aug 14 11:16:37 2023

Pi 5/4 GCC8

	2 Ops/Word			32 Ops/Word		
	KB	12.8	128	12.8	128	12800
1T	2.90	2.80	1.30	3.03	2.91	1.83
2T	2.70	3.63	1.21	2.68	3.03	1.20
4T	2.53	6.82	1.41	2.95	2.99	1.28
8T	3.68	3.96	1.66	2.91	2.36	1.78

Pi 5 GCC 12 MP-MFLOPS2 64 Bit gcc 12 Tue Oct 3 09:52:45 2023

	2 Ops/Word			32 Ops/Word			Maximum GFLOPS	MFLOPS per MHz
	KB	12.8	128	12.8	128	12800		
		MFLOPS						
1T	10549	10320	1116	21519	21452	16879	21.5	9.0
2T	19881	20929	982	42488	43002	14280	43.0	17.9
4T	33400	40206	929	80947	84933	14772	84.9	35.4
8T	33448	37854	1093	77117	85086	17371		
Results x 100000, 0 indicates ERRORS								
1T	40015	44934	98519	35186	36769	97639		
2T	40015	44934	98519	35186	36769	97639		
4T	40015	44934	98519	35186	36769	97639		
8T	40015	44934	98519	35186	36769	97639		

End of test Tue Oct 3 09:53:21 2023

Pi 5 GCC 12/8

	2 Ops/Word			32 Ops/Word		
	KB	12.8	128	12.8	128	12800
1T	1.09	1.05	1.11	1.03	1.09	1.00
2T	1.12	0.98	0.98	1.15	0.94	0.89
4T	1.09	1.13	0.99	0.88	0.89	1.01
8T	0.85	0.85	1.02	0.97	1.07	0.98

Double Precision Results and More Comments below

With the running times being relatively short, individual comparison ratios might not be accurate so averages have been calculated. Pi5/Pi4 GCC 8 ratios were between 2.36 and 6.82 times, average 3.18 with cached data then 1.10 to 1.83, 1.42 from RAM. The Pi 5 improved cache sizes lead to the higher ratios. Longer running stress tests provide more reliable performance indications

GCC 8/12 averages indicated similar single precision performance, with a slight gain for the newer compiler with double precision calculations.

Pi 4 GCC 8 MP-MFLOPS 64 Bit gcc 8 Double Precision Tue May 26 12:11:50 2020

KB	2 Ops/Word			32 Ops/Word			Maximum GFLOPS	MFLOPS per MHz
	12.8	128	12800	12.8	128	12800		
1T	1591	1587	269	3386	3379	3240	3.4	2.3
2T	3228	2803	267	6728	6711	4556	6.7	4.5
4T	5870	3284	283	12812	12866	4940	12.9	8.6
8T	5506	4063	277	12077	11538	4695		
Results x 100000, 0 indicates ERRORS								
1T	76384	97072	99969	66065	95370	99951		
2T	76384	97072	99969	66065	95370	99951		
4T	76384	97072	99969	66065	95370	99951		
8T	76384	97072	99969	66065	95370	99951		

End of test Tue May 26 12:11:52 2020

Pi 5 GCC 8 MP-MFLOPS 64 Bit gcc 8 Double Precision Mon Aug 14 11:18:26 2023

KB	2 Ops/Word			32 Ops/Word			Maximum GFLOPS	MFLOPS per MHz
	12.8	128	12800	12.8	128	12800		
1T	4661	4127	296	10498	10217	4938	10.2	4.3
2T	8408	9292	333	20699	19275	5579	19.3	8.0
4T	14723	17372	399	39480	42352	6572	42.4	17.6
8T	14387	15799	461	38706	28821	7667		
Results x 100000, 0 indicates ERRORS								
1T	76384	97072	99969	66065	95370	99951		
2T	76384	97072	99969	66065	95370	99951		
4T	76384	97072	99969	66065	95370	99951		
8T	76384	97072	99969	66065	95370	99951		

End of test Mon Aug 14 11:18:27 2023

Pi 5/4 GCC8

KB	2 Ops/Word			32 Ops/Word		
	12.8	128	12800	12.8	128	12800
1T	2.93	2.60	1.10	3.10	3.02	1.52
2T	2.60	3.32	1.25	3.08	2.87	1.22
4T	2.51	5.29	1.41	3.08	3.29	1.33
8T	2.61	3.89	1.66	3.20	2.50	1.63

Pi 5 GCC 12 DP MP-MFLOPS2 64 Bit gcc 12 Double Precision Tue Oct 3 10:00:48 2023

KB	2 Ops/Word			32 Ops/Word			Maximum GFLOPS	MFLOPS per MHz
	12.8	128	12800	12.8	128	12800		
1T	4713	4740	562	10748	10727	8440	10.7	4.5
2T	9355	9554	491	21389	21515	7875	21.5	9.0
4T	17485	18403	468	41704	42464	7499	42.5	17.7
8T	16645	18592	543	41049	41910	8596		
Results x 100000, 0 indicates ERRORS								
1T	39991	44914	98518	35119	36721	97642		
2T	39991	44914	98518	35119	36721	97642		
4T	39991	44914	98518	35119	36721	97642		
8T	39991	44914	98518	35119	36721	97642		

End of test Tue Oct 3 10:01:24 2023

Pi 5 GCC 12/8

KB	2 Ops/Word			32 Ops/Word		
	12.8	128	12800	12.8	128	12800
1T	1.01	1.15	1.90	1.02	1.05	1.71
2T	1.11	1.03	1.47	1.03	1.12	1.41
4T	1.19	1.06	1.17	1.06	1.00	1.14
8T	1.16	1.18	1.18	1.06	1.45	1.12

OpenMP-MFLOPS Benchmarks below or [Go To Start](#)

## OpenMP-MFLOPS - OpenMP-MFLOPS64g8 and g12, notOpenMP-MFLOPS64g8 and g12

This benchmark carries out the same single precision calculations as the MP-MFLOPS Benchmarks but, in addition, calculations with eight operations per data word. There is also notOpenMP-MFLOPS single core version, compiled from the same code and carrying out identical numbers of floating point calculations, but without an OpenMP compile directive. Again, gcc 12 compilations were run for longer times that resulted in different "First Results" sumchecks.

In this case, data sizes used were 400 KB, 4 MB and 40 MB where, with the Pi 5, only the first would be expected to provide a full service from L1 or L2 caches and the second with possible impact of L3 cache. With the GCC 8 full OpenMP version, Pi5/Pi4 performance gains were around 3.0 times at 8 and 32 Operations per word at 400 KB, with most others lower due to data size or fewer operations. At 400 KB Pi 5 GCC 12 performance was 3.2 times faster than GCC 8 at 2 operations per word and slightly faster on the other measurements.

Maximum 4 core performance was 80.1 GFLOPS from GCC 12, at 3.73 times that for a single core, nearly the same as that for MP-MFLOPS.

Pi 4 GCC 8      OpenMP MFLOPS64g8 Tue May 26 12:06:36 2020									
Test	4 Byte Words	Ops/Word	Repeat Passes	Secs	MFLOPS	First Results	All Same		MP/notMP
Data in & out	100000	2	2500	0.093	5389	0.92954	Yes		1.64
Data in & out	1000000	2	250	0.795	629	0.99255	Yes		1.21
Data in & out	10000000	2	25	0.784	638	0.99925	Yes		1.00
Data in & out	100000	8	2500	0.115	17455	0.95712	Yes		3.11
Data in & out	1000000	8	250	0.798	2507	0.99552	Yes		1.16
Data in & out	10000000	8	25	0.880	2273	0.99955	Yes		0.95
Data in & out	100000	32	2500	0.332	24068	0.89022	Yes		3.54
Data in & out	1000000	32	250	0.849	9418	0.98809	Yes		1.45
Data in & out	10000000	32	25	0.933	8571	0.99880	Yes		1.31
End of test Tue May 26 12:06:42 2020									
Pi 5 GCC 8      OpenMP MFLOPS64g8 Mon Aug 14 12:08:35 2023									
Test	4 Byte Words	Ops/Word	Repeat Passes	Secs	MFLOPS	First Results	All Same	Pi5/4 GCC8	MP/notMP
Data in & out	100000	2	2500	0.054	9204	0.92954	Yes	1.71	1.00
Data in & out	1000000	2	250	0.439	1140	0.99255	Yes	1.81	0.80
Data in & out	10000000	2	25	0.618	809	0.99925	Yes	1.27	1.09
Data in & out	100000	8	2500	0.038	52914	0.95712	Yes	3.03	2.92
Data in & out	1000000	8	250	0.410	4880	0.99552	Yes	1.95	0.83
Data in & out	10000000	8	25	0.664	3014	0.99955	Yes	1.33	1.00
Data in & out	100000	32	2500	0.112	71522	0.89022	Yes	2.97	3.60
Data in & out	1000000	32	250	0.424	18865	0.98809	Yes	2.00	1.07
Data in & out	10000000	32	25	0.622	12853	0.99880	Yes	1.50	0.93
End of test Mon Aug 14 12:08:38 2023									
Pi 5 GCC 12      OpenMP MFLOPSL64g12 Tue Oct 3 16:27:53 2023									
Test	4 Byte Words	Ops/Word	Repeat Passes	Secs	MFLOPS	First Results	All Same	Pi 5 GCC 12/8	MP/notMP
Data in & out	100000	2	50000	0.339	29459	0.44935	Yes	3.20	3.10
Data in & out	1000000	2	5000	7.021	1424	0.86736	Yes	1.25	0.82
Data in & out	10000000	2	500	12.322	812	0.98519	Yes	1.00	0.80
Data in & out	100000	8	50000	0.634	63086	0.60398	Yes	1.19	3.46
Data in & out	1000000	8	5000	6.956	5750	0.91822	Yes	1.18	0.88
Data in & out	10000000	8	500	12.360	3236	0.99109	Yes	1.07	0.80
Data in & out	100000	32	50000	1.997	80104	0.36770	Yes	1.12	3.73
Data in & out	1000000	32	5000	6.891	23219	0.79898	Yes	1.23	1.18
Data in & out	10000000	32	500	12.294	13015	0.97639	Yes	1.01	0.79
End of test Tue Oct 3 16:28:54 2023									

Single Core Results below

Some Pi5/Pi4 GCC 8 comparisons were different to those above, for the single core benchmark, at between 2.70 and 3. 22. Maximum performance was nearly 21.5 GFLOPS.

Pi 4 GCC 8 notOpenMP MFLOPS64g8 Tue May 26 12:07:34 2020

Test	4 Byte Words	Ops/ Word	Repeat Passes	Secs	MFLOPS	First Results	All Same
Data in & out	100000	2	2500	0.153	3278	0.92954	Yes
Data in & out	1000000	2	250	0.966	518	0.99255	Yes
Data in & out	10000000	2	25	0.782	640	0.99925	Yes
Data in & out	100000	8	2500	0.356	5612	0.95712	Yes
Data in & out	1000000	8	250	0.926	2160	0.99552	Yes
Data in & out	10000000	8	25	0.840	2381	0.99955	Yes
Data in & out	100000	32	2500	1.176	6800	0.89022	Yes
Data in & out	1000000	32	250	1.228	6515	0.98809	Yes
Data in & out	10000000	32	25	1.225	6529	0.99880	Yes

End of test Tue May 26 12:07:42 2020

Pi 5 GCC 8 notOpenMP MFLOPS64g8 Mon Aug 14 12:04:30 2023

Test	4 Byte Words	Ops/ Word	Repeat Passes	Secs	MFLOPS	First Results	All Same	Pi5/4 GCC8
Data in & out	100000	2	2500	0.054	9236	0.92954	Yes	2.82
Data in & out	1000000	2	250	0.350	1429	0.99255	Yes	2.76
Data in & out	10000000	2	25	0.675	740	0.99925	Yes	1.16
Data in & out	100000	8	2500	0.111	18092	0.95712	Yes	3.22
Data in & out	1000000	8	250	0.340	5888	0.99552	Yes	2.73
Data in & out	10000000	8	25	0.666	3002	0.99955	Yes	1.26
Data in & out	100000	32	2500	0.402	19891	0.89022	Yes	2.93
Data in & out	1000000	32	250	0.456	17563	0.98809	Yes	2.70
Data in & out	10000000	32	25	0.579	13810	0.99880	Yes	2.12

End of test Mon Aug 14 12:04:33 2023

Pi 5 GCC 12 notOpenMP MFLOPSL64g12 Tue Oct 3 16:31:00 2023

Test	4 Byte Words	Ops/ Word	Repeat Passes	Secs	MFLOPS	First Results	All Same	Pi 5 GCC 12/8
Data in & out	100000	2	50000	1.053	9493	0.44935	Yes	1.03
Data in & out	1000000	2	5000	5.732	1745	0.86736	Yes	1.22
Data in & out	10000000	2	500	9.859	1014	0.98519	Yes	1.37
Data in & out	100000	8	50000	2.194	18228	0.60398	Yes	1.01
Data in & out	1000000	8	5000	6.121	6535	0.91822	Yes	1.11
Data in & out	10000000	8	500	9.872	4052	0.99109	Yes	1.35
Data in & out	100000	32	50000	7.449	21479	0.36770	Yes	1.08
Data in & out	1000000	32	5000	8.121	19701	0.79898	Yes	1.12
Data in & out	10000000	32	500	9.698	16498	0.97639	Yes	1.19

End of test Tue Oct 3 16:32:01 2023

OpenMP-MemSpeed Benchmarks below or [Go To Start](#)

## OpenMP-MemSpeed264g8 and g12, NotOpenMP-MemSpeed64g8 and g12

This is the same program as the single core MemSpeed benchmark, but with increased memory sizes and compiled using OpenMP directives. The same program was also compiled without these directives (NotOpenMP-MemSpeed64). Although the source code appears to be suitable for speed up by parallelisation, many of the test functions are slower using OpenMP.

Complete output for the Pi 4 is shown below, but just the first few results for the others. The first two lines of single core results are also included to show that the OpenMP options used were clearly unsuitable for this program.

```
Pi 4 GCC 8
Memory Reading Speed Test OpenMP 64 Bit gcc 8 by Roy Longbottom

Start of test Tue May 26 12:14:39 2020

Memory  x[m]=x[m]+s*y[m] Int+ x[m]=x[m]+y[m]          x[m]=y[m]
KBytes  Dble  Sngl  Int32  Dble  Sngl  Int32  Dble  Sngl  Int32
Used    MB/S  MB/S  MB/S   MB/S  MB/S  MB/S   MB/S  MB/S  MB/S
1 Core
  4    15001  4010  4387  15087  4406  4400  11211  9061  9061
  8    15532  3990  4394  15567  4386  4394  11629  9315  9314
4 Cores
  4     7749  8500  8716  7451  8520  8533  39508 18586 18589
  8     8198  8669  8874  8148  8678  8691  38972 18863 18861
 16     8023  8499  8335  7895  8355  8507  38305 19003 19004
 32     9034  8517  8619  9127  8550  8522  37928 19071 18409
 64     8652  8201  8178  8565  8223  8093  25191 17494 17508
128    11397 11616 11715 11345 11649 11029 13861 14097 14170
256    18242 18745 18195 17417 18605 18019 12535 12637 12623
512    17580 18467 18787 18010 18414 18321 12900 13180 13121
1024   8043 10172 11540 12510 10220 12082  9800  9586  9857
2048   4816  6807  6850  6922  6805  6666  3137  3372  3369
4096   7029  6846  6881  7017  5145  6801  2776  3124  3112
8192   2428  7085  7124  7068  7134  6904  2571  3092  3112
16384  7133  7152  7328  7008  3445  7178  2473  3099  3104
32768  2656  7643  7669  7802  7616  7559  2043  3112  3104
65536  7995  6523  2572  7059  6514  6485  2431  2955  3036
131072 1981  7273  7327  1878  3615  7267  2538  2968  2976

End of test Tue May 26 12:15:06 2020
```

```
Pi 5 GCC 8
Memory Reading Speed Test OpenMP 64 Bit gcc 8 by Roy Longbottom

Start of test Mon Aug 14 11:42:10 2023

Memory  x[m]=x[m]+s*y[m] Int+ x[m]=x[m]+y[m]          x[m]=y[m]
KBytes  Dble  Sngl  Int32  Dble  Sngl  Int32  Dble  Sngl  Int32
Used    MB/S  MB/S  MB/S   MB/S  MB/S  MB/S   MB/S  MB/S  MB/S
1 Core
  4    50151  6872  7511  50254  7170  7181  37548 18867 25383
  8    50904  6848  7485  48915  7202  7487  38102 19038 25477
4 Cores
  4    31324 14321 12707 28712 14606 21136 27075 18075 18075
  8    28580 13022 13365 32094 14657 21740 26558 13931 16817
 16    27074 19393 19847 32121 19067 24532 35440 24095 23527
 32    37880 31590 31455 34779 32095 29027 37245 22243 24984
 64    23823 29763 30980 30310 28829 28209 23569 27625 24428

End of test Mon Aug 14 11:42:37 2Pi 5 GCC 12
```

```
Pi 5 GCC 12
Memory Reading Speed Test OpenMP 64 Bit gcc 12 by Roy Longbottom

Start of test Thu Sep 28 22:43:26 2023

Memory  x[m]=x[m]+s*y[m] Int+ x[m]=x[m]+y[m]          x[m]=y[m]
KBytes  Dble  Sngl  Int32  Dble  Sngl  Int32  Dble  Sngl  Int32
Used    MB/S  MB/S  MB/S   MB/S  MB/S  MB/S   MB/S  MB/S  MB/S
1 Core
  4    54368 65257 65165 53930 60045 60975 37606 25361 25384
  8    54564 65580 65162 55228 61180 60995 37829 25015 25010
4 Cores
  4    31314 14584 13443 31523 14625 21373 26964 17800 17883
  8    29471 14672 13405 32067 14677 21719 27561 18585 18540
 16    32013 19352 19797 32164 19549 25666 36645 25085 25423
 32    43228 38115 33331 42989 38653 39254 49341 30903 30892

End of test Thu Sep-28 22:4351 2023
```

Single Core Results below

Single Core Benchmark - Again a complete output is provided plus limited results and comparisons. As expected, the latter are similar to those from the original MemSpeed included above. Here, maximum Pi5/4 comparison was 13.9 or L3 cache versus RAM speed.

As before, GCC 12 provided corrections for the GCC 8 fault, now indicating Pi 5 GCC 12/8 performance gains of up to 8.5 times for single precision calculations.

Pi 4 GCC 8

Memory Reading Speed Test notOpenMP 64 Bit gcc 8 by Roy Longbottom

Start of test Tue May 26 12:18:16 2020

Memory KBytes Used	x[m]=x[m]+s*y[m] Int+			x[m]=x[m]+y[m]			x[m]=y[m]		
	Dble MB/S	Sngl MB/S	Int32 MB/S	Dble MB/S	Sngl MB/S	Int32 MB/S	Dble MB/S	Sngl MB/S	Int32 MB/S
4	15001	4010	4387	15087	4406	4400	11211	9061	9061
8	15532	3990	4394	15567	4386	4394	11629	9315	9314
16	15707	3998	4376	15770	4388	4393	11801	9447	9444
32	14552	3885	4245	14761	4186	4260	11627	9488	9495
64	12272	3855	4211	12089	4196	4220	8866	8606	8630
128	12321	3867	4217	12148	4182	4215	8221	8296	8292
256	12318	3871	4219	12134	4206	4219	8092	8231	8229
512	12118	3870	4218	12195	4211	4218	8077	8209	8226
1024	3224	3738	4032	3701	4009	4066	5387	5529	5331
2048	1945	3474	3615	1949	3598	3612	2848	2860	2945
4096	1940	3442	3610	1941	3406	3607	2614	2595	2597
8192	1951	3425	3637	1954	3617	3644	2595	2581	2583
16384	1962	3330	3467	1965	3443	3469	2588	2575	2564
32768	2003	3364	3303	1997	3292	3303	2503	2554	2557
65536	2005	2588	2937	2011	2930	2621	2577	2565	2566
131072	2024	2021	2025	2013	2014	2018	2586	2572	2570

End of test Tue May 26 12:18:42 2020

Pi 5 GCC 8

Memory Reading Speed Test notOpenMP 64 Bit gcc 8 by Roy Longbottom

Start of test Mon Aug 14 11:34:27 2023

Memory KBytes Used	x[m]=x[m]+s*y[m] Int+			x[m]=x[m]+y[m]			x[m]=y[m]		
	Dble MB/S	Sngl MB/S	Int32 MB/S	Dble MB/S	Sngl MB/S	Int32 MB/S	Dble MB/S	Sngl MB/S	Int32 MB/S
4	50151	6872	7511	50254	7170	7181	37548	18867	25383
64	50862	6800	7423	50901	7140	7426	36297	19013	25373
256	32627	6790	7153	32638	7183	7276	34872	19156	25339
1024	30004	6804	7283	30354	7171	7122	23523	18525	23493
8192	2992	6089	5571	2005	5255	6448	4794	5279	5340

End of test Mon Aug 14 11:34:52 2023

Pi 5/4 GCC8

4	3.34	1.71	1.71	3.33	1.63	1.63	3.35	2.08	2.80
64	4.14	1.76	1.76	4.21	1.70	1.76	4.09	2.21	2.94
256	2.65	1.75	1.70	2.69	1.71	1.72	4.31	2.33	3.08
1024	9.31	1.82	1.81	8.20	1.79	1.75	4.37	3.35	4.41
2048	12.94	1.91	1.98	13.90	1.98	2.04	6.95	5.99	4.05
8192	1.53	1.78	1.53	1.03	1.45	1.77	1.85	2.05	2.07

Pi 5 GCC 12

Memory Reading Speed Test notOpenMP 64 Bit gcc 12 by Roy Longbottom

Start of test Thu Sep 28 22:42:10 2023

Memory KBytes Used	x[m]=x[m]+s*y[m] Int+			x[m]=x[m]+y[m]			x[m]=y[m]		
	Dble MB/S	Sngl MB/S	Int32 MB/S	Dble MB/S	Sngl MB/S	Int32 MB/S	Dble MB/S	Sngl MB/S	Int32 MB/S
4	54368	65257	65165	53930	60045	60975	37606	25361	25384
64	52501	65304	65319	53250	59544	59850	37508	25373	25401
256	33354	63081	63764	33718	60298	60351	35597	25397	25398
2048	22287	52312	53008	22349	50665	49230	11449	12273	16589
8192	3087	6050	6120	3132	6038	6491	6902	6608	6778

End of test Thu Sep 28 22:42:35 2023

Pi 5 GCC 12/8

4	1.08	9.50	8.68	1.07	8.37	8.49	1.00	1.34	1.00
64	1.03	9.60	8.80	1.05	8.34	8.06	1.03	1.33	1.00
256	1.02	9.29	8.91	1.03	8.39	8.29	1.02	1.33	1.00
2048	0.89	7.88	7.42	0.82	7.10	6.68	0.58	0.72	1.39
8192	1.03	0.99	1.10	1.56	1.15	1.01	1.44	1.25	1.27

## Java Whetstone Benchmark - whetstc.class

The Java benchmarks comprise class files that were produced some time ago. But source codes are available to renew the files. Performance can vary significantly using different Java Virtual Machines.

Pi 5 performance gains, over the Pi 4, were beteen 1.94 and 3.81.

Pi 4 Whetstone Benchmark Java Version, May 22 2020, 14:24:09

Test	Result	MFLOPS	MOPS	1 Pass millisecs
N1 floating point	-1.124750137	521		0.0369
N2 floating point	-1.131330490	481		0.2792
N3 if then else	1.000000000		236	0.4378
N4 fixed point	12.000000000		1320	0.2386
N5 sin,cos etc.	0.499110132		48	1.7348
N6 floating point	0.999999821	276		1.9520
N7 assignments	3.000000000		320	0.5772
N8 exp,sqrt etc.	0.825148463		25	1.4640
MWIPS		1488		6.7205
Operating System	Linux, Arch. aarch64, Version 4.19.118-v8+			
Java Vendor	Debian, Version 11.0.7			
CPU null				

Pi 5 Whetstone Benchmark Java Version, Aug 24 2023, 23:25:17

Test	Result	MFLOPS	MOPS	1 Pass millisecs	Pi 5/4
N1 floating point	-1.124750137	1232		0.0156	2.37
N2 floating point	-1.131330490	1048		0.1282	2.18
N3 if then else	1.000000000		715	0.1448	3.02
N4 fixed point	12.000000000		2559	0.1231	1.94
N5 sin,cos etc.	0.499110132		183	0.4550	3.81
N6 floating point	0.999999821	554		0.9730	2.00
N7 assignments	3.000000000		624	0.2960	1.95
N8 exp,sqrt etc.	0.935364604		63	0.5920	2.47
MWIPS		3666		2.7277	2.46

JavaDraw Benchmark below or [Go To Start](#)

## JavaDraw Benchmark - JavaDrawPi.class

The benchmark uses small to rather excessive simple objects to measure drawing performance in Frames Per Second (FPS). Five tests draw on a background of continuously changing colour shades, each test adding to the load.

The first runs of this benchmark on the Pi 5 indicated that it was much slower than the Pi 4 on the more demanding functions. Sometime later I reran the benchmark on the Pi 4, using the OS acquired for the Pi 5, and that also produced the slow results. Using this OS, the Pi 5 average performance was around twice as fast.

Pi 4 Java Drawing Benchmark, May 22 2020, 14:25:15  
Produced by javac 1.8.0\_222

Test	Frames	FPS
Display PNG Bitmap Twice Pass 1	833	83.26
Display PNG Bitmap Twice Pass 2	1001	100.05
Plus 2 SweepGradient Circles	994	99.39
Plus 200 Random Small Circles	836	83.54
Plus 320 Long Lines	380	37.98
Plus 4000 Random Small Circles	95	9.44

Total Elapsed Time 60.1 seconds

Operating System Linux, Arch. aarch64, Version 4.19.118-v8+  
Java Vendor Debian, Version 11.0.7  
null, null CPUs

**Pi 4** Java Drawing Benchmark, Dec 2 2023, 10:01:16  
Produced by javac 1.8.0\_222

Test	Frames	FPS
Display PNG Bitmap Twice Pass 1	469	46.86
Display PNG Bitmap Twice Pass 2	561	56.06
Plus 2 SweepGradient Circles	523	52.21
Plus 200 Random Small Circles	31	2.97
Plus 320 Long Lines	13	1.22
Plus 4000 Random Small Circles	2	0.18

Total Elapsed Time 62.5 seconds

**Operating System Linux, Arch. aarch64, Version 6.1.47-v8+**  
**Java Vendor Debian, Version 17.0.8**  
null, null CPUs

**Pi 5** Java Drawing Benchmark, Aug 26 2023, 15:06:26  
Produced by javac 1.8.0\_222

Test	Frames	FPS	Pi5/Pi4
Display PNG Bitmap Twice Pass 1	1000	99.96	2.13
Display PNG Bitmap Twice Pass 2	1077	107.66	1.92
Plus 2 SweepGradient Circles	1010	100.99	1.93
Plus 200 Random Small Circles	63	6.16	2.07
Plus 320 Long Lines	26	2.50	2.05
Plus 4000 Random Small Circles	4	0.32	1.78

Total Elapsed Time 63.1 seconds

**Operating System Linux, Arch. aarch64, Version 6.1.32-v8+**  
**Java Vendor Debian, Version 17.0.8**  
null, null CPUs

Pi 5 Java Drawing Benchmark, Aug 26 2023, 15:15:27  
Produced by javac openjdk 17.0.8

Test	Frames	FPS
Display PNG Bitmap Twice Pass 1	1014	101.33
Display PNG Bitmap Twice Pass 2	1067	106.59
Plus 2 SweepGradient Circles	1028	102.70
Plus 200 Random Small Circles	61	6.04
Plus 320 Long Lines	25	2.47
Plus 4000 Random Small Circles	4	0.33

Total Elapsed Time 62.3 seconds

Operating System Linux, Arch. aarch64, Version 6.1.32-v8+  
Java Vendor Debian, Version 17.0.8  
null, null CPUs

64 Bit OpenGL Benchmark - videogl64C10, videogl64C12

In 2012, I approved a request from a Quality Engineer at Canonical, to use this OpenGL benchmark in the testing framework of the Unity desktop software. The program can be run as a benchmark, or selected functions, as a stress test of any duration.

The benchmark measures graphics speed in terms of Frames Per Second (FPS) via six simple and more complex tests. The first four tests portray moving up and down a tunnel including various independently moving objects, with and without texturing. The last two tests, represent a real application for designing kitchens. The first is in wireframe format, drawn with 23,000 straight lines. The second has colours and textures applied to the surfaces.

As a benchmark, it was run using the following script file format, the first command needed to avoid VSYNC, allowing FPS to be greater than 60.

```
export vblank_mode=0
./videogl64CXX Width 320, Height 240, NoEnd
./videogl64Cxx Width 640, Height 480, NoHeading, NoEnd
./videogl64Cxx Width 1024, Height 768, NoHeading, NoEnd
./videogl64Cxx Width 1920, Height 1080, NoHeading
```

The original benchmark was compiled using freeglut3 but, more recently, this was not available for new systems. The gcc12 version was compiled without this but will not run on my Pi 4, Similarly, the gcc10 program is incompatible with the Pi 5.

Performance comparisons indicate that the Pi 5 was between 2.9 and 5.2 times faster than the Pi 4, with an average of 4.0 times over the 24 measurements. The GLUT variety was recompiled on the Pi 4, using GCC 12. The average Pi5 gain then became 2.5 times.

Pi 4 gcc 10  
GLUT OpenGL Benchmark 64 GCC 10, Wed Sep 20 00:48:11 2023

Running Time Approximately 5 Seconds Each Test

Window Size		Coloured Objects		Textured Objects		WireFrm	Texture
Pixels		Few	All	Few	All	Kitchen	Kitchen
Wide	High	FPS	FPS	FPS	FPS	FPS	FPS
320	240	727.7	413.0	219.7	131.9	42.8	28.9
640	480	388.6	281.9	189.2	118.0	42.5	28.1
1024	768	144.0	141.2	129.8	96.9	41.6	26.8
1920	1080	54.1	50.2	52.7	56.7	38.4	23.9

End at Wed Sep 20 00:50:26 2023

Pi 5 gcc 12  
GLUT OpenGL Benchmark 64 Bit GCC 12, Thu Oct 26 14:52:15 2023

Running Time Approximately 5 Seconds Each Test

Window Size		Coloured Objects		Textured Objects		WireFrm	Texture
Pixels		Few	All	Few	All	Kitchen	Kitchen
Wide	High	FPS	FPS	FPS	FPS	FPS	FPS
320	240	3184.7	1554.8	894.7	474.2	224.0	120.0
640	480	1441.4	956.8	819.1	442.2	220.4	116.7
1024	768	624.6	493.7	474.7	364.0	199.1	106.4
1920	1080	221.4	198.6	194.4	165.8	137.9	87.6

End at Thu Oct 26 14:54:28 2023

Pi 5/4 Comparison

Window Size		Coloured Objects		Textured Objects		WireFrm	Texture
Pixels		Few	All	Few	All	Kitchen	Kitchen
Wide	High	FPS	FPS	FPS	FPS	FPS	FPS
320	240	4.4	3.8	4.1	3.6	5.2	4.2
640	480	3.7	3.4	4.3	3.7	5.2	4.2
1024	768	4.3	3.5	3.7	3.8	4.8	4.0
1920	1080	4.1	4.0	3.7	2.9	3.6	3.7

#####  
Pi 4  
GLUT OpenGL Benchmark 64 Bit GCC 12, Sat Dec 2 11:35:48 2023

Running Time Approximately 5 Seconds Each Test

Window Size		Coloured Objects		Textured Objects		WireFrm	Texture
Pixels		Few	All	Few	All	Kitchen	Kitchen
Wide	High	FPS	FPS	FPS	FPS	FPS	FPS
320	240	1137.1	517.1	308.3	159.7	93.5	49.6
640	480	579.0	356.8	283.9	150.5	92.5	48.7
1024	768	239.5	200.9	203.4	134.7	84.9	45.3
2032	1080	92.8	74.3	93.6	81.1	75.2	37.6

End at Sat Dec 2 11:38:02 2023

DriveSpeed and LanSpeed I/O Benchmarks

Two varieties of I/O benchmarks are provided, one to measure performance of main and USB drives, and the other for LAN and WiFi network connections. The programs write and read three files at two sizes (defaults 8 and 16 MB), followed by random reading and writing of 1KB blocks out of 4. 8 and 16 MB and finally, writing and reading 200 small files, sized 4, 8 and 16 KB. Run time parameters are provided for the size of large files and file path. The same program code is used for both varieties, the only difference being file opening properties. The drive benchmark includes extra options to use direct I/O, avoiding data caching in main memory, but includes an extra test with caching allowed. .

As found during previous tests on 64 bit systems and accessing the system SD card, DriveSpeed with Direct I/O failed, indicating "Error writing file". Later it was established that this also applied to external drives with Ext type format but operated correctly formatted as FAT32. A limitation of the latter (at 64 bits) is that file sizes must be less than 4096 MB.

The best option for measuring 64 bit performance, using these benchmarks, is to run LanSpeed, specifying large files that cannot be cached for reading. However, random and small file reading functions are likely to be accessing cached data.

DriveSpeed Benchmark FAT32 - DriveSpeed64v2g8 and g12

The first of the following results are for Pi 4 and Pi 5, both with 8 GB RAM, exercising the same high speed flash drive via USB 3, using 1GB and 2 GB files.

Average Pi 5 gains were around 1.5 times for writing and reading large files, somewhat less writing to cache and nearly 4 times reading from cache, representing RAM speed. The Pi 5 results indicated a slower speed on random reading then much faster on reading small files, where more of the data appears to have been cached.

As during the Pi 4 tests, a starting large file parameter of 2048 KB failed to execute the second part at 4096 KB. Below indicates a successful run at 4094 KB.

Pi 4 DriveSpeed RasPi 64 Bit gcc 8 Wed May 27 11:43:43 2020							
Selected File Path: /media/pi/PATRIOT1/							
Total MB 120832, Free MB 114614, Used MB 6218							
MBytes/Second							
MB	Write1	Write2	Write3	Read1	Read2	Read3	
1024	27.78	21.39	21.43	270.32	278.81	274.98	
2048	21.40	21.14	21.44	275.79	273.14	319.95	
Cached							
8	40.27	42.81	42.81	1206.64	1068.72	1031.56	
Random							
From MB		Read		Write			
		4	8	16	4	8	16
msecs		0.004	0.004	0.184	4.33	4.00	4.04
200 Files							
		Write		Read		Delete	
File KB		4	8	16	4	8	16
MB/sec		0.03	0.07	0.14	261.45	11.19	84.39
ms/file		119.60	119.05	119.64	0.02	0.73	0.19
							2.477
Pi 5 DriveSpeed RasPi 64 Bit gcc 8 Mon Sep 4 16:50:50 2023							
Selected File Path:							
/media/roy/PATRIOT/test/							
Total MB 120832, Free MB 113866, Used MB 6966							
MBytes/Second							
MB	Write1	Write2	Write3	Read1	Read2	Read3	
1024	30.89	31.14	38.40	349.35	376.91	375.03	
2048	42.62	42.11	34.53	377.20	378.08	375.97	
Cached							
8	50.11	52.44	53.78	2327.93	4688.75	6184.63	
Random							
From MB		Read		Write			
		4	8	16	4	8	16
msecs		0.005	0.005	0.233	13.34	12.74	13.10
200 Files							
		Write		Read		Delete	
File KB		4	8	16	4	8	16
MB/sec		0.03	0.07	0.13	386.06	667.63	950.87
ms/file		123.74	124.04	123.19	0.01	0.01	0.02
							3.234
Pi 5 at 4094 KB							
MBytes/Second							
MB	Write1	Write2	Write3	Read1	Read2	Read3	
4094	42.74	38.90	45.55	372.93	349.44	376.49	

**Performance Monitor** - The following provides vmstat examples handling large files, confirming the benchmark large file data transfer speeds and that the data was actually written to and read from the drive at the benchmark reported time.

Pi 5 VMSTAT Writing and Reading Large Files - volumes in kB, speeds in kB/second  
%CPU utilisation us + sy, 100% means 4 cores being used

procs		-----memory-----				---swap--		-----io----		-system--		-----cpu-----				
r	b	swpd	free	buff	cache	si	so	bi	bo	in	cs	us	sy	id	wa	st
1	1	0	7260884	22404	399188	0	0	1121	1288	179	284	1	1	93	5	0
1	1	0	7260884	22404	399188	0	0	0	40005	3082	6308	0	4	74	23	0
1	1	0	7260884	22404	399188	0	0	0	41030	3651	6074	0	3	74	23	0
1	1	0	7260884	22404	399188	0	0	0	43080	3839	6375	0	3	75	22	0
1	1	0	7260884	22404	399188	0	0	0	41033	3807	6275	0	3	74	22	0
1	1	0	7260884	22404	399188	0	0	355824	0	3879	9207	1	9	73	17	0
1	1	0	7260884	22404	399188	0	0	355320	0	2824	7807	1	9	73	17	0
1	1	0	7260884	22404	399188	0	0	364544	0	2728	5560	1	9	72	17	0
1	1	0	7260884	22404	399188	0	0	364540	0	4022	5513	0	8	73	18	0

LanSpeed Benchmark below or [Go To Start](#)

Pi 5 LanSpeed Benchmark - LanSpeedt64g8 and g12- Wired LAN and WiFi

As indicated above, this benchmark is effectively the same as DriveSpeed, but with Direct I/O not specified. Following are data transfer speeds to a PC via gigabit LAN, 2.4 GHz WiFi and 5 GHz WiFi, plus measurement from a Pi 400 to confirm the same performance levels.

The parameter for large file sizes was intended to be large enough to avoid local caching and some were included to use data sizes of 4 GB or 16 GB in one case. Random access tests access small files that are clearly cached for reading. The many small files used could involve some caching but indicate some consistency.

MBytes/Second To PC							
	MB	Write1	Write2	Write3	Read1	Read2	Read3
Wifi 2.4GHz	1024	5.27	5.56	5.69	6.16	5.92	5.72
WiFi 5GHz	1024	11.47	11.85	12.83	11.86	11.12	11.31
LAN 1Gbps 1	16384	55.25	51.88	54.17	114.38	116.13	114.81
LAN 1Gbps 2	4096	53.83	49.33	54.38	113.70	109.48	113.51
LAN Pi 400	4096	62.19	62.11	61.27	102.43	104.56	102.60

Milliseconds To PC						
Random	Read	Write				
From MB	4	8	16	4	8	16
Wifi 2.4GHz	0.002	0.002	0.002	8.48	8.15	7.79
WiFi 5GHz	0.002	0.002	0.002	14.52	21.38	21.96
LAN 1Gbps 1	0.002	0.002	0.002	5.04	1.45	0.98
LAN 1Gbps 2	0.002	0.002	0.002	1.71	1.37	1.38
LAN Pi 400	0.005	0.005	0.005	1.43	1.13	1.18

MBytes/Second To PC						
200 Files	Write	Read				
File KB	4	8	16	4	8	16
Wifi 2.4GHz	0.33	0.62	0.92	0.52	0.66	1.21
WiFi 5GHz	0.11	0.16	0.34	0.14	0.83	0.52
LAN 1Gbps	1.43	2.39	3.13	4.06	8.28	15.30
LAN 1Gbps 2	1.59	1.53	4.80	4.41	7.78	16.67
LAN Pi 400	0.68	2.46	3.55	3.91	6.17	12.45

Performance Monitor for above next or [Go To Start](#)

**Raspberry Pi Performance Monitor** - First example below is for VMSTAT that does not include network data transfer speeds. This is for LAN 2 test writing and reading the first part, comprising three 2048 MB files. This ends up using most of the 8 GB RAM as a cache, where data appears read from the network. CPU utilisation was mainly low but the maximum of 14% is for 4 cores or 56% of one core (if you want to calculate CPU time).

**PC Performance Monitor** - In some cases network data transfer speeds could be confirmed on the Windows PC, using Task Manager Performance display and Perfmon detailed tables. However, this became confusing due to deferred writing to the PC disk, with overlapped reading. Also, Perfmon data collector could not keep up with the volume of data, missing output in time slots and indicating unobtainable speeds in a following slot. Also, transferring the largest files could produce a complete overload of the PC, with a dead keyboard. An example of Perfmon results is provided below.

The PC was a four core 3 GHz CPU running under Windows 7. The statistics show significant time waiting for I/O and utilisation of up to all four cores. The second example shows network traffic, disk drive data transfers and CPU utilisation, where a 25% recording represents 100% of one core.

The important considerations for the Pi 5 are confirmation of data transfer speeds measured by the benchmark. Then, the indication that, on reading, no disk involvement was indicated but was supplied from PC RAM based cache and on writing, saving to disk was involved that might have reduced measured speed. In the bigger picture it seemed that all data had not been written to disk when reading began.

LAN 1Gbps 2 VMSTAT initial part writing and reading three 2048 MB files.

procs		-----memory-----				---swap--		-----io----		-system--		-----cpu-----				
r	b	swpd	free	buff	cache	si	so	bi	bo	in	cs	us	sy	id	wa	st
Power On																
1	0	0	7096944	29968	646800	0	0	4147	1026	859	1470	8	6	74	13	0
Write																
1	0	0	1613712	32944	6076752	0	0	203	51	1406	1245	1	2	89	8	0
2	1	0	1352208	32944	6339728	0	0	0	0	3962	3469	0	2	75	23	0
3	0	0	58304	4192	7665904	0	0	175	44	1311	1122	1	2	90	7	0
Read																
1	1	0	2727744	944	5000080	0	0	152	38	2153	1921	1	3	87	9	0
3	0	0	1480192	960	6244480	0	0	0	0	38445	42406	0	10	65	25	0
1	2	0	347872	960	7377648	0	0	1472	28	39595	42997	1	13	60	26	0
Write																
2	1	0	52176	2688	7674272	0	0	148	37	2458	2198	1	3	87	9	0
1	1	0	94448	2688	7635744	0	0	148	37	2519	2253	1	3	87	9	0

#####

PC Perfmon

Second	Comms		Disk		%CPU
	Mbytes/second		Mbytes/second		
	Received	Sent	Read	Written	
11	50	0	0	90	49
12	49	0	0	0	47
13	50	0	0	88	55
14	49	0	0	0	46
15	49	0	0	89	45
To					
45	37	0	0	0	36
46	1461	4	0	99	34
82	3	0	0	40	49
83	79	0	0	41	56
86	178	0	0	58	90
94	0	5	0	43	85
95	1	122	2	64	42
96	1	120	1	1	36
97	1	122	0	56	32
98	1	121	0	0	35
99	1	120	0	49	31

USB and SD Card Benchmarks below or [Go To Start](#)

LanSpeed Benchmark - Pi 5 USB Drives and Operating System SD Card

In most cases, as Direct I/O was not supported, LanSpeed was executed using large files that avoid caching.

These tests were run to confirm that the hardware could support 64 bit type file sizes and to show any major differences. It was found that 4096 MB could not be supported using FAT32 format, but such as 4096 MB was fine. Also, at 2048 MB, the 8 GB RAM might cache all the data.

		MBytes/Second					
	MB	Write1	Write2	Write3	Read1	Read2	Read3
USB3 HD FAT1	2048	98.07	80.66	74.72	306.43	9209.88	8687.44
USB3 HD Ext2	4096	158.98	28.25	113.34	38.47	143.80	114.56
USB3 HD Ext3	4096	122.73	26.33	61.23	48.78	122.24	109.04
USB3 HD Ext4	4096	164.59	81.99	19.61	103.72	143.48	120.17
Pi 5 SD	4096	27.95	20.58	19.20	43.45	104.53	92.26
SD USB boot	2048	52.82	20.68	20.41	10305.38	11463.08	11496.93
	4096	30.06	20.52	20.60	42.12	260.46	97.04

		Milliseconds					
Random	Read				Write		
From MB	4	8	16		4	8	16
USB3 HD FAT1	N/A as failed to write 4096 MB						
USB3 HD Ext2	0.002	0.002	0.002	44.90	15.38	16.10	
USB3 HD Ext3	0.002	0.002	0.002	54.50	40.68	45.18	
USB3 HD Ext4	0.002	0.002	0.002	52.50	45.27	51.93	
Pi 5 SD	0.002	0.002	0.002	3.96	3.60	3.68	
SD USB boot	0.002	0.002	0.002	6.83	4.24	3.90	

		MBytes/Second					
200 Files	Write				Read		
File KB	4	8	16		4	8	16
USB3 HD FAT1	N/A						
USB3 HD Ext2	141.38	37.47	63.37	587.85	592.36	834.73	
USB3 HD Ext3	64.24	21.61	35.24	310.16	601.22	927.89	
USB3 HD Ext4	129.74	55.08	104.42	423.15	473.34	465.93	
Pi 5 SD	78.41	95.12	194.19	554.82	732.07	1189.95	
SD USB boot	106.88	121.88	309.35	596.63	789.24	1504.37	

New Benchmark More Files next or [Go To Start](#)

New Benchmark More Files - LANSpeed64Long

Having encountered VMSTAT performance monitoring problems on running my LANSpeed program, I found that my original Linux version, LANSpeed64Long, avoided this, when compiled for the Raspberry Pi. This writes and reads five large files, followed by other tests, including some for random access and handling numerous small files. As with the earlier program, measured performance can be influenced by caching, sometimes in an unexpected way. Using extra large files helps to avoid the latter. Following is an example of results and sample details from VMSTAT system monitor.

```
Current Directory Path:
/home/???????
Total MB  119699, Free MB  102167, Used MB  17531

Linux LAN Speed Test 64-Bit Version 1.2, Wed Sep 20 13:38:14 2023

4096 MB File      1      2      3      4      5
Writing MB/sec    35.46    35.54    35.53    35.49    35.61
Reading MB/sec    198.94   153.10    92.52    92.67    92.66

Running Time Too Long At 793 Seconds - No More File Sizes
-----
8 MB Cached File  1      2      3      4      5
Writing MB/sec    895.98   859.22   817.44   770.10  1032.07
Reading MB/sec    3337.54  6467.72  6574.06  6768.83  6643.57

-----
Bus Speed Block KB  64      128      256      512      1024
Reading MB/sec     13574.63 15329.45 16213.07 14365.65 9021.80

-----
1 KB Blocks File MB >  2      4      8      16      32      64      128
Random Read  msec     0.40    0.44    0.45    0.45    0.45    0.45    0.45
Random Write msec     4.50    4.63    4.60    4.64    4.58    4.68    4.58

-----
500 Files  Write      Read      Delete
File KB    MB/sec  ms/File  MB/sec  ms/File  Seconds
2          0.42    4.85    357.91  0.01    0.012
4          0.82    5.01    636.20  0.01    0.012
8          1.64    5.00   1224.07  0.01    0.013
16         2.91    5.62   1288.33  0.01    0.033
32         5.51    5.94   2573.57  0.01    0.014
64         9.22    7.11   4727.86  0.01    0.015
128        15.04    8.72   5015.65  0.03    0.019
256        22.87   11.46   5514.21  0.05    0.024
512        30.27   17.32   6487.64  0.08    0.061
1024       34.50   30.39   5629.98  0.19    0.054
2048       36.80   56.99  11498.58  0.18    0.087

VMSTAT Samples Large Files

procs  -----memory-----  ---swap--  -----io-----  -system--  -----cpu-----
r  b  swpd  free  buff  cache  si  so  bi  bo  in  cs  us  sy  id  wa  st
Before Start
1  0      0 6245248  54480 1069568  0  0  0  0 199 275  0  0 100  0  0
Write
1  1      0 41088 76480 7254656  0  0  0 34584 714 1313  0  2 75 23  0
1  1      0 41088 76480 7254656  0  0 16 35656 2310 4149  0  2 73 24  0
1  1      0 41088 76480 7254656  0  0  0 36656 1830 3219  1  3 72 23  0
1  1      0 41088 76480 7254656  0  0 16 34584 2012 3287  6  4 68 22  0
Read
1  1      0 59568 76624 7238688  0  0 90112  0 812 1778  1  1 75 24  0
1  1      0 59568 76624 7238688  0  0 90112  0 738 1661  1  2 74 24  0
1  1      0 59568 76624 7238688  0  0 90624  0 667 1524  0  1 75 24  0
1  1      0 59568 76624 7238688  0  0 90112  0 559 1479  0  1 75 24  0
```

New Benchmark Large Files next or [Go To Start](#)

New Benchmark Large Files

These mainly involved 4096 MB files with smaller ones limited by FAT formatting, available free space or slower WiFi. Approximate vmstat reported performance is also shown. This helps to highlight benchmark results affected by caching.

The first benchmark results were for boot drives, including SD cards, flash drives and hard disk drives, with some from a USB card reader and a USB hub. The other results are for LAN, WiFi and an attached USB flash drive, booted from the SD card. The main use is to demonstrate variations in performance.

Boot Drive	File	1	2	3	4	5	VMSTAT MB/sec
32 GB SD 3072 MB File	Writing MB/sec	17.31	17.59	17.69	17.64	17.52	17
	Reading MB/sec	106.05	8253.16	103.94	90.49	90.38	90
128 GB SD	Writing MB/sec	35.46	35.54	35.53	35.49	35.61	36
	Reading MB/sec	198.94	153.1	92.52	92.67	92.66	90
128 GB SD USB	Writing MB/sec	39.04	38.86	39.14	38.98	38.98	39
	Reading MB/sec	132.76	297.8	97.62	97.54	97.12	
32 GB Flash SanDisk	Writing MB/sec	45.32	51.26	45.14	39.56	40.95	37
	Reading MB/sec	347.2	764.03	263.08	259.51	256.98	250
128 GB Flash PATRIOT	Writing MB/sec	65.18	59.06	55.93	51.48	44.54	20to70
	Reading MB/sec	529.24	880.72	283.78	358.71	357.57	350
Disk USB	Writing MB/sec	19.00	20.76	21.03	19.03	16.37	20
	Reading MB/sec	187.19	390.54	115.75	103.51	91.63	125
Disk USB HUB	Writing MB/sec	19.36	20.97	19.67	14.24	18.25	20
	Reading MB/sec	206.35	221.78	86.34	111.81	104.16	120
SD Booted							
GB LAN	Writing MB/sec	36.31	36.92	36.69	36.94	37.18	N/A
	Reading MB/sec	113.61	112.8	113.33	113.87	114.18	
5 GHz WiFi	256 MB File	1	2	3	4	5	
	Writing MB/sec	24.82	19.87	17.58	24.74	19.8	N/A
	Reading MB/sec	12.13	11.47	11.53	11.67	9.18	
USB Drive FAT32 3072 MB File	Writing MB/sec	30.21	30.01	30.06	30.18	30.16	29
	Reading MB/sec	304.19	9936.6	343.77	311.99	309.92	290
USB Drive Ext3 Use sudo	Writing MB/sec	Cannot open data file for writing					
	Writing MB/sec	30.56	30.35	30.39	30.37	30.23	30
	Reading MB/sec	385.17	877.37	311.63	303.94	303.83	

New Benchmark Small Files Next or [Go To Start](#)

New Benchmark Small Files, Booting Time, Volts and Amps

Performance measure are for writing and reading small files and random access, again demonstrating wide variations. The latter is also identified in measured booting time (from inserting the power plug to the full display, including warnings). One of the flash drives was particularly slow at 97 seconds. This drive had also produced unusually slow results during earlier tests.

I have two meters that measure USB voltage and current. One was connected to measure power in and the other USB 3 power out. The main power supply voltage did not appear to vary much, during these tests, and current was well within the 3 available Amps. The disk drive produced the most impact, falling to below 5 volts when connected by a USB hub. Even then, the benchmark ran successfully to the end.

500 Files Write MB/sec

File	32	GB	SD	128	GB	SD	32	GB	128	GB	Disk	Disk	Gbps	5	GHz	FAT32	Ext3
	KB	Board	Board		USB	USB	Dr	USB	Dr		USB	USB	HUB	LAN	WiFi	USB	USB
2		0.38	0.42	0.45			0.42	0.02			0.05	0.05	0.65	0.11		0.02	0.36
4		0.74	0.82	0.90			0.68	0.19			0.15	0.09	1.11	0.38		0.04	0.63
8		1.61	1.64	1.75			2.04	0.15	0.30	0.19	1.93	0.93	0.08	1.42			
16		2.74	2.91	3.11			2.67	0.95	0.46	0.40	4.24	1.77	0.15	2.89			
32		3.22	5.51	5.92			4.58	1.12	0.83	0.81	7.06	3.27	0.30	5.51			
64		8.06	9.22	9.88			8.92	4.66	1.64	1.58	12.41	5.71	0.60	8.45			
128		9.48	15.04	16.17			10.08	4.24	3.21	3.11	17.79	8.14	1.18	13.01			
256		12.46	22.87	24.02			14.43	12.69	6.35	6.03	23.18	11.43	2.29	18.55			
512		15.43	30.27	31.96			20.40	21.03	11.42	11.33	27.59	13.07	4.28	23.51			
1024		16.31	34.50	38.04			32.05	36.48	17.08	16.03	33.55		7.60	27.54			
2048		18.15	36.80	41.70			47.85	46.68	28.00	27.30	35.39		12.35	30.07			

Random Access millisecs V = Variable

Read	0.47	0.45	0.61	0.45	0.44V	1.10V	1.52	0.67V	18.77	0.40	0.38
Write	3.20	4.60	4.65V	1.89	16.55V	43.33V	48.80	2.08V	16.23	2.77	4.80

Boot Secs	21	21	30	21	97	46	44	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
-----------	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----

Power Volts and Amps

Main V	5.20	5.28	5.21	5.24	5.20	5.18	5.21	5.16	5.18	5.18	5.17
Main A	0.87	0.92	1.13	1.09	0.98	1.21	1.52	1.10	0.85	0.91	0.93
USB V	N/A	N/A	5.11	5.12	5.10	5.04	4.97	N/A	N/A	5.11	5.11
USB A	N/A	N/A	0.28	0.24	0.14	0.44	0.83	N/A	N/A	0.14	0.14

Drive Stress Test Next or [Go To Start](#)

## Drive Stress Test - burnindrive264g12

The program uses 64 KB block sizes, with 164 variations of data patterns or a minimum file size of 10.25 MB. Larger files can be produced via a run time multiplication parameter, in this case 16 for for 164 MB files. Four of these written then read sequentially for 12 minutes, but with the choice of files randomised. Finally, each block/data pattern is reread continuously for a second, at full bus speed from disk drives that cache the data. On reading, file number and data values are compared and errors reported.

Note that measured speeds are generally slower than from DriveSpeed benchmark, covered earlier, as data transfers are based on using smaller 64 KB blocks.

The following provides summary Pi 5 results including MB/second performance calculations. The tests exercised the main SD drive, LAN, WiFi and USB 3. Devices on the latter were for a hard drive with Ext2, Ext3, Ext4 and FAT32 partitions and three flash drives. The LAN and WiFi tests were also run on a Pi 400 to confirm the similar performance. No errors were detected.

A gigabit LAN connection was used and WiFi reported as 5 GHz, with the former around 5 times faster on writing and up to 10 times reading. There were performance variations on the various solid state drives that could affect certain applications. One of the disk drive tests, using the Ext3 partition, had inexplicable slow speeds and, when repeated, somewhat slower than the other partitions on writing. Note the much faster transfer speeds with repeated reading of 64 KB blocks, indicating cached data and bus speed.

Source	Write		Read			Blocks Repeated		
	Seconds	MB/sec	Passes	Minutes	MB/sec	Number	Minutes	MB/sec
Comms								
LAN Pi 5 to PC	19.3	34.0	156	12.06	35.4	99360	2.79	37.1
LAN Pi 400 to PC	20.2	32.6	132	12.37	29.2	80900	2.79	30.2
WiFi Pi 5 to PC	99.6	6.6	20	14.41	3.8	12540	3.61	3.6
WiFi Pi 400 to PC	101.7	6.5	20	12.78	4.3	14720	3.66	4.2
SD OS Card								
	41.7	15.7	260	12.03	59.1	174960	2.76	66.0
USB 3 Flash Drive								
Flash 1	20.7	31.7	328	12.01	74.6	179200	2.76	67.6
Flash 2	8.0	82.0	352	12.06	79.8	219400	2.75	83.1
Flash 3	145.2	4.5	136	12.12	30.7	89860	2.77	33.8
USB HD								
FAT32 Partition	8.4	78.1	268	12.15	60.3	408280	2.75	154.7
Ext 2 Partition	8.9	73.7	272	12.03	61.8	432060	2.74	164.3
Ext 3 Partition	1320	0.5	100	12.14	22.5	427360	2.74	162.5
Ext 3 Repeat	11.8	55.6	256	12.09	57.9	431820	2.74	164.2
Ext 4 Partition	9.0	72.9	284	12.10	64.2	432200	2.74	164.3

BurnInDrive Stress Test With Performance Monitoring or [Go To Start](#)

BurnInDrive Stress Test With Performance Monitoring

Following are details of a run handling four 2624 MB files, along with associated results from vmstat performance monitor and my CPU Voltage, MHz and Temperature recorder. The tests were run using the Ext3 partition.

First below are the program results with faster writing speeds than above, reading speeds a little slower and repeat reading similar. These might be due to handling larger files.

Second are the sample vmstat results (size numbers are KB) with nothing strange on 8 GB memory utilisation. There were variations in bo writing and bi reading speeds but essentially confirm program measurements. Percentage user + system CPU utilisation was low (note that such a 25% reflects 100% of one core and 100% indicates four core fully utilised).

Finally are samples of the environment measurements that were effectively constant. Results are provided for the start, middle and end of the tests. With ondemand CPU frequency scaling being used, a constant 1500 MHz was indicated for most of the time.

This test was run later on a Pi 4 where writing was 9% slower, reading 6%, repeat reading 18% with similar for CPU utilisation. See results below.

Source	Write		Read		MB/sec	Blocks Number	Repeated		MB/sec
	Seconds	MB/sec	Passes	Minutes			Minutes		
Ext 3 Partition	129.2	81.2	16	13.99	50.0	419020	2.74	159.3	
Pi 4 Ext3	142.2	73.8	16	14.81	47.2	345680	2.75	130.9	
VMSTAT									
procs	-----memory-----				---swap--	-----io----	-system--	-----cpu-----	
r b	swpd	free	buff	cache	si so	bi bo	in cs	us sy id wa st	
WRITE									
1 1	0	6901476	137524	682832	0 0	0 77806	8123 11887	1 6 74 20 0	
2 0	0	6901476	137524	682832	0 0	8 90292	9889 13562	1 7 74 18 0	
READ									
1 1	0	6901476	137524	682832	0 0	32538 46	3377 5344	0 1 75 24 0	
1 1	0	6901476	137524	682832	0 0	60064 16	7630 10652	3 2 72 24 0	
REPEAT									
1 1	0	6868408	149372	699428	0 0	162170 3	19231 25503	0 4 72 24 0	
1 1	0	6868408	149372	699428	0 0	162144 3	17290 25480	0 4 72 23 0	
ENVIRONMENT									
Seconds									
0.0	ARM MHz=1500, core volt=0.9067V, CPU temp=37.3°C, pmic temp=38.4°C								
453.6	ARM MHz=1500, core volt=0.9067V, CPU temp=38.9°C, pmic temp=38.4°C								
897.4	ARM MHz=1500, core volt=0.9067V, CPU temp=38.9°C, pmic temp=38.6°C								

Disk Drive Errors and Crashes next or [Go To Start](#)

## Disk Drive Errors and Crashes - Power Supply Problems

I have two 1TB USB 3 disk drives. The first crash occurred in attempting to run the new benchmark on both disk drives when connected to the USB hub via one USB port. It would have been obvious, if I had looked up the specification. That indicated a maximum of 900 mA, where up to 660 mA on one drive had been observed. It seems that a 5 Amps power supply would not help in running this sort of activity, but should be using a powered USB hub.

The second crash was running two disk drive benchmarks with one on the hub, plus my 4 thread integer CPU stress test. This time the crash appeared to be due to the power demand being greater than the 3 Amps supply. 3.06 Amps was indicated shortly before the crash.

Before the next crash I successfully ran two copies of my burnindrive264g12 stress test on separate USB ports. Then, with one of these and one integer stress test, the last measurements before the screen went blank were a data transfer failure reported by my program and a power input recording of 2.72 Amps. Following is a report from the last failing test session, indicating the seriousness of the situation, reading the wrong file and corrupted data.

Later tests were run using a 4 amps power supply. At the time of testing, the official 5 amps power supply was not available.

```
Selected File Path:
/media/raspberrypi/EXT3/
Total MB  348052, Free MB  348052, Used MB      0

Storage Stress Test ARM 64 Bit v2.0 gcc 8, Fri Oct  6 21:28:44 2023

File size 2624.00 MB x 4 files, minimum reading time 12.0 minutes

File 1 2624.00 MB written in   30.97 seconds
File 2 2624.00 MB written in   28.80 seconds
File 3 2624.00 MB written in   29.70 seconds
File 4 2624.00 MB written in   32.35 seconds

Total  121.83 seconds, Elapsed  121.83 seconds

Start Reading Fri Oct  6 21:30:46 2023

Error reading file 1

Wrong File Read szzztestz-820 instead of szzztestz1

Error reading file 2

Wrong File Read szzztestz-820 instead of szzztestz2

Error reading file 3

Pass  1 file szzztestz1 word  1, data error was FFFFCCCC expected FFFFCCCC
Pass  1 file szzztestz1 word  2, data error was FFFFCCCC expected FFFFCCCC

ERRORS found during reading tests, see above

End of test Fri Oct  6 21:34:09 2023
```

## Other System Crashes

The first tests carried out were run with the Pi 5 operating via a 2 amps power supply, without any real problems running the short duration benchmarks. However, there were reductions in performance on running a series of tests, due to temperature increases. I had a cheap cooling fan module used for Pi 4 tests that I fitted on top of the Pi 5, to connect for use when needed, such as for the following procedures.

**High Performance Linpack** - I attempted to build this benchmark, to continue using as a stress test. This takes an excessive amount of time to build, appearing to repetitively execute the code for tuning purposes for a particular computer. In view of the timescale, I ensured that the cooling fan was working.

The first attempt was left to run overnight, only to find, in the morning, that the system had crashed. A second attempt crashed after 7 hours. Later with a 3 amps power supply, it took 12 hours to build (but other required software was found to be incompatible).

**Stress Test Crash** - I had successfully run numerous of my floating point and integer stress tests using a data size parameter aiming to achieve maximum performance using L1 caches on all four CPU cores. Other runs with L2 cache sized data size occasionally crashed. Later these tests ran successfully using the 3 amps power supply, with similar temperature and CPU throttling levels.

Even later, with more demanding system stress tests, the 3 amps supply was found to be inadequate.

CPU Stress Testing Benchmarks next or [Go To Start](#)

CPU Stress Testing Benchmarks - MP-FPUStress64g8 and g12, MP-FPUStress64DPg8 and g12  
MP-IntStress64g8 and g12

These are provided to help in determining parameters to use for a stress test. They run a series of floating point tests using 1, 2, 4 and 8 threads, with three different memory demands, with single precision and double precision versions. An integer program is also provided using 16 and 32 threads, accessing three similar memory sizes.

Pi 5 GCC 12 SP								
MP-Threaded-MFLOPS 64 Bit V2 gcc 12 Fri Sep 29 09:59:04 2023								
Benchmark 1, 2, 4 and 8 Threads								
		MFLOPS			Numeric Results			
		Ops/	KB	KB	MB	KB	KB	MB
Secs	Thrd	Word	12.8	128	12.8	12.8	128	12.8
0.4	T1	2	13111	12985	2003	40394	76395	99700
0.8	T2	2	24716	26088	1849	40394	76395	99700
1.2	T4	2	41053	45232	1847	40394	76395	99700
1.5	T8	2	34398	44918	2141	40394	76395	99700
2.2	T1	8	17572	17484	8265	54764	85092	99820
2.8	T2	8	33483	35138	5731	54764	85092	99820
3.2	T4	8	59976	69804	6737	54764	85092	99820
3.6	T8	8	58659	69463	8481	54764	85092	99820
5.3	T1	32	18265	18246	17917	35206	66015	99520
6.3	T2	32	35625	36482	22484	35206	66015	99520
7.0	T4	32	69359	72766	29572	35206	66015	99520
7.6	T8	32	69370	66234	33184	35206	66015	99520
End of test Fri Sep 29 09:59:12 2023								

Pi 5 GCC 8 SP								
MP-Threaded-MFLOPS 64 Bit V2 gcc 8 Thu Aug 17 21:21:35 2023								
Benchmark 1, 2, 4 and 8 Threads								
		MFLOPS			Numeric Results			
		Ops/	KB	KB	MB	KB	KB	MB
Secs	Thrd	Word	12.8	128	12.8	12.8	128	12.8
0.4	T1	2	12746	12885	2029	40394	76395	99700
0.8	T2	2	25127	24925	1791	40394	76395	99700
1.2	T4	2	43633	45111	1797	40394	76395	99700
1.6	T8	2	39439	44308	2151	40394	76395	99700
2.2	T1	8	17069	17333	7672	54764	85092	99820
2.7	T2	8	34070	34766	7170	54764	85092	99820
3.2	T4	8	58695	69177	7229	54764	85092	99820
3.6	T8	8	59622	65856	8346	54764	85092	99820
5.3	T1	32	18202	18288	18037	35206	66015	99520
6.2	T2	32	36321	36549	27452	35206	66015	99520
6.9	T4	32	68760	73025	27221	35206	66015	99520
7.5	T8	32	68598	72071	32869	35206	66015	99520
End of test Thu Aug 17 21:21:42 2023								

Pi 5 GCC 12 DP								
MP-Threaded-MFLOPS 64 Bit gcc 12 Fri Sep 29 10:05:24 2023								
Double Precision Benchmark 1, 2, 4 and 8 Threads								
		MFLOPS			Numeric Results			
		Ops/	KB	KB	MB	KB	KB	MB
Secs	Thrd	Word	12.8	128	12.8	12.8	128	12.8
0.9	T1	2	6570	6565	1003	40395	76384	99700
1.9	T2	2	12052	13057	696	40395	76384	99700
2.7	T4	2	22815	25654	831	40395	76384	99700
3.5	T8	2	21088	25978	838	40395	76384	99700
4.9	T1	8	8348	8388	3290	54805	85108	99820
6.3	T2	8	15906	16532	2530	54805	85108	99820
7.3	T4	8	23730	28755	2932	54805	85108	99820
8.3	T8	8	30036	30142	3327	54805	85108	99820
11.4	T1	32	10027	9975	9486	35159	66065	99521
13.3	T2	32	19719	19508	12462	35159	66065	99521
14.6	T4	32	40249	39892	13452	35159	66065	99521
15.9	T8	32	38383	39453	13637	35159	66065	99521
End of test Fri Sep 29 10:05:40 2023								

Pi 5 GCC 8 DP

MP-Threaded-MFLOPS 64 Bit gcc 8 Thu Aug 17 21:29:32 2023

Double Precision Benchmark 1, 2, 4 and 8 Threads

Secs	Thrd	Ops/ Word	MFLOPS			Numeric Results		
			KB	KB	MB	KB	KB	MB
			12.8	128	12.8	12.8	128	12.8
0.9	T1	2	5832	5779	964	40395	76384	99700
1.8	T2	2	11389	11537	891	40395	76384	99700
2.6	T4	2	18744	21914	794	40395	76384	99700
3.5	T8	2	18803	22948	842	40395	76384	99700
4.7	T1	8	9375	9433	3984	54805	85108	99820
5.9	T2	8	18190	18819	2758	54805	85108	99820
6.8	T4	8	33842	37329	3233	54805	85108	99820
7.7	T8	8	33857	34347	3393	54805	85108	99820
10.9	T1	32	9633	9642	9458	35159	66065	99521
12.7	T2	32	19227	19248	14292	35159	66065	99521
14.0	T4	32	37215	38597	13208	35159	66065	99521
15.4	T8	32	35943	36029	13288	35159	66065	99521

End of test Thu Aug 17 21:29:47 2023

Pi 5 GCC 12

MP-Integer-Test 64 Bit v2-gcc12 Fri Sep 29 10:11:39 2023

Benchmark 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 and 32 Threads

Secs	Thrds	MB/second			Sumcheck	Same All Tests
		KB	KB	MB		
		16	160	16		
1.5	1	18233	17590	13957	00000000	Yes
1.1	2	36284	35095	13303	FFFFFFFF	Yes
1.0	4	71208	73154	11228	5A5A5A5A	Yes
1.0	8	64036	68274	11499	AAAAAAAA	Yes
0.9	16	70658	71792	12459	CCCCCCCC	Yes
0.5	32	69044	72425	26917	0F0F0F0F	Yes

End of test Fri Sep 29 10:11:45 2023

Pi 5 GCC 8

MP-Integer-Test 64 Bit v2-gcc8 Thu Aug 17 21:32:43 2023

Benchmark 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 and 32 Threads

Secs	Thrds	MB/second			Sumcheck	Same All Tests
		KB	KB	MB		
		16	160	16		
1.7	1	15193	15083	13106	00000000	Yes
1.2	2	30256	30277	13472	FFFFFFFF	Yes
1.0	4	58317	60842	11173	5A5A5A5A	Yes
1.0	8	56279	54906	12132	AAAAAAAA	Yes
0.9	16	54716	59296	13475	CCCCCCCC	Yes
0.5	32	53649	59206	34738	0F0F0F0F	Yes

End of test Thu Aug 17 21:32:49 2023

Stress Tests - No Fan next or [Go To Start](#)

Floating Point and Integer Stress Tests - No Fan

Following are early gcc8 compiled result summaries for the first stress tests without a fan being fitted. They were for 15 minutes, using 1, 2 and 4 threads, measuring average performance over 10 seconds and samples of MHz, Volts and temperatures recordings within that period. The summaries are 5 sets of performance results at the beginning, middle and end, then minimum and maximum values of each column, plus maximum/minimum calculations. Note that, for more than 1 thread, share of data should fit in L1 caches of the utilised cores. Every test ran successfully but identified MHz throttling, with performance degradation between 23% and 55%, besides lower MHz due to throttling, and some voltage reductions. At the end of the integer 4 thread tests, temperatures of up to 90°C were recorded and some CPU clock speeds of 1000 MHz.

Floating Point Stress Test 128 KB						Integer Stress Test 160 KB					
Seconds	MFLOPS	MHz	Volts	CPU °C	PMIC °C	MB/sec	MHz	Volts	CPU °C	PMIC °C	
1 Thread											
0		2400	0.9065	68.6	61.8		2400	0.9065	71.9	64.8	
10	18279	2400	0.9065	73.0	63.0	15128	2400	0.9065	77.4	66.0	
20	18273	2400	0.9065	76.8	63.7	15132	2400	0.9065	78.5	66.8	
30	18284	2400	0.9065	75.2	64.4	15094	2400	0.9065	79.0	67.4	
40	18283	2400	0.9065	78.5	65.0	15095	2400	0.9065	81.8	68.1	
50	18277	2400	0.9065	79.0	65.7	15117	2400	0.9065	82.3	68.9	
420	16459	2201	0.7200	84.5	72.8	12906	2146	0.9065	85.1	73.3	
430	16396	2146	0.9065	85.1	72.8	11522	1500	0.9065	84.0	73.0	
440	16440	2256	0.9065	84.5	72.6	12905	1500	0.9065	84.5	73.3	
450	14862	1500	0.9065	86.2	72.5	12437	1500	0.9065	84.5	73.2	
460	15332	2146	0.9065	84.5	72.5	11505	1500	0.9065	85.1	73.0	
860	15370	2256	0.9065	84.0	72.3	12181	1500	0.7200	85.1	73.6	
870	15318	2201	0.9065	84.5	72.5	11929	2146	0.9065	84.0	73.3	
880	17227	2201	0.7200	84.0	72.8	13275	2201	0.9065	84.5	73.2	
890	16381	1500	0.9065	85.6	72.5	12913	1500	0.9065	84.0	73.4	
900	16364	2201	0.7200	82.9	72.4	11974	1500	0.9065	84.5	73.2	
Max	18284	2400	0.9065	86.2	72.8	15132	2400	0.9065	85.1	73.6	
Min	14862	1500	0.72	68.6	61.8	11505	1500	0.72	71.9	64.8	
Max/Min	1.23	1.60	1.26	1.26	1.18	1.32	1.60	1.26	1.18	1.14	
2 Threads											
0		2400	0.9065	71.4	64.2		2400	0.9065	71.9	64.4	
10	36520	2400	0.9065	79.0	66.8	30425	2400	0.9065	80.7	66.7	
20	35794	2311	0.9065	84.0	68.1	29123	2256	0.9065	84.0	67.8	
30	33156	2256	0.7200	84.5	69.3	28064	2256	0.9065	85.1	68.9	
40	31361	2146	0.7200	85.1	70.0	25692	2201	0.9065	84.0	69.4	
50	30525	2146	0.9065	85.1	70.8	25456	1500	0.9065	84.0	70.1	
420	27102	1500	0.7200	84.5	73.5	21687	1500	0.7200	85.6	73.8	
430	26742	2146	0.7200	85.1	73.5	20675	1500	0.9065	86.2	73.9	
440	27006	1500	0.9065	85.6	73.4	20980	1500	0.7200	85.6	73.6	
450	27092	2201	0.7200	85.6	73.5	21997	1500	0.7200	85.1	73.9	
460	26822	1500	0.9065	85.6	73.3	20854	1500	0.7200	85.1	73.6	
860	26691	2146	0.7200	85.1	73.9	21072	2146	0.7200	85.1	73.9	
870	26989	1500	0.7200	85.1	73.9	21111	1500	0.7200	85.6	73.6	
880	28018	1500	0.7200	85.1	73.9	21035	1500	0.9065	85.6	73.6	
890	27595	1500	0.9065	85.6	73.9	21011	2256	0.7200	84.5	73.8	
900	26449	2256	0.7200	85.1	74.0	21028	1500	0.7200	84.5	73.8	
Max	36520	2400	0.9065	85.6	74.0	30425	2400	0.9065	86.2	73.9	
Min	26449	1500	0.7200	71.4	64.2	20675	1500	0.7200	71.9	64.4	
Max/Min	1.38	1.60	1.26	1.20	1.15	1.47	1.60	1.26	1.20	1.15	
4 Threads											
0		2400	0.9065	71.4	64.3		2400	0.9065	70.8	64.3	
10	61133	1500	0.9065	85.1	68.0	52566	2256	0.7200	83.4	68.1	
20	52128	1500	0.7200	85.6	69.1	44870	1500	0.7200	84.5	69.2	
30	50301	1500	0.7200	85.1	70.8	43266	2256	0.7200	85.1	70.0	
40	49068	1500	0.9065	86.2	71.0	42129	2201	0.7200	84.5	71.2	
50	48448	2201	0.9065	87.3	71.6	41617	1500	0.7200	85.1	71.4	
420	45854	1500	0.7200	86.2	74.3	34701	1500	0.7200	89.5	76.6	
430	45456	1500	0.7200	86.2	74.3	35108	1500	0.7200	88.4	76.6	
440	45859	1500	0.7200	85.6	74.3	35034	1500	0.7200	90.0	76.6	
450	45853	1500	0.7200	85.6	74.3	35099	1500	0.7200	88.9	76.5	
460	45810	1500	0.7200	85.1	74.3	35176	1000	0.7200	89.5	76.6	
860	45686	1500	0.7200	85.1	74.3	34503	1500	0.7200	88.9	76.8	
870	45337	1500	0.7200	84.5	74.3	34056	1500	0.7200	90.0	77.0	
880	46261	1500	0.7200	85.6	74.3	34053	1500	0.7200	88.9	76.6	
890	45069	1500	0.7200	86.2	74.3	33955	1500	0.7200	89.5	77.0	
900	45285	1500	0.7200	86.2	74.6	34188	1500	0.7200	90.0	76.9	
Max	61133	2400	0.9065	87.3	74.6	52566	2400	0.9065	90.0	77.0	
Min	45069	1500	0.7200	71.4	64.3	33955	1000	0.7200	70.8	64.3	
Max/Min	1.36	1.60	1.26	1.22	1.16	1.55	2.40	1.26	1.27	1.20	

## Integer Stress Tests - With Fan

The fan came as part of a 2019 GeekPi Acrylic Case for Raspberry Pi 4 Model B, probably not powerful enough for the Pi 5.

The results provided cover data from L1 and L2 caches, with a starting temperature around 40°C, in a room at 26°C to 27°C. One example made use of one thread, running continuously at full speed and reaching a maximum CPU temperature of 57.1°C. Similarly, one used two threads and ran at full speed, with temperature up to 70.3°C.

There are four examples using 4 threads with KB of data 128, 512, and two at 1024 (to show variations). These all have maximum CPU temperatures indicated as between 84.5°C and 85.1°C with MHz throttling, maximum speeds of around 60 GB/second and minimum about 51 GB/second. Example using 1 and 2 threads indicated constant performance near 15 and 30 GB/second respectively, all at 2400 MHz.

4 Threads 128 KB 4 x L1 Cache						4 threads 1024 KB 4 x L2 Cache					
Seconds	MB/sec	MHz	Volts	CPU °C	PMIC °C	MB/sec	MHz	Volts	CPU °C	PMIC °C	
0		2400	0.9067	38.9	40.1		2400	0.9067	41.1	39.9	
10	59953	2400	0.9067	57.6	43.8	60553	2400	0.9067	56.0	43.7	
20	59448	2400	0.9067	67.0	47.3	60320	2400	0.9067	63.7	45.9	
30	60019	2400	0.9067	70.8	50.0	59929	2400	0.9067	67.0	47.9	
420	51124	2256	0.9067	84.5	62.2	53503	2256	0.9067	84.5	61.4	
430	51011	2146	0.9067	84.5	62.2	53653	2256	0.9067	84.0	61.0	
440	51219	2256	0.9067	84.5	62.4	53297	2146	0.9067	84.5	61.4	
860	50943	2201	0.9067	84.5	62.1	53756	2201	0.9067	83.4	61.7	
870	51446	2311	0.9067	84.0	62.3	53352	2146	0.9067	83.4	61.7	
880	51378	2146	0.7200	82.3	61.9	54173	2201	0.9067	84.5	61.7	
Max	60025	2400	0.9067	84.5	62.4	60553	2400	0.9067	84.5	61.7	
Min	50943	2146	0.7200	38.9	40.1	53157	2146	0.7200	41.1	39.9	
Max/Min	1.18	1.12	1.26	2.17	1.56	1.14	1.12	1.26	2.06	1.55	
4 Threads 512 KB 4 x L2 Cache						1 Thread 512 KB L2 Cache					
0		2400	0.9067	41.7	40.5		2400	0.9067	40.6	39.5	
10	58969	2400	0.9067	59.8	44.9	14995	2400	0.9067	46.6	40.7	
20	59611	2400	0.9067	66.4	47.2	15070	2400	0.9067	48.8	42.1	
30	59488	2400	0.9067	70.8	50.0	15018	2400	0.9067	50.5	43.1	
420	51217	1500	0.9067	84.0	62.1	15068	2400	0.9067	54.3	47.0	
430	50975	2201	0.9067	85.1	61.5	15081	2400	0.9067	53.2	46.9	
440	51841	2256	0.9067	84.0	62.3	15064	2400	0.9067	53.8	46.8	
860	51128	2146	0.9067	85.1	61.3	15031	2400	0.9067	56.5	48.2	
870	50938	2311	0.9067	84.5	62.1	15074	2400	0.9067	56.5	48.1	
880	51460	2400	0.9067	84.0	61.7	15055	2400	0.9067	57.1	48.1	
3560	51254	1500	0.9067	84.0	62.4	15038	2400	0.9067	56.5	47.8	
3570	51414	2146	0.9067	85.1	61.8	15062	2400	0.9067	56.5	47.7	
3580	51197	1500	0.9067	84.5	62.2	15051	2400	0.9067	56.5	47.7	
Max	59611	2400	0.9067	85.1	62.4	15081	2400	0.9067	57.1	48.2	
Min	50938	1500	0.72	41.7	40.5	14995	2400	0.9067	40.6	39.5	
Max/Min	1.17	1.60	1.26	2.04	1.54	1.01	1.00	1.00	1.41	1.22	
2 Threads 512 KB 2 x L2 Cache						4 Threads 1024 KB 4 x L2 Cache					
0		2400	0.9067	39.5	40.0		2400	0.9065	41.1	39.7	
10	30115	2400	0.9067	51.0	42.5	59776	2400	0.9065	57.6	44.2	
20	30172	2400	0.9067	54.9	43.8	59619	2400	0.9065	67.0	47.0	
30	30254	2400	0.9067	55.4	45.0	59773	2400	0.9065	70.8	49.7	
420	30258	2400	0.9067	70.3	53.0	51820	2311	0.7200	84.0	62.0	
430	30295	2400	0.9067	70.3	53.1	51644	2201	0.7200	82.9	61.3	
440	30272	2400	0.9067	68.6	53.2	51512	2146	0.9065	84.5	62.1	
860	30265	2400	0.9067	69.2	53.1	52739	2201	0.9065	83.4	61.7	
870	30252	2400	0.9067	68.1	53.4	52652	2400	0.9065	84.5	61.5	
880	30289	2400	0.9067	68.1	53.2	50956	2201	0.9065	84.5	61.8	
3560	30274	2400	0.9067	69.7	53.2	51051	2311	0.9065	84.5	62.5	
3570	30296	2400	0.9067	68.6	53.2	51008	2146	0.7200	82.3	62.5	
3580	30246	2400	0.9067	68.6	53.2	51157	1500	0.9065	83.4	62.5	
Max	30296	2400	0.9067	70.3	53.4	59812	2400	0.9065	84.5	62.5	
Min	30115	2400	0.9067	39.5	40.0	50776	1500	0.7200	41.1	39.7	
Max/Min	1.01	1.00	1.00	1.78	1.34	1.18	1.60	1.26	2.06	1.57	

Floating Point Stress Tests - With Fan next or [Go To Start](#)

Floating Point Stress Tests - With Fan

Only two set of results are provided both using 4 threads, with the same data size of 512 KB, one with 2 floating point operations per data word, starting at 51.2 GFLOPS, and the other with 32 floating point operations per data word, starting at 72.3 GFLOPS. At the end of the 15 minutes runs, performance was indicated at 43.3 and 72.2 GFLOPS respectively, the slower one running at higher temperatures. The fastest near constant performance was confirmed by constant CPU MHz reports.

Estimating data flow from MFLOPS and Ops/Word indicates that the test with the slower CPU performance has a much higher data transfer speed and that can influence CPU temperatures.

4 Threads 2 Ops/Word 512 KB 4 x L2 4 reads 32 Ops/Word 512 KB 4 x L2										
Seconds	MFLOPS	MHz	Volts	CPU °C	PMIC °C	MFLOPS	MHz	Volts	CPU °C	PMIC °C
0		2400	0.9067	41.7	41.2		1500	0.9067	40.0	40.6
10	51228	2400	0.9067	65.9	48.3	72366	2400	0.9067	59.3	44.6
20	50610	2400	0.9067	76.8	52.3	72350	2400	0.9067	67.0	47.3
30	50799	2400	0.9067	82.3	55.9	72370	2400	0.9067	70.3	49.3
40	51452	2201	0.9067	83.4	57.7	72348	2400	0.9067	71.9	51.2
50	50451	2256	0.9067	82.9	59.0	72212	2400	0.9067	74.1	52.6
420	43777	1500	0.9067	84.0	62.3	72348	2400	0.9067	81.2	58.9
430	43870	2400	0.9067	84.5	62.5	72381	2400	0.9067	81.2	58.9
440	43733	2201	0.9067	84.0	62.3	72617	2400	0.9067	80.7	58.9
450	43887	2146	0.9067	84.5	61.7	72201	2400	0.9067	80.7	58.8
460	43609	2201	0.9067	85.1	61.9	72229	2400	0.9067	81.2	58.9
860	43726	2366	0.9067	84.5	62.3	72294	2400	0.9067	81.2	59.2
870	43346	2201	0.9067	84.5	62.3	72465	2400	0.9067	81.2	59.1
880	44063	2146	0.9067	85.1	61.9	72257	2400	0.9067	81.8	59.3
890	43412	2201	0.9067	84.5	62.2	72173	2400	0.9067	81.2	59.2
900	43353	2146	0.9067	84.5	62.5	72163	2366	0.9067	81.2	59.2
Max	51452	2400	0.9067	85.1	62.5	72617	2400	0.9067	81.8	59.3
Min	43346	1500	0.9067	41.7	41.2	72163	1500	0.9067	40.0	40.6
Max/Min	1.19	1.60	1.00	2.04	1.52	1.01	1.60	1.00	2.05	1.46

Stress Test Parameters

The following show stress test run time parameters. The classifications can be upper or lower case and only the first character is interpreted.

```
./MP-FPUStress Threads tt, Minutes mm, KB kk, Ops oo, Log ll
./MP-FPUStressDP Threads tt, Minutes mm, KB kk, Ops oo, Log ll
./MP-IntStress Threads tt, Minutes mm, KB kk, Log ll
./RPiHeatMHzVolts2 Passes pp, Seconds ss, Log ll
vmstat ss pp

tt = Threads 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, (64 FPU) mm = Minutes greater than 0
kk = KBytes 12 to 15624 oo = Operations Per Word 2, 8 or 32
ll = number added to log file name, 0 to 99 pp = Passes (at ss econd intervals)
ss = Second intervals
```

New Power Supply below or [Go To Start](#)

## **New 4 Amps Power Supply No Disk Crash**

[Earlier I](#) reported that the Pi 5 crashed when running a stress test on a USB based disk drive along with one executing integer calculations via four threads. A 3 amps power supply was in use.

With no 5 amps power supplies being available, I investigated the Power over Ethernet (PoE) route. My existing Power Injector and Splitter were limited to providing 2.5 amps. There are lots of Injectors delivering 25 or 30 watts but I could not find a Splitter producing 5 amps at 5 volts. However, I acquired a GeeekPi Gigabit USB-C PoE Splitter 48V to 5V, 4A and YuanLey Gigabit PoE Injector 30W, PoE+.

They did not explode on connecting them and I was able to run those tests successfully, once with SD booting and disk on USB 3 and second booting and testing a disk on a USB 3 hub. My monitors typically indicated power in 5.2V 2.8A and USB supply 4.9V and 0.75A.

New INTitHOT Integer Stress Test below o or [Go To Start](#)

## New Integer Stress Test - INTitHOT64g12

Above, I showed that my MP-BusSpeed benchmark could achieve a data transfer rate of 150 GB/second. I have now converted the particular procedures to work as a stress test, with variable options that operate at up to 168 GB/second. Later, 240 GB/second was obtained using L1 cache sized data. As the program is executing AND instructions, this demonstrated Terabit performance at 1.92 Tbps.

The tests identified three particular problems. With no fan, CPU temperature appeared to reach 90°C. Then, with a fan, current draw was indicated as being up to 2.3 amps. Also, in both cases there was significant CPU MHz throttling

Following is the C program function calculations and main disassembled code. It is effectively a read only test of 64 words, from a large array, executing AND instructions for a one word output. Each thread exercises a dedicated segment of the data, circulated on a round robin basis, reading all data every pass. The disassembly shows (I believe) loading data into eight pairs of quad word registers, then sixteen quad word AND operations.

In case of anybody is interested in running (or modifying), the program, the source and compiled codes, along with my environmental monitor are available from ResearchGate in [INTitHOT.tar.xz](https://www.researchgate.net/publication/354111111).

### Test Function Calculations

```
andsum1[t] = andsum1[t] & array[i  ] & array[i+1 ] & array[i+2 ] & array[i+3 ]
                        & array[i+4 ] & array[i+5 ] & array[i+6 ] & array[i+7 ]
                        & array[i+8 ] & array[i+9 ] & array[i+10] & array[i+11]
                        & array[i+12] & array[i+13] & array[i+14] & array[i+15]
                        & array[i+16] & array[i+17] & array[i+18] & array[i+19]
                        & array[i+20] & array[i+21] & array[i+22] & array[i+23]
                        & array[i+24] & array[i+25] & array[i+26] & array[i+27]
                        & array[i+28] & array[i+29] & array[i+30] & array[i+31]
                        & array[i+32] & array[i+33] & array[i+34] & array[i+35]
                        & array[i+36] & array[i+37] & array[i+38] & array[i+39]
                        & array[i+40] & array[i+41] & array[i+42] & array[i+43]
                        & array[i+44] & array[i+45] & array[i+46] & array[i+47]
                        & array[i+48] & array[i+49] & array[i+50] & array[i+51]
                        & array[i+52] & array[i+53] & array[i+54] & array[i+55]
                        & array[i+56] & array[i+57] & array[i+58] & array[i+59]
                        & array[i+60] & array[i+61] & array[i+62] & array[i+63];
```

### Inner Loop Disassembly

```
.L128:
    ldp q31, q30, [x0]
    add w13, w13, 1
    ldp q29, q28, [x0, 32]
    ldp q27, q26, [x0, 64]
    ldp q25, q24, [x0, 96]
    ldp q23, q22, [x0, 128]
    ldp q21, q20, [x0, 160]
    ldp q19, q18, [x0, 192]
    ldp q17, q16, [x0, 224]
    add x0, x0, 256
    and v15.16b, v15.16b, v31.16b
    and v0.16b, v0.16b, v30.16b
    and v14.16b, v14.16b, v29.16b
    and v13.16b, v13.16b, v28.16b
    and v12.16b, v12.16b, v27.16b
    and v11.16b, v11.16b, v26.16b
    and v10.16b, v10.16b, v25.16b
    and v9.16b, v9.16b, v24.16b
    and v8.16b, v8.16b, v23.16b
    and v7.16b, v7.16b, v22.16b
    and v6.16b, v6.16b, v21.16b
    and v5.16b, v5.16b, v20.16b
    and v4.16b, v4.16b, v19.16b
    and v3.16b, v3.16b, v18.16b
    and v2.16b, v2.16b, v17.16b
    and v1.16b, v1.16b, v16.16b
    cmp w2, w13
    bhi .L128
```

INTitHOT Pi 5 and Pi 4 Maximum Speeds below o or [Go To Start](#)

INTitHOT PI 5 and Pi 4 Maximum Speeds - With Fan

The INTitHOT tests were run with the fan operational to demonstrate maximum speeds over the first few passes, using the same run time parameters on the Pi 5 and Pi 4. These accessed 64 KB using 1, 2 and 4 threads. Here, near constant elapsed times at all thread levels indicate high efficiency. This applied to the Pi 5 results. But, for an inexplicable reason, the Pi 4 failed to benefit from using 4 threads. Note that the latter system was booted and used via the Pi 5 OS SD card.

Pi 5 performance gains over Pi 4 results were 3.94 and 4.62 at 1 and 2 threads and maybe 10 times at 4 threads. Fastest Pi 5 performance was 240 Gigabytes per second, using 4 threads. This indicates the equivalent of 120 Giga Instructions Per Second (GIPS) or 60 Giga Integer Arithmetic Operations Per Second (GIAOPS).

Also below are maximum speeds using 9 data sizes between 64 and 16384 KB. This test was included in my benchmark, intended to measure bus speeds. In this case, the memory bus speed is indicated as 27 GB/second. Here, at 16 MB data size, each of the 4 threads would be cycling through dedicated segments of 4 MB. Maximum observed current draw was 2.3 amps at 512 KB data size, higher than at 64 KB but with slower performance.

Pi 5				Pi 4			
INTitHOT 64 Bit gcc 12 Thu Oct 19 15:51:53 2023				INTitHOT 64 Bit gcc 12 Thu Oct 19 15:11:35 2023			
1 Threads. 64 KBytes, 500000 Passes 1+ Minutes				1 Threads. 64 KBytes, 500000 Passes 1+ Minutes			
Repeat	MB/second	Seconds		Repeat	MB/second	Seconds	
1	56796	0.58		1	14418	2.27	
2	56612	0.58		2	14412	2.27	
3	56704	0.58		3	14404	2.27	
#####				#####			
INTitHOT 64 Bit gcc 12 Thu Oct 19 15:51:16 2023				INTitHOT 64 Bit gcc 12 Thu Oct 19 15:11:06 2023			
2 Threads. 64 KBytes, 500000 Passes 1+ Minutes				2 Threads. 64 KBytes, 500000 Passes 1+ Minutes			
Repeat	MB/second	Seconds		Repeat	MB/second	Seconds	
1	113194	0.58		1	24510	2.67	
2	113663	0.58		2	24415	2.68	
3	113272	0.58		3	24412	2.68	
#####				#####			
INTitHOT 64 Bit gcc 12 Thu Oct 19 15:50:53 2023				INTitHOT 64 Bit gcc 12 Thu Oct 19 15:10:29 2023			
4 Threads. 64 KBytes, 500000 Passes 1+ Minutes				4 Threads. 64 KBytes, 500000 Passes 1+ Minutes			
Repeat	MB/second	Seconds		Repeat	MB/second	Seconds	
1	240850	0.54		1	23839	5.50	
2	231406	0.57		2	23832	5.50	
3	240861	0.54		3	23836	5.50	
#####				#####			
Pi 5 4 Threads Maximum speeds				Power			
Passes	KB	MB/sec	Secs	amps			
500000	64	240850	0.54 L1	1.8 to 1.9			
500000	128	165221	1.59 L2	1.9 to 2.0			
500000	256	168499	3.11	1.9 to 2.0			
500000	512	158777	6.64	2.1 to 2.3			
50000	512	158019	0.66	2.1 to 2.3			
50000	1024	73043	2.87 L3	1.8 to 1.9			
50000	2048	52050	8.06 L3	1.7 to 1.8			
50000	4096	32024	26.18 RAM	1.6 to 1.7			
50000	8192	30767	54.53	1.5 to 1.6			
50000	16384	26983	124.35	1.5 to 1.7			

## INTitHOT Stress Tests

The tests were all run for 15 minutes using 4 threads, covering two data sizes, 64 KB for the fastest via L1 caches and the hottest at 512 KB using L2 caches. In a table, each performance measurement is for the same pass count, where the time taken can increase due to CPU MHz throttling. The environmental monitor was run at the same time, sampling at 39 second intervals.

Later the full details are provided of the two test sessions running with the fan cooling disconnected and the default CPU frequency ondemand scaling setting used. Others with the performance setting were also run, providing similar long term variations in performance. Here, we have summaries of fan and no fan situations.

With no fan in use, there was significant CPU MHz throttling at both data sizes, less so at 64 KB with the higher KB/second data transfer speeds.

With fan cooling, the 64 KB test was not affected much by MHz throttling, suffering by a mere 5% degradation in performance, compared with 16% at 512 KB, with additional throttling but not that much increase in CPU temperature.

	MB/sec	Secs	MHz	Volts	CPU °C	PMIC °C
64 KB No Fan						
Min	150715	16.4	1500	0.7200	42.8	44.2
Max	240498	26.1	2256	0.9060	87.3	75.4
Average			1689	0.7492	84.0	71.5
512 KB No Fan						
Min	84743	29.0	1000	0.7200	47.7	47.3
Max	144811	49.5	2146	0.9060	90.0	77.4
Average			1380	0.7433	86.8	74.1
64 KB Fan						
Min	228738	32.7	2256	0.9067	41.7	39.9
Max	240414	34.4	2400	0.9067	84.0	60.1
Average			2306	0.9067	82.3	59.7
512 KB Fan						
Min	124143	29.2	1500	0.7200	41.7	43.0
Max	143845	33.8	2400	0.9060	85.6	62.5
Average			2193	0.8700	83.6	61.5

INTitHOT Stress Test 64 KB next or [Go To Start](#)

## INTitHOT Stress Test 64 KB - No Fan

The fan was not successful in controlling the CPU temperature that reached 85.6°C, leading to a 14% reduction in measured performance. The temperature, CPU MHz and voltage had regular variations.

PI 5 Stress Test 64 KB, no fan, ondemand MHz scaling

INTitHOT Fri Oct 20 11:20:38 Temperature and CPU MHz Measurement  
4 Threads 64 KB 15000000 Passes Start at Fri Oct 20 11:20:33 2023

Repeat	MB/sec	Secs	Seconds	MHz	Volts	CPU °C	PMIC °C
			0	1500	0.9060	42.8	44.2
1	240498	16.4	30	2256	0.9060	83.4	58.8
2	225209	17.5	60	1500	0.9060	85.6	65.4
3	195713	20.1	91	1500	0.9060	86.2	69.0
4	182682	21.5	121	1500	0.7200	84.5	71.4
5	172867	22.8	151	1500	0.7200	85.1	72.0
6	166663	23.6	182	1500	0.7200	85.1	72.5
7	163066	24.1	212	2146	0.7200	86.2	73.1
8	160312	24.5	242	1500	0.7200	84.5	73.9
9	158921	24.7	273	1500	0.7200	85.6	73.4
10	157789	24.9	303	1500	0.7200	85.1	73.8
11	156465	25.1	334	1500	0.7200	85.6	73.8
12	154721	25.4	364	1500	0.7200	85.6	73.8
13	155261	25.3	394	1500	0.7200	85.1	73.9
14	154156	25.5	425	1500	0.7200	86.2	74.2
15	153030	25.7	455	1500	0.7200	86.2	74.1
16	152971	25.7	485	1500	0.7200	86.2	74.5
17	153125	25.7	515	1500	0.7200	85.6	74.5
18	152132	25.9	546	1500	0.7200	85.6	74.5
19	152081	25.9	576	1500	0.7200	86.2	74.8
20	152261	25.8	606	1500	0.7200	86.2	74.8
21	151389	26.0	637	1500	0.7200	85.6	74.6
22	151139	26.0	667	1500	0.7200	86.7	74.9
23	151028	26.0	697	1500	0.7200	86.7	75.0
24	151525	26.0	728	1500	0.7200	86.2	75.1
25	151101	26.0	758	1500	0.7200	86.7	75.0
26	151200	26.0	788	1500	0.7200	86.2	75.2
27	151501	26.0	819	1500	0.7200	87.3	75.2
28	150845	26.1	849	1500	0.7200	86.7	75.4
29	150795	26.1	879	1500	0.7200	86.7	75.2
30	150715	26.1	910	1500	0.7200	87.3	75.2
31	151059	26.0	940	1500	0.9060	76.8	72.8
32	150767	26.1					
33	150751	26.1					
34	150959	26.1					

35	150927	26.1				
36	150783	26.1				
37	151009	26.0				
Min	150715	16.4	1500	0.7200	42.8	44.2
Max	240498	26.1	2256	0.9060	87.3	75.4
Average			1689	0.7492	84.0	71.5

INTitHOT Stress Test 512 KB next or [Go To Start](#)

INTitHOT Stress Test 512 KB - No Fan

This recorded the highest temperatures at 90°C and 42% reduction in MB/second, with lowest CPU frequency regularly at 1000 MHz. Voltage was mainly constant at 0.7200 along with temperature near the top end.

PI 5 Stress Test Detail - 512 KB, no fan, ondemand MHz scaling							
INTitHOT Fri Oct 20 10:49:05				Temperature and CPU MHz Measurement			
4 Threads 512 KB 2000000 Passes				Start at Fri Oct 20 10:48:58 2023			
Repeat	MB/sec	Secs	Seconds	MHz	Volts	CPU °C	PMIC °C
			0	1500	0.9060	47.7	47.3
1	144811	29.0	30	1500	0.9060	84.5	62.8
2	117807	35.6	60	1500	0.9060	86.7	67.7
3	109939	38.2	91	2146	0.7200	85.1	70.3
4	106055	39.6	121	1500	0.7200	85.6	71.3
5	104401	40.2	152	1500	0.7200	85.6	72.2
6	103921	40.4	182	1500	0.7200	85.1	72.6
7	103770	40.4	212	1500	0.7200	86.7	73.1
8	103705	40.4	243	1500	0.7200	87.8	74.1
9	101765	41.2	273	1500	0.7200	87.8	74.9
10	98730	42.5	303	1500	0.7200	88.9	75.3
11	96339	43.5	334	1500	0.7200	89.5	75.8
12	93876	44.7	364	1500	0.7200	89.5	76.0
13	92469	45.4	394	1500	0.7200	90.0	76.0
14	90528	46.3	425	1000	0.7200	89.5	76.2
15	88594	47.3	455	1500	0.7200	88.9	76.3
16	88113	47.6	485	1500	0.7200	88.4	76.6
17	87023	48.2	515	1500	0.7200	90.0	76.5
18	86581	48.4	546	1500	0.7200	90.0	77.0
19	85699	48.9	576	1500	0.7200	89.5	77.1
20	84743	49.5	606	1000	0.7200	88.9	77.0
21	84760	49.5	637	1000	0.7200	90.0	77.0
			667	1000	0.7200	88.4	77.2
			698	1000	0.7200	88.4	77.2
			728	1500	0.7200	89.5	77.3
			758	1000	0.7200	89.5	77.2
			789	1000	0.7200	90.0	77.3
			819	1500	0.7200	90.0	77.2
			849	1000	0.7200	90.0	77.2
			880	1500	0.7200	89.5	77.4
			910	1000	0.7200	89.5	77.4
			940	1500	0.9060	75.7	73.0
Min	84743	28.96		1000	0.7200	47.7	47.3
Max	144811	49.49		2146	0.9060	90.0	77.4
Average				1380	0.7433	86.8	74.1

32 Bit System Stress Tests below or [Go To Start](#)

System Stress Tests

All these tests were run for 30 minutes, exercising the CPU, graphics and data input/output and included my environment and VMSTAT performance monitors, the, latter to validate the program MBytes per second measurements and confirm that CPU utilisation was at the expected near 100% level. A script file was used to ensure that the programs started in at the same time. In most cases, performance was measured or sampled every 60 seconds.

An example script file is below, also the commands to run the OpenGL program from a separate terminal, with VSYNC turned off to produce maximum frames per second (FPS).

Script File

```
lterminal -e ./RPiHeatMHzVolts64 Passes 31 Seconds 60 Log 7 &
lterminal -e ./INTiHOT64g12 threads 2, kBStress 64, Minutes 30, passCount 4000000, logNumber 7 &
lterminal -e ./MP-FPUSStress64g12 threads 2, kb 512, ops 32, Minutes 30, log 7 &
lterminal -e sudo ./burnindrive264g12 Repeats 16, Minutes 27, Log 8, Seconds 1, F /media/raspberrypi/public/ray &
lterminal -e sudo ./burnindrive264g12 Repeats 16, Minutes 27, Log 9, Seconds 1, F /media/raspberrypi/EXT3 &
lterminal -e vmstat 60 30 . vmstat7.txt
```

Separate Terminal

```
export vblank_mode=0
./videogl64C12 Test 6 Minutes 30
```

Of particular note, the first set of tests identifies increases in CPU temperature up to 91.7°C, with no fan running.

A questionable more significant problem, during the second set of tests, was the disk program indicating errors and the drive temporarily dropping off line during a test with the fan operational. The errors were the same as on earlier runs using a 3 amps power supply, the present PoE connection supposedly providing 4 amps.

Monitoring the input power used and that supplied for the USB drive, indicated that consumption was fairly constant between 2 and 15 minutes testing time, providing the following typical meter readings. These suggest that the disk drive might be more vulnerable to failure when the CPU is fully loaded and CPU MHz throttling might be useful if danger can be predicted.

No Fan Poor CPU Performance				With Fan Good CPU Performance			
Power		USB		Power		USB	
Volts	Amps	Volts	Amps	Volts	Amps	Volts	Amps
5.26	1.75	5.06	0.53	5.20	2.60	4.94	0.53

Light System Stress Test below or [Go To Start](#)

Light System Stress Test

The first sessions involved INTitHOT64g12, using 4 threads accessing 512 KB data, with a pass count to control minimum running time. Then, with this test, total running time was specified as 30 minutes, leading to fewer results when the CPU MHz was throttled. These MB/second results were allocated at two minute intervals. Other inclusions were burnindrive264g12 to a USB3 disk drive, plus videogl64C12 accessing the most demanding display test, producing FPS results every 30 seconds, with results provided at 60 second intervals, as shown in the detailed tables below.

Following are two sets of results for one run with the fan in use and one without the fan. On the bright side, these and a number of other tests, using the same parameters, ran without any issues. But CPU MHz throttling occurred in all cases.

Summaries

Minimum values are often isolated examples and can often be ignored. Best scores shown at the head of the table are from standalone runs. Maximum benchmark performance measurements suffer from being noted a minute after start time. Averages indicate significant reductions for the integer and OpenGL tests but little difference on disk drive data transfer speeds.

Of particular note is the CPU temperature measurement of 91.7°C with the fan out of use.

					Integer	VMSTAT Disk	OpenGL
	MHz	Volts	CPU °C	PMIC °C	MB/sec	KB/sec	FPS
Best					145000	63000	102
512 KB FAN							
Average	2128	0.8878	82.8	61.8	97568	60368	65.3
Min	1500	0.7200	42.2	39.7	95281	59159	61.0
Max	2400	0.9058	85.1	63.2	106457	61815	69.0
512 KB NO FAN							
Average	1174	0.7260	88.7	77.0	55898	56081	40.0
Min	1000	0.7200	56.0	53.7	45528	19941	33.0
Max	2400	0.9058	91.7	79.5	79094	58095	58.0
Average No Fan							
%Reduction	45	18	7	20	43	7	39

Light Test With Fan below or [Go To Start](#)

Light Test With Fan

Note that CPU temperature is shown to be more than 84°C for most of the time.

512 KB FAN								
Seconds	MHz	Volts	CPU °C	PMIC °C	Integer MB/sec	VMSTAT		OpenGL FPS
						Disk KB/sec		
0	2400	0.9058	42.2	39.7				
60	2146	0.9058	84.5	59.5	106457	61815		69
120	2146	0.9058	84.0	62.2		60132		68
181	2201	0.9058	84.5	62.1		61054		66
241	2366	0.9058	84.0	62.5	97930	60130		65
301	2201	0.9058	85.1	62.4		60235		67
362	2256	0.9058	84.0	62.8		60548		64
422	2146	0.9058	84.0	62.5	96799	59701		65
482	2146	0.9058	84.0	63.1		60461		67
542	2201	0.9058	85.1	62.0		60175		66
603	2146	0.7200	84.0	63.0	96761	60006		65
663	2146	0.9058	85.1	61.9		61348		64
723	2311	0.9058	84.5	62.8		59479		67
784	2146	0.9058	84.5	62.9	97231	61585		64
844	2146	0.7200	82.9	62.8		59742		64
904	2146	0.9058	82.3	62.8		60262		66
965	1500	0.9058	84.5	62.8	96604	61429		67
1025	2366	0.9058	84.0	62.9		59341		65
1086	1500	0.9058	84.0	62.3		60804		64
1146	2201	0.9058	83.4	62.8	96213	59546		65
1206	2256	0.9058	84.0	62.8		59360		64
1267	2366	0.9058	84.5	63.2		61687		68
1327	1500	0.9058	84.5	63.0	96053			64
1387	2146	0.9058	84.5	62.8		59159		66
1447	2146	0.9058	85.1	61.9		60655		65
1508	1500	0.9058	84.5	62.9	96349			67
1568	2400	0.7200	81.8	62.7		60491		66
1629	2146	0.9058	85.1	62.1		59962		64
1689	2400	0.9058	85.1	62.1	95281			63
1749	2146	0.9058	84.0	62.3		60429		61
1809	2146	0.9058	84.5	62.9		60390		64
Average	2128	0.8878	82.8	61.8	97568	60368		65.3
Min	1500	0.7200	42.2	39.7	95281	59159		61.0
Max	2400	0.9058	85.1	63.2	106457	61815		69.0

Light Test No Fan below or [Go To Start](#)

## Light Test No Fan

Note that the CPU is running at 1000 MHz for much of the time, with CPU temperature around 90°C and that for the Power Management Integrated Circuit more than 78°C.

512 KB NO FAN								
Seconds	MHz	Volts	CPU °C	PMIC °C	MB/sec	KB/sec	FPS	
0	2400	0.9058	56.0	53.7				
60	1500	0.7200	86.2	69.5	79094	19941	58	
120	1500	0.7200	85.6	72.5		58012	52	
181	1500	0.7200	87.8	73.9		57754	50	
241	1500	0.7200	88.9	75.8	70129	56880	50	
301	1500	0.7200	89.5	76.9		57616	48	
362	1500	0.7200	89.5	77.0	64348	57313	45	
422	1000	0.7200	90.6	77.1		57850	44	
482	1500	0.7200	88.9	77.6	57341	57980	42	
543	1000	0.7200	89.5	78.2		57245	44	
603	1000	0.7200	90.0	78.1		57311	41	
663	1000	0.7200	90.0	78.2	53759	57391	39	
724	1000	0.7200	88.9	78.6		57486	37	
784	1000	0.7200	89.5	78.1		57786	38	
844	1000	0.7200	90.0	78.3	50933	57456	36	
905	1000	0.7200	90.0	78.5		57914	37	
965	1000	0.7200	90.6	78.7		56861	38	
1025	1000	0.7200	90.0	78.6	49921	57428	37	
1086	1500	0.7200	89.5	78.9		57705	36	
1146	1000	0.7200	90.6	78.9		57445	38	
1206	1000	0.7200	90.0	78.6	48803	57803	39	
1267	1000	0.7200	90.0	78.9		57618	36	
1327	1000	0.7200	90.0	79.1			36	
1387	1000	0.7200	90.6	78.9	47790	57545	37	
1448	1000	0.7200	90.0	78.5		58095	36	
1508	1000	0.7200	90.6	79.4			34	
1568	1000	0.7200	90.0	79.0	47234	57055	35	
1629	1000	0.7200	91.7	79.1		57110	35	
1689	1000	0.7200	91.1	79.5			34	
1750	1000	0.7200	91.7	79.3	45528	56708	35	
1810	1000	0.7200	91.7	79.4		56874	33	
Average	1174	0.7260	88.7	77.0	55898	56081	40.0	
Min	1000	0.7200	56.0	53.7	45528	19941	33.0	
Max	2400	0.9058	91.7	79.5	79094	58095	58.0	

Heavy System Stress Test below or [Go To Start](#)

Heavy System Stress Test

This session comprised INTiHOT64g12, with 2 threads at 64 KB, MP-FPUStress64g12 with 2 threads at 512 KB, burnindrive264g12 to a PC via Ethernet, burnindrive264g12 to a USB 3 disk drive and videogl64C12 as before. Detailed important results are provided for fan and no fan scenarios, with two for the former as the first one failed. Note that, compared with 4 thread results, those for 2 threads can be slower than expected as the main data source can be from L2 cache instead of L1.

On running these tests the main issue was that the second test failed due to data comparison failures on reading. The first indication was a system warning that the disk drive was no longer available but it was remounted. Following are examples of reported errors, similar to the earlier ones described above in [Disk Drive Errors and Crashes](#). These were thought to have been caused by the inadequate 3 amps power supply. Also, see the comments in the initial [System Stress Testing summary](#).

```
Read passes      74 x 4 Files x   164.00 MB in    14.03 minutes
Error reading file 1

Wrong File Read szzzttestz-3 instead of szzzttestz1
Error reading file 2

Pass  76 file szzzttestz1 word  1, data error was FFFFFFFD expected FFFFFFFB
Pass  76 file szzzttestz1 word  2, data error was FFFFFFFD expected FFFFFFFB
```

A summary of the three tests sessions follow. As indicated [above](#) power consumption was higher during the tests run with the fan operational, which reduced temperatures, enabling faster performance. Without the fan, MHz throttling, involving higher temperatures, reduced current demands with slower performance. It seems that power consumption was more important than system temperature when considering stability.

	MHz	Volts	CPU °C	PMIC °C	Integer MB/sec	Floating MFLOPS	OpenGL FPS	& VMSTAT Disk MB/s	Program LAN MB/s
Best	2400				114000	32000	102	63	36
Test 9 NO FAN									
Average	1239	0.7312	88.7	77.5	38696	12361	39	Mainly	27
Min	1000	0.7200	70.8	64.7	30093	9836	31	58-59	
Max	2400	0.9118	90.6	79.4	76652	22873	51		
Test 10 FAN									
Average	2288	0.9118	81.2	60.2	71940	24046	66	Error	27
Min	2146	0.9118	42.8	40.5	64379	22518	61		
Max	2400	0.9118	84.0	61.7	78453	27388	70		
Test 11 FAN									
Average	2276	0.9080	80.8	59.7	71794	24003	66	Mainly	27
Min	1500	0.7950	41.7	38.8	59602	20594	60	57-58	
Max	2400	0.9118	84.0	61.4	82481	26551	72		
Average No Fan									
%Reductions	46	19	9	23	46	49	41	-2	0

Heavy Test No Fan below or [Go To Start](#)

## Heavy Test No Fan

At 100% CPU utilisation, the following measurements were similar to those during the No Fan Light System Test, with the CPU running at 1000 MHz for much of the time, temperatures around 90°C and that for the Power Management Integrated Circuit more than 78°C.

Test 9 NO FAN					Integer	Floating	OpenGL	VMSTAT	
Second	MHz	Volts	CPU °C	PMIC °C	MB/sec	MFLOPS	FPS	Disk	MB/s
0	2400	0.9118	70.8	64.7					
60	1500	0.7200	85.6	72.5	76652	22873	51	0.3	
120	1500	0.7200	86.2	74.1	50138	15511	50	41.9	
180	1500	0.7200	88.4	75.8	44886	15027	48	58.8	
240	1500	0.7200	89.5	76.6	49106	15012	46	58.1	
300	1500	0.7200	88.9	77.2	44702	14215	45	59.6	
360	1000	0.7200	90.0	77.5	41739	12596	43	58.5	
420	1500	0.7200	89.5	77.6	41734	12524	43	59.3	
480	1000	0.7200	90.0	77.7	40211	12041	42	58.1	
540	1000	0.7200	90.0	78.0	39083	13329	41	58.4	
600	1500	0.7200	89.5	78.2	37814	12529	38	58.3	
660	1500	0.7200	90.0	78.2	36144	11875	38	58.5	
720	1000	0.7200	89.5	78.3	35741	11720	36	58.2	
780	1000	0.7200	90.6	78.5	37614	13467	38	58.5	
840	1000	0.7200	89.5	78.7	33104	10712	35	57.6	
900	1000	0.7200	90.0	78.6	39563	11029	38	58.6	
960	1000	0.7200	90.0	78.4	37259	11448	38	58.2	
1020	1000	0.7200	89.5	78.9	34469	11583	39	57.8	
1080	1000	0.7200	90.0	78.3	35970	11306	38	57.4	
1140	1500	0.7200	90.0	78.7	34045	12281	36	58.6	
1200	1000	0.7200	90.0	78.4	35297	10928	38	59.1	
1260	1500	0.7200	90.0	78.9	37365	12002	36	58.3	
1320	1000	0.7200	90.0	78.5	34004	11252	36	58.2	
1380	1000	0.7200	90.0	78.4	34892	11070	34	58.8	
1440	1000	0.7200	90.0	78.7	36255	10274	37	58.8	
1500	1000	0.7200	88.9	78.7	33912	11320	37	58.3	
1560	1500	0.7200	89.5	79.0	33513	11426	35	58.7	
1620	1000	0.7200	89.5	79.0	30093	10650	35	58.8	
1680	1000	0.7200	89.5	79.4	32852	9836	32	58.7	
1740	1000	0.7200	90.0	79.1	30465	10273	31	122.6	
1800	1500	0.8769	85.1	77.1	32262	10709	32	146.5	
Average	1239	0.7312	88.7	77.5	38696	12361	39		
Min	1000	0.7200	70.8	64.7	30093	9836	31		
Max	2400	0.9118	90.6	79.4	76652	22873	51		

Heavy Test With Fan below or [Go To Start](#)

Heavy Test With Fan - FAILED

As shown initially below, system behaviour did not appear to be much different to that, at the same point, during the later successful test. However, these are instantaneous measurements that can be different in the next picosecond. Also I did note USB power measurements of 4.8 volts at 0.53 amps, compared with 4.94 and 0.53 [quoted above](#). But this might be due to infrequent manual sampling.

Tests 10 and 11 at 900 seconds									
T11	900	2366	0.9118	83.4	61.0	61490	24333	68	58.1
T10	900	2256	0.9118	83.4	61.5	70134	22929	61	59.1
Test 10 FAN									
Second	MHz	Volts	CPU °C	PMIC °C	Integer MB/sec	Floating MFLOPS	OpenGL FPS	VMSTAT Disk MB/s	
0	2400	0.9118	42.8	40.5					
60	2400	0.9118	79.0	55.6	70918	25009	65	9.5	
120	2201	0.9118	82.3	59.7	73729	23355	68	42.9	
180	2366	0.9118	82.9	60.9	68151	24311	67	59.5	
240	2311	0.9118	83.4	61.0	70410	23307	67	59.7	
300	2146	0.9118	82.9	61.0	73093	23714	65	58.6	
360	2311	0.9118	82.3	61.3	69355	22632	64	59.1	
420	2311	0.9118	82.9	61.5	74376	23902	62	59.1	
480	2311	0.9118	83.4	61.0	64379	23731	63	59.2	
540	2201	0.9118	82.9	61.4	72430	22757	66	58.4	
600	2201	0.9118	83.4	61.2	67268	25440	65	58.9	
660	2256	0.9118	82.9	61.7	70452	22864	66	58.2	
720	2311	0.9118	83.4	61.5	66588	22796	64	59.0	
780	2256	0.9118	82.9	61.4	71766	22518	64	59.5	
840	2146	0.9118	84.0	61.7	69162	23801	65	59.0	
900	2256	0.9118	83.4	61.5	70134	22929	61	59.1	
960	2201	0.9118	82.9	61.2	75122	24518	61	31.5	
1020	2400	0.9118	82.9	61.4	74535	23855	64	0.1	FAILED
1080	2311	0.9118	82.9	61.0	74460	23832	62	0	
1140	2256	0.9118	82.9	61.0	71397	23861	64	0	
1200	2311	0.9118	83.4	61.0	75347	23264	64	0	
1260	2311	0.9118	82.3	61.0	72384	24361	62	0	
1320	2366	0.9118	83.4	61.5	74719	25401	70	2	
1380	2400	0.9118	82.3	61.2	71234	24356	69	0	
1440	2311	0.9118	83.4	61.4	73853	24652	67	0	
1500	2366	0.9118	82.9	61.3	71402	24619	66	0	
1560	2146	0.9118	84.0	61.4	78453	23417	70	0	
1620	2256	0.9118	84.0	61.0	71631	24961	70	0	
1680	2311	0.9118	82.9	61.0	74461	25101	69	0	
1740	2201	0.9118	83.4	61.3	73486	24737	69	0	
1800	2400	0.9118	70.3	57.1	73493	27388	68	0	
Average	2288	0.9118	81.2	60.2	71940	24046	66		
Min	2146	0.9118	42.8	40.5	64379	22518	61		
Max	2400	0.9118	84.0	61.7	78453	27388	70		

Second Heavy Test With Fan below or [Go To Start](#)

## Second Heavy Test With Fan

Here, performance did not vary much but there was some CPU MHz throttling. Perhaps the official fan will avoid this and overcome observed undesirable power variations with the new 5 amps version

Test 11 FAN						Integer	Floating	OpenGL	VMSTAT
Second	MHz	Volts	CPU °C	PMIC °C	MB/sec	MFLOPS		FPS	Disk MB/s
0	2400	0.9118	41.7	38.8					
60	2400	0.9118	74.7	53.7	77484	26076	67	4.5	
120	2400	0.9118	81.8	58.7	82481	25011	72	42.3	
180	2400	0.9118	82.9	60.0	74579	26236	66	58.3	
240	2366	0.9118	81.8	60.1	69930	23368	63	57.7	
300	2311	0.9118	83.4	60.5	76266	22233	68	57.9	
360	2311	0.9118	83.4	60.7	72493	25286	66	58.7	
420	2311	0.9118	82.3	61.0	67909	23927	70	57.9	
480	2311	0.9118	83.4	60.8	73526	25794	63	57.6	
540	2256	0.9118	83.4	61.0	74888	26551	67	57.9	
600	2366	0.9118	82.9	61.0	74110	23912	66	57.4	
660	2256	0.9118	82.9	61.1	75024	25414	65	57.6	
720	2256	0.9118	82.9	61.0	59602	25025	65	59.1	
780	2256	0.9118	83.4	61.0	67930	22907	65	57.1	
840	2256	0.9118	84.0	61.0	71962	24011	67	58.2	
900	2366	0.9118	83.4	61.0	61490	24333	68	58.1	
960	2311	0.9118	82.3	61.1	63462	22888	65	58.2	
1020	2256	0.9118	83.4	61.0	67540	25537	68	57.3	
1080	2256	0.9118	82.9	61.0	70804	23791	66	57.8	
1140	2400	0.9118	83.4	61.0	71113	22011	64	57.5	
1200	2256	0.9118	82.3	61.4	77050	23111	70	58.7	
1260	2311	0.9118	83.4	61.0	73053	24148	63	57.7	
1320	2256	0.9118	82.3	60.9	74469	23307	66	57.6	
1380	2256	0.9118	83.4	61.2	72160	22726	66	58.2	
1440	2256	0.9118	82.3	60.9	73994	24276	66	59.5	
1500	2256	0.9118	83.4	61.0	72659	22260	67	56.9	
1560	2256	0.9118	82.9	61.2	74870	21866	68	57.8	
1620	2256	0.9118	83.4	61.0	76735	23945	66	57.5	
1680	2201	0.9118	83.4	60.9	70727	20594	66	57.6	
1740	2311	0.9118	83.4	61.2	65023	24760	63	123.7	
1800	1500	0.7950	64.2	55.4	70479	24786	60	158.3	
Average	2276	0.9080	80.8	59.7	71794	24003	66		
Min	1500	0.7950	41.7	38.8	59602	20594	60		
Max	2400	0.9118	84.0	61.4	82481	26551	72		

Second below or [Go To Start](#)

Firefox, Bluetooth and YouTube

Whilst looking at numbers for this report and other things, I had movies playing via the readily accessible YouTube at 1080p HD for a few hours. YouTube was accessed via Firefox with Bluetooth sound played on a rechargeable speaker. Examples of MHz, Volts and Temperatures, with ondemand frequency scaling, were :

```
Start at Fri Aug 25 10:33:03 2023

Using 361 samples at 10 second intervals

Seconds
  0.0   ARM MHz=1500, core volt=0.9065V, CPU temp=47.2°C, pmic temp=42.3°C
 10.0   ARM MHz=2400, core volt=0.9065V, CPU temp=48.3°C, pmic temp=42.5°C
 20.1   ARM MHz=2400, core volt=0.9065V, CPU temp=48.3°C, pmic temp=42.3°C
 30.2   ARM MHz=2400, core volt=0.9065V, CPU temp=48.8°C, pmic temp=42.7°C

1028.3  ARM MHz=1500, core volt=0.9065V, CPU temp=43.9°C, pmic temp=40.7°C
1038.4  ARM MHz=2400, core volt=0.9065V, CPU temp=46.6°C, pmic temp=41.0°C
```

Pi 5 bluetooth sound levels were not loud enough for me. They were significantly louder from a side by side Pi 400. This was from Youtube movies and local music from VLC media player.

Pi 5 The Vector Processor below or [Go To Start](#)

## Pi 5 The Vector Processor including whetv64SPg12 and whetv64DPg12

During the 1980s and early 90s I was responsible for evaluating and acceptance testing of supercomputers for the UK government and those centrally funded for universities. For multiple user development the latter were particularly interested in vector versus scalar performance. I converted my Fortran scalar Whetstone benchmark to one where every test function could vectorize, with a default vector length of 256 words.

The vector version was finely tuned, hands on, on Cray 1 serial 1 that was at Didcot Rutherford Laboratory for a time. First real use was during factory and site trials of the first UK full scale Cray 1. Next was the first CDC Cyber 205 and last was attending user benchmark tests in Japan for ULCC at NEC and Fujitsu, where my benchmarks were also run.

I recompiled the scalar and vector C Whetstone benchmarks on the Pi 5, using gcc 12. The scalar results were effectively the same as those from gcc 8, quoted earlier in this topic. Results for the single and double precision vector version were as follows. Note that the N5 and N8 tests, with functions (both executed at DP) mainly determine the final rating.

The gcc 12 vector benchmark was also run on the Pi 4, to compare like with like. Then, for the three main MFLOPS measurements, the Pi 5 was effectively 3.1 times faster for both single and double precision operation. For both systems, double precision MFLOPS results were effectively half those at single precision, as expected with SIMD vector operation.

Pi 4 GCC 12 SP  
Whetstone Vector Benchmark gcc 12 64 Bit Single Precision, Sun Dec 10 17:42:10 2023

Loop content	Result	MFLOPS	MOPS	Seconds
N1 floating point	-1.13316142559051	2387		0.4
N2 floating point	-1.13312149047851	2407		2.8
N3 if then else	1.00000000000000		7428	0.7
N4 fixed point	12.00000000000000		1736	9.0
N5 sin,cos etc.	0.49998238682747		79	52.2
N6 floating point	0.99999982118607	2577		10.4
N7 assignments	3.00000000000000		10223	0.9
N8 exp,sqrt etc.	0.75002217292786		78	23.7
MWIPS		4955		100.0

Pi 4 GCC 12 DP  
Whetstone Vector Benchmark gcc 12 64 Bit Double Precision, Sun Dec 10 17:47:48 2023

Loop content	Result	MFLOPS	MOPS	Seconds
N1 floating point	-1.13314558088707	1164		0.7
N2 floating point	-1.13310306766606	1173		4.9
N3 if then else	1.00000000000000		7424	0.6
N4 fixed point	12.00000000000000		1735	7.8
N5 sin,cos etc.	0.49998080312724		76	47.0
N6 floating point	0.99999988868927	1295		18.0
N7 assignments	3.00000000000000		5325	1.5
N8 exp,sqrt etc.	0.75002006515491		83	19.4
MWIPS		4314		100.0

Pi 5 GCC 12 SP  
Whetstone Vector Benchmark gcc 12 64 Bit Single Precision, Sat Oct 7 10:46:30 2023

Loop content	Result	MFLOPS	MOPS	Seconds	Pi 5/4
N1 floating point	-1.13316142559051	7393		0.3	3.10
N2 floating point	-1.13312149047851	7365		2.0	3.06
N3 if then else	1.00000000000000		14169	0.8	1.91
N4 fixed point	12.00000000000000		2399	14.5	1.38
N5 sin,cos etc.	0.49998238682747		177	51.7	2.24
N6 floating point	0.99999982118607	8079		7.4	3.13
N7 assignments	3.00000000000000		26419	0.8	2.58
N8 exp,sqrt etc.	0.75002217292786		178	23.0	2.29
MWIPS		10975		100.3	2.21

Pi 5 GCC 12 DP  
Whetstone Vector Benchmark gcc 12 64 Bit Double Precision, Sat Oct 7 10:50:40 2023

Loop content	Result	MFLOPS	MOPS	Seconds	Pi 5/4
N1 floating point	-1.13314558088707	3603		0.5	3.10
N2 floating point	-1.13310306766606	3620		3.6	3.09
N3 if then else	1.00000000000000		14168	0.7	1.91
N4 fixed point	12.00000000000000		2399	12.9	1.38
N5 sin,cos etc.	0.49998080312724		172	47.5	2.25
N6 floating point	0.99999988868927	3998		13.3	3.09
N7 assignments	3.00000000000000		13172	1.4	2.47
N8 exp,sqrt etc.	0.75002006515491		183	20.0	2.21
MWIPS		9830		99.9	2.28

Example Of Vector Instructions Compiled below or [Go To Start](#)

Example Of Vector Instructions Compiled

These are for the first single precision test function for what is probably the key part. Maximum speed of operation would be a long sequence of fused multiply and add or subtract instructions (fmla or fmls) that can produce 8 results per clock cycle for each linked vector pipeline. The disassembled code has too many non-arithmetic instructions, resulting in just over 3 operations per clock cycle on the Pi 5.

```
L11:  add    x0, x0, 16
      ldr    q4, [x0, -16]
      ldr    q0, [x0, 4816]
      ldr    q9, [x0, 9648]
      fadd   v4.4s, v0.4s, v4.4s
      ldr    q8, [x0, 14480]
      fadd   v4.4s, v4.4s, v9.4s
      fsub   v4.4s, v4.4s, v8.4s
      fmla   v0.4s, v1.4s, v4.4s
      fsub   v0.4s, v0.4s, v9.4s
      fadd   v0.4s, v0.4s, v8.4s
      fmul   v0.4s, v0.4s, v1.4s
      fneg   v2.4s, v0.4s
      mov    v5.16b, v0.16b
      mov    v3.16b, v0.16b
      fmla   v2.4s, v1.4s, v4.4s
      fmls   v5.4s, v1.4s, v4.4s
      fmla   v3.4s, v1.4s, v4.4s
      fadd   v2.4s, v2.4s, v9.4s
      mov    v4.16b, v5.16b
      fadd   v2.4s, v2.4s, v8.4s
      fmla   v4.4s, v2.4s, v1.4s
      fmla   v3.4s, v2.4s, v1.4s
      fadd   v4.4s, v4.4s, v8.4s
      fmls   v3.4s, v4.4s, v1.4s
      fmul   v3.4s, v3.4s, v1.4s
      fadd   v0.4s, v3.4s, v0.4s
      str    q3, [x0, -16]
      fmls   v0.4s, v2.4s, v1.4s
      fmla   v0.4s, v4.4s, v1.4s
      fmul   v0.4s, v0.4s, v1.4s
      fsub   v5.4s, v3.4s, v0.4s
      str    q0, [x0, 4816]
      fsub   v0.4s, v0.4s, v3.4s
      mov    v3.16b, v5.16b
      fmla   v3.4s, v2.4s, v1.4s
      mov    v2.16b, v3.16b
      fmla   v2.4s, v4.4s, v1.4s
      fmul   v2.4s, v2.4s, v1.4s
      fadd   v0.4s, v0.4s, v2.4s
      str    q2, [x0, 9648]
      fmla   v0.4s, v4.4s, v1.4s
      fmul   v0.4s, v0.4s, v1.4s
      str    q0, [x0, 14480]
      cmp    x0, x22
      bne    .L11
```

Comparison With Old Supercomputers

Following are Scalar and Vector Whetstone benchmark results for the original supercomputers. In the 1980s they provided a useful tool in confirming the choice for university work in dealing with multiple user access, typically with programs containing 90% vectorisable code. Then the choices depended on scalar versus vector performance and multiple processors versus multiple pipelines.

Pi 5 results are included and can look good on a per MHz basis. See the next page for comparisons, including for the benchmark originally used to validate performance of the first Cray 1 supercomputer.

		Scalar		Vector		Vector	
	MHz	MWIPS	MFLOPS	MWIPS	MFLOPS	/Scalar	DATE
Cray 1	80	16.2	5.9	98	47	8.0	1978
CDC Cyber 205	50	11.9	4.9	161	57	11.7	1981
Cray XMP1	118	30.3	11.0	313	151	13.7	1982
Cray 2/1	244	25.8	N/A	425	N/A		1984
Amdahl VP 500 #	143	21.7	7.5	250	103	13.8	1984
Amdahl VP 1100 #	143	21.7	7.5	374	146	19.5	1984
Amdahl VP 1200 #	143	21.7	7.5	581	264	35.3	1984
IBM 3090-150 VP	54	12.1	4.9	60	17	3.6	1986
(CDC) ETA 10E	95	15.7	6.5	335	124	19.2	1987
Cray YMP1	154	31.0	12.0	449	195	16.3	1987
Fujitsu VP-2400/4	312	71.7	25.4	1828	794	31.3	1991
NEC SX-3/11	345	42.9	17.0	1106	441	25.9	1991
NEC SX-3/12	345	42.9	17.0	1667	753	44.3	1991
# Fujitsu Systems							
Raspberry Pi 5 SP	2400	5843	1206	10986	7599	6.3	2023
Raspberry Pi 5 DP	2400	N/A	N/A	9816	3731	3.1	2023

## PC and Pi Performance Comparisons

The following results are for the original [Classic Benchmarks](#), comprising Livermore Loops, Linpack 100 and Whetstone applications, for PCs from 1991 and the Pi 5. They tended to be produced by the latest compiler version, available at the time. These probably represent best case Pi 5 comparative performance, mainly better than the Core i5 CPU on a per MHz basis.

To be fair, the later MP-MFLOPS results, included below, reflect the other extreme via SIMD vector performance. However, my present compiling procedures might be confusing for a newbie. For the Pi 5, compiling parameters for all programs used were -O3 and -march=armv8-a for optimisation level 3 using armv8-a architecture. For Intel the method I adopted requires inclusion of compile directives for such as SSE, AVX, AVX2 or AVX512.

For those who only consider maximum performance, the Intel based PC MP-MFLOPS speeds are indicated as being far superior. But on a MFLOPS per MHz basis, the Pi 5 results were between Intel SSE and AVX measurements. Considering these and repeated runs, the Core i5 CPUs (on a laptop in this case) appear to be running at a lower MHz, using 4 threads or more.

Given an application mainly running 4 core vector MP-MFLOPS type code and a much smaller part executing the slow Whetstone scalar MFLOPS type functions, the Pi 5 can appear to be faster than that Core i5 PC. This is shown in the example (tongue in cheek) performance calculations shown below. Note the Pi 5 / Cray 1 comparisons, particularly Livermore Loops results, the benchmark originally run to validate required performance of the first Cray 1 system. Here, Gmean MFLOPS was the official average, where the Raspberry Pi 5 is indicated as being 194 times faster.

										LOOPS Gmean
CPU	MHz	LLLOOPS	MFLOPS	MFLOPS	MWIPS	MFLOPS	Device	MFLOPS		
Main Columns	V	Max	Gmean	Min	Linpack	Whets	Whets	per MHz		
			V		V		V			
Cray 1	80	82.1	11.9	1.2	27	16.2	6.0	1978	0.15	
Windows or Linux PCs										
AMD 80386	40	1.2	0.6	0.2	0.5	5.7	0.8	1991	0.02	
80486 DX2	66	4.9	2.7	0.7	2.6	15	3.3	1992	0.04	
Pentium	75	24	7.7	1.3	7.6	48	11	1994	0.10	
Pentium	100	34	12	2.1	12	66	16	1994	0.12	
Pentium	200	66	22	3.8		132	31	1996	0.11	
AMD K6	200	68	22	2.7	23	124	26	1997	0.11	
Pentium Pro	200	121	34	3.6	49	161	41	1995	0.17	
Pentium II	300	177	51	5.5	48	245	61	1997	0.17	
AMD K62	500	172	55	6.0	46	309	67	1999	0.11	
Pentium III	450	267	77	8.3	62	368	92	1999	0.17	
Pentium 4	1700	1043	187	19	382	603	146	2002	0.11	
Athlon Tbird	1000	1124	201	23	373	769	161	2000	0.20	
Core 2	1830	1650	413	40	998	1557	374	2007	0.23	
Core i5	2300	2326	438	35	1065	1813	428	2009	0.19	
Athlon 64	2150	2484	447	48	812	1720	355	2005	0.21	
Phenom II	3000	3894	644	64	1413	2145	424	2009	0.21	
Core i7 930	3066	2751	732	68	1765	2496	576	2010	0.24	
Core i7 4820K	3900	5508	1108	88	2680	3114	716	2013	0.28	
Core i5 1135G7	4150	7505	1387	92	3541	3293	802	2021	0.33	
Linux PCs AVX New Compiler										
Core i7 4820K	3900	12878	2615	597	5098	5887	1174	2013	0.67	
Core i5 1135G7	4150	19794	3568	943	6998	6477	1077	2021	0.86	
Raspberry Pi	700	140	55	17	42	271	94	2013	0.08	
Raspberry Pi 2B	900	248	115	42	120	525	244	2015	0.13	
Raspberry Pi 3B	1200	436	184	56	180	725	324	2016	0.15	
Raspberry Pi 4B	1500	1861	679	180	957	1883	415	2019	0.35	
Raspberry Pi 4B 64b	1500	2491	730	212	1060	2269	476	2019	0.35	
Raspberry Pi 5 64b	2400	10577	2308	734	4136	5843	1206	2023	0.96	
Core i5 / Pi 5	1.73	1.87	1.55	1.28	1.69	1.11	0.89		0.90	
Pi 5 / Cray 1	30	129	194	612	153	361	201			
#####										
MP-MFLOPS		-----MFLOPS-----				-----MFLOPS/MHz-----				
Threads	MHz	1	2	4	8	1	2	4	8	
Core i7 SSE	3900	23355	46883	88776	119313	6.0	12.0	22.8	30.6	
Core i7 AVX	3900	45459	91277	172443	184765	11.7	23.4	44.2	47.4	
Core i5 SSE	4150	33273	64727	86194	119426	8.0	15.6	20.8	28.8	
Core i5 AVX	4150	64946	128515	153955	225265	15.6	31.0	37.1	54.3	
Core i5 AVX512	4150	94417	185785	324870	325915	22.8	44.8	78.3	78.5	
Pi 5	2400	21519	42488	80947	85086	9.0	17.7	33.7	35.5	

#####  
Performance Calculations

i5 SSE		i5 AVX		Pi 5	
MOPS	MFLOPS	secs	MFLOPS	secs	MFLOPS
5000	1077	4.64	1077	4.64	1206
50000	86194	0.58			80947
50000	153955		0.32		
Total		5.22	4.96		4.77

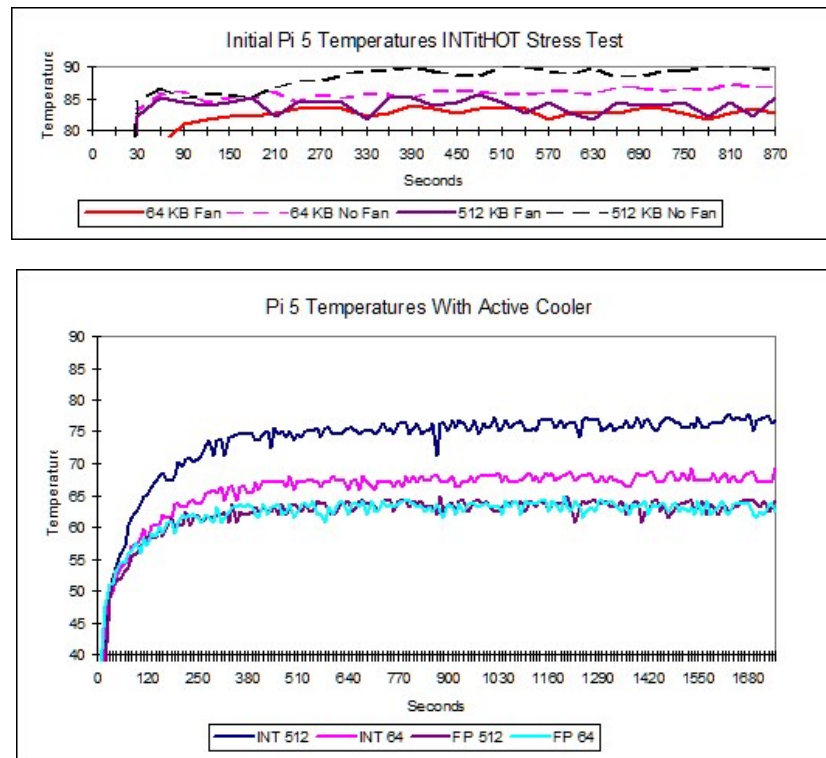
## New 5 Amps Power Supply and Active Cooler

### CPU Stress Tests

The fan on my new active cooler did not spin, I might have broken the JST connection on trying to insert the fiddly little thing. However, I have run some stress tests by plonking my cheap old Pi 4 fan on top of the dead new one. That and the new heatsink appear to do a good job and might be recommended as a useful backup arrangement.

Below are temperature graphs of my earlier integer and floating point tests using 64 KB and 512 KB of data. Maximum 4 thread performance was 73 GFLOPS for both floating point tests. For integers it was 240 GB/second at 64 KB then 160 GB/second at 512 KB, the latter being the hottest with data transfers reading from L2 cache as opposed to L1 at 64 KB.

The (part) active cooler graph indicates less than 80°C for all measurements, others demonstrating constant maximum CPU MHz and performance. The other graph only covers the integer tests, with and without the old Pi 4 fan. Then, using 64 KB with the fan, CPU MHz throttling was just about avoided. On running without an operational fan, it is commendable that the Pi 5 can continue running at those high temperatures, where throttled performance can be demonstrated that it is far superior to that from a super cooled Pi 4.



Heavy System Stress Test next or [Go To Start](#)

Heavy System Stress Test

This is a repeat of [the above](#), comprising INTitHOT64g12, with 2 threads at 64 KB, MP-FPUSstress64g12 with 2 threads at 512 KB, burnindrive264g12 to a PC via Ethernet, burnindrive264g12 to a USB 3 disk drive and videogl64C12. They were run with the Active Cooler enabled, initially using the new 5 amps power supply, then controlled by the 4 amps PoE arrangement. The two drive MB/second results are reading speeds, the second being for repetitive reading of the same blocks, representing bus speed where the drive has a buffer.

There were some differences in results of the two sessions at 5 amps, but nothing unusual for a mixed workload. The first test at 4 amps failed, as earlier, with disk reading errors being recorded, this time after 100 seconds. The second one at 4 amps ran successfully, essentially providing the same levels of performance as those at 5 amps. For the first 4 amps test, benchmark results, that were recorded, indicated slower performance.

There were noticeable differences in measured power where the input level was less than 5 volts, using the 4 amps supply. For some inexplicable reason, the failed test input current recording was particularly low.

An additional test was run excluding the floating point program, using the 4 amps power supply and 512 KB data size for INTitHOT via 4 threads. The latter is slower than at 64 KB but requiring a higher amperage and CPU temperature. Higher USB voltage might have helped in avoiding disk errors.

			INT		MP					CPU	PMIC	OpenGL	Drive	LAN
Volts		Amps		MB/sec	MFLOPS	MHz	Volts	°C	°C	FPS	MB/s	MB/s		
5A Supply														
Power	5.15	2.38	Min	62371	19494	2400	0.8833	37.8	40.0	59.0	52.8	35.1		
USB	4.92	0.53	Avg	75234	24713	2400	0.8833	63.5	62.4	64.4	117.7	36.7		
			Max	89243	28868	2400	0.8833	67.5	65.0	68.0				
Repeat														
			Min	63097	23625	2400	0.8833	38.4	40.1	60.0	58.5	28.6		
			Avg	77075	25451	2400	0.8833	64.4	62.8	66.4	159.1	31.7		
			Max	89625	27352	2400	0.8833	68.6	66.0	71.0				
4A Supply														
Power	4.88	1.98	Min	56159	18062	2400	0.7200	37.3	37.9	44.0	N/A	31.3		
USB	4.71	0.54	Avg	63134	20087	2400	0.8567	51.5	49.9	56.6	N/A	N/A		
FAILED				Max	69947	23773	2400	0.8840	59.8	57.2	70.0			
Repeat														
Power	4.84	2.39	Min	63472	22513	2400	0.8840	37.8	39.5	59.0	52.6	30.1		
USB	4.71	0.54	Avg	76104	25127	2400	0.8840	59.4	58.4	64.7	159.0	32.2		
			Max	84488	27214	2400	0.8840	62.6	60.7	70.0				
4A Supply														
Power	5.07	2.74	Min	95040		2400	0.8833	35.1	38.6	50.0	57.3	28.6		
USB	4.81	0.53	Avg	100302		2400	0.8833	65.0	64.3	61.9	156.8	31.4		
			Max	104684		2400	0.8833	69.2	67.2	66.0				

Solid State Hard Drive next or [Go To Start](#)

Solid State Hard Drive

I obtained another Pi 5 at the same time as the 5 amps power supply and active cooler. I had overstressed the original board creating a irrecoverable hardware failure. This occurred on plugging in a new Solid State Drive, where tests indicated power supply irregularities. It is a SanDisk 1TB Extreme Portable SSD, USB-C USB 3.2 Gen 2, External NVMe Solid State Drive up to 1050 MB/s, now with FAT32 and Ext3 partitions. I quite rightly completed all other proposed tests before returning to those for the SSD, this time with the active cooler in use.

I repeated the last heavy stress test via both the 5 amps and 4 amps power supplies. The results indicate around a 10% increase in USB current, with slightly faster operation at 4 amps but at a higher temperature. A few more runs would be required to determine the truth.

With these particular drives, SSD reading speed was around 2.45 times faster.

	Volts	Amps		INT MB/sec	MP MFLOPS	MHz	Volts	CPU °C	PMIC °C	OpenGL FPS	Drive MB/s
5A Supply SSD											
Power	5.12	2.74	Min	94755		2400	0.8838	36.7	40.2	60.0	146.7
USB	4.80	0.59	Avg	96325		2400	0.8838	64.8	64.6	64.7	166.1
			Max	109008		2400	0.8838	68.6	68.3	69.0	
4A Supply SSD											
Power	5.12	2.95	Min	109197		2400	0.8830	38.4	41.7	64.0	148.5
USB	4.84	0.59	Avg	111188		2400	0.8830	67.7	67.9	67.2	168.4
			Max	119425		2400	0.8830	71.9	71.1	70.0	

DriveSpeed and LanSpeed I/O Benchmarks

As indicated [I/O above](#), there are two varieties of the original drive benchmark, DriveSpeed using Direct I/O and LANSpeed without that option. The former would not run via 64 bit OS software and extra large files have to be selected to avoid caching data using the latter.

First of the following results is for LanSpeed using Ext3 formatted files where one of the 4096 MB files appears to have been partially cached and not identified in vmstat sampling. Note that USB power consumption was up to 640 mA at 5.14 volts.

The second details are partial results running DriveSpeed on a FAT32 partition, where writing large files was slower than during the Ext3 test but similar on reading. The main observation is the exceptionally slow speed on handling small files, particularly on writing. Partition size was around 500 GB.

[New Benchmark Large Files](#) above indicates best USB 3 hard drive results like 30 MB/second writing and 310 MB/second reading. Results for that benchmark on the SSD were around 165 and 415 MB/second respectively.

```
LanSpeed RasPi 64 Bit gcc 8 Tue Dec 26 12:49:03 2023

Selected File Path: /media/raspberrypi/Ext3/ Total MB 491955, Free MB 491955

      MBytes/Second
MB  Write1  Write2  Write3  Read1  Read2  Read3
4096 491.86 393.63 360.86 416.77 937.70 420.40
8192 407.49 364.13 365.28 579.91 412.14 411.16

Random      Read      Write
From MB      4      8      16      4      8      16
msecs      0.002  0.002  0.002  0.52  0.49  0.48

200 Files      Write      Read      Delete
File KB      4      8      16      4      8      16      secs
MB/sec      139.48  34.81 100.02 479.48 558.20 1353.81
ms/file      0.03  0.24  0.16  0.01  0.01  0.01  0.019

End of test Tue Dec 26 12:52:22 2023

procs -----memory----- ---swap-- -----io----- -system-- -----cpu-----
r  b  swpd   free  buff  cache   si  so    bi    bo    in  cs  us  sy  id  wa  st
1  3    0 6805744 182608 752752    0  0      0 413554 3775 2544  0 22 46 31  0
2  2    0 6805744 182608 752752    0  0      0 401661 6715 8275  0 18 32 50  0
1  3    0 6805744 182608 752752    0  0     123 382200 4824 5126  0 20 32 48  0
1  3    0 6805744 182608 752752    0  0      13 332742 4379 4918  0 18 27 55  0
1  3    0 6805744 182608 752752    0  0      66 363967 4509 4615  0 17 47 36  0
2  2    0 6805744 182608 752752    0  0      46 345998 6905 9378  0 17 45 38  0
2  0    0 6805744 182608 752752    0  0    85870 272317 4082 4434  0  4 55 41  0
1  1    0 6805744 182608 752752    0  0   409245      0 3435  648  0  5 73 21  0
1  1    0 6805744 182608 752752    0  0   381261      0 3076  616  0  5 74 20  0
1  1    0 6805744 182608 752752    0  0   406957      3 3332  846  0  5 74 21  0
2  0    0 6805744 182608 752752    0  0   414537      1 3147  597  0  5 74 21  0
```

```
DriveSpeed RasPi 64 Bit gcc 8 Tue Dec 26 12:33:43 2023 /media/raspberrypi/FAT32/

      MBytes/Second
MB  Write1  Write2  Write3  Read1  Read2  Read3
1024 194.07 198.99 218.42 426.35 426.37 425.99

200 Files      Write      Read      Delete
File KB      4      8      16      4      8      16      secs
ms/file      104.09 104.07 104.07  0.14  0.21  0.12  0.052
```